COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Prepared by:

Kris Newton Director of Finance

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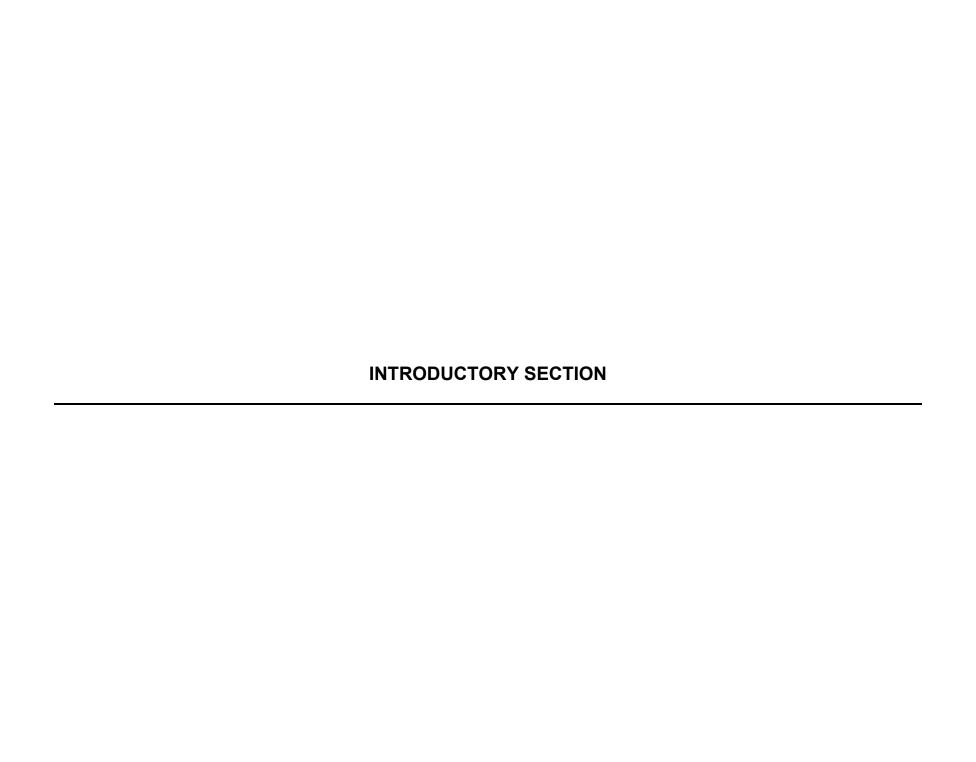
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City of Albany

Post Office Box 447
Albany, Georgia
31702-0447

December 20, 2012

To the Honorable Mayor and Members Of the City Commission City of Albany, Georgia

I am pleased to submit the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the City of Albany, Georgia (the "City") for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. The Finance Department is responsible for preparing this report. Management is responsible for the content of the report, accuracy of the presented data, and completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures. We believe the data, as presented, is accurate in all material respects. This belief is based on a comprehensive system of internal controls for this purpose. The objective is to provide reasonable, rather that absolute, assurance that the financial statements are free of any material misstatements. Therefore, it is presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the City as measured by the financial activity of its various funds, and all disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain maximum understanding of the City's financial affairs.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC, Certified Public Accountants, have issued an unqualified opinion on the City of Albany's financial statements for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2012. The independent auditor's report is located at the beginning of the financial section of this report.

Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A will complement this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

PROFILE OF GOVERNMENT

Situated in the Plantation Trace region, Albany is the primary trade center for Southwest Georgia. It is the county seat for Dougherty County, Georgia. Incorporated in 1841, the city lies at the head of the Flint River, 145 miles south of Atlanta and 95 miles north of Tallahassee, Florida. The city was laid out in 1836 by Alexander Shotwell and named for Albany, New York. The City of Albany and Dougherty County enjoy a good working relationship. As of the 2010 Census, the population of Albany was 77,434.¹

Albany has developed a diversified industrial economy, which includes companies such as Proctor & Gamble, Miller/Coors, and Masterfoods. The chief farm products are cotton, peanuts, corn, and tobacco, and to a lesser extent, paper-shell pecans and forest products.

The City of Albany was originally incorporated by an Act of the General Assembly of Georgia on December 27, 1838, and has operated under the Commission-Manager form of government since January 14, 1924. The seven-member commission consists of a Mayor elected at large and six Commissioners elected on a ward basis. The Commission appoints the City Manager, City Clerk, Assistant City Clerk, City Attorney, Assistant City Attorney, Municipal Court Judge, City Solicitor, and Public Defender. The City Manager is the Chief Executive Officer (CEO) charged with the enforcement of the laws and ordinances passed by the Commission. The Commission also appoints members to various Boards, Authorities, and other Commissions.

This report includes all funds and account groups of the primary government (City of Albany), as well as all of its component units. Component units are legally separate entities for which the primary government is financially accountable. The Water, Gas and Light Commission of Albany, the Chehaw Park Authority, and the Albany-Dougherty Inner City Authority (ADICA) are independent entities whose financial stability relates to the City's financial health and, accordingly, they have been included as part of the City's reporting entity. The City provides a full range of services including police and fire protection; solid waste services; road maintenance, streets, storm and sanitary sewers; and recreational activities and cultural events. In addition to these general governmental activities, the City has a transit system, cemetery, airport, civic center, and golf course.

¹Source: Albany Chamber of Commerce www.albanyga.us

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City of Albany is the county seat of Dougherty County and serves as the distribution, retail and wholesale trade, communication, and medical center for southwest Georgia, a seven county area. In October 2005, Dougherty County was designated as "Entrepreneur Friendly Community" by the State of Georgia.

It is anticipated that it will take several years for the state's economy to recover from the recent recession. Georgia was affected somewhat worse than other states by the recession. This is due primarily to an overdependence on homebuilding. It is anticipated that the manufacturing sector will continue to lose jobs, but at much slower rate. Manufacturing sub-sectors with the best immediate prospects for job growth - or at least job stability - include wood products, nonmetallic mineral products, and transportation equipment. Once the housing market begins to rebound, retiree-based economic development will be an increasingly important factor in Georgia growth.

Albany will see improvements in its local economy more slowly than other areas of the state. Despite this, the City of Albany has managed to maintain normal operations through judicious use of the strong fund balance and the cash reserves we accumulated prior to the economic downturn. This has been possible because management has imposed stringent budget controls and continuous financial monitoring.

The State of Georgia and many local governments have had to eliminate positions during FY 2012 due to continuing budget difficulties. The City of Albany did not eliminate positions nor enact any furloughs in FY 2012; however, the City Manager carefully scrutinizes every hiring decision before it is made to keep headcount under control.

The City Commission adopted formal financial policies in FY11, which have helped to provide structure and guidance as we move forward toward fiscal recovery. The thorough discussion that preceded the adoption of these policies created a common language and reference points that will make financial discussions among staff and both elected and appointed officials more productive.

For higher education, Albany has two hometown colleges, a progressive technical college, and a job corps center. Albany State University is a senior unit of the University System of Georgia. With more than 40 major fields of study, the university offers undergraduate and graduate degree programs. The University maintains flexible scheduling for the growing number of non-traditional students. Darton College is a two-year unit of University System of Georgia. Students can pursue over 70 two-year transfer and career associate degrees. Albany Technical College is a unit of the Georgia Department of Technical and Adult Education. Turner Job Corps Center also serves the Albany area as a fully accredited Vocational Education Institute, providing high quality academic and vocational training programs to prepare students (ages 16 – 24) to take their places in today's technical work force. Turner has over 20 vocational trades from which the 930-member student body may choose. The city is also served by 16 public elementary schools, 10 public secondary schools, 1 public alternative school and number of private schools.²

²Albany Chamber of Commerce, from <u>www.albanyga.com</u>

FIVE-YEAR STRATEGIC AND FINANCIAL PLAN

In 2005, Albany accepted the challenge of change management. The Mayor and Board of City Commissioners charged City staff with developing a comprehensive Five-Year Strategic and Financial Plan for the City of Albany. The City of Albany has committed itself to continually improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the organization. In an effort to maintain this commitment, the City Manager has agreed to update the City's Five-Year Strategic and Financial Plan periodically. The City's staff will perform this task on a biannual basis.

The City outlined six major goals during its most recent strategic plan update:

- Accountable, Efficient and Responsive Government
- Community and Economic Vitality
- · A Healthy, Livable and Sustainable Albany
- Managed Growth and Infrastructure
- Public Safety: A Safe and Prepared Community
- Transportation Mobility and Connectivity

The City Manager incorporated proven measurement and management practices and tools that addressed improving the services provided to its citizens as well as maintaining responsible control of revenues and expenditures without sacrificing quality customer service. To accomplish the goals, two practices were implemented for use by all departments that would put the plans into action and assist in allocating task and responsibilities.

The first practice is project management. Project development, resource allocation, and progress for major City projects are systematically documented. Project managers meet with the City Manager regularly to discuss the progress of each project.

The second practice is staff performance measurement. The City Manager, as well as senior management, believes that every employee should know how their employer rates their performance. The City also affirms that every employee should make a positive contribution to the organization. Each staff member's performance is documented and monitored on a routine basis. Performance evaluations are conducted for every City staff member at least twice a year.

The City uses two software packages for managing these new practices-Microsoft Project and Performance Pro. These packages have been adopted and have transformed the culture throughout the organization. Training is ongoing for the tools and employees' proficiency is steadily improving.

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax V - The City of Albany and Dougherty County entered into an intergovernmental sales tax agreement and in November 2004, voters approved the referendum to continue the 1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST). The amount to be collected from the sales and use tax between April 1, 2005 and March 31, 2011 was estimated to be \$108 million. Sixty-two percent, or \$65.87 million, of those funds was allocated for City administered projects and non-profit organizations, some of which have not been completed at this printing. The City of Albany projects funded through SPLOST V included: \$5.5 million Civic Center debt retirement, \$2.56 million Civic Center infrastructure improvements, \$1.7 million Airport improvement, \$6.8 million upgrade to the 800 MHz radio and tower, \$6.81 million for road improvements, \$4.65 million Public Safety equipment and training facility, \$3.14 million for the Recreation Master Plan and facility renovations, \$1.75 million traffic improvements and GIS aerial photography, and disparity study for \$350,000. Also included are projects for community organizations and other capital purchases and improvements: \$2 million to the Chehaw Wild Animal Park Authority, \$3.5 million for the

Thronateeska Heritage Center improvements, \$3.57 million to the Albany Civil Rights Museum, and \$8.65 million for Riverfront Park. Most projects for this SPLOST series are complete. Therefore, spending should decrease until the end of this SPLOST series.

Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax VI - The City of Albany and Dougherty County entered into an intergovernmental sales tax agreement and in November 2010, voters approved the referendum to continue the 1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax (SPLOST). The amount to be collected from the sales and use tax between April 1, 2011 and March 31, 2017 is estimated to be \$98 million. Sixty-four percent, or \$62.72 million, of those funds is to be used for City administered projects and non-profit organizations. The City of Albany projects to be funded through SPLOST VI include: \$3.99 million Airport improvements, \$8.5 million Pump Station and Sewer improvements, \$7 million Broad Avenue Bridge, \$7 million Street and Storm Water improvements, \$1 million Sidewalk replacements, \$3.68 million Alley Paving and improvements, \$9.08 million Public Safety equipment and upgrades, \$4.38 million Transit improvements, and \$3.75 million Recreational improvements. Also included are projects for community organizations and other capital purchases and improvements: \$1.75 million to the Chehaw Wild Animal Park Authority and \$2 million for the Thronateeska Heritage Center improvements. A complete list of the projects and further details regarding the program is available at www.albany.ga.us.

Total revenue generated for fiscal year 2012 for SPLOST programs was \$11.5 million with expenditures totaling \$4.2 million.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management of the City is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the City are protected from loss, theft, or misuse and to ensure that adequate accounting data are compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

BUDGETARY CONTROL

The City maintains budgetary controls, the objectives of which are to ensure compliance with Georgia law and administrative policy embodied in the annual appropriated budget duly approved by the City Commission in June of each year. Activities of the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt Service Fund are included in the annual appropriated budget. Long-range capital projects are included in the formal operating budget. Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve in the Capital Projects Funds, is used to maintain adequate cost controls.

CASH MANAGEMENT

Cash temporarily idle during the year was invested in interest-bearing demand deposits, certificates of deposits, and Merrill Lynch. All investments are collateralized as required by law. The Pension Fund assets are invested in common stocks, corporate bonds and U.S. Government securities. The City's investments, exclusive of the Pension Fund investments, are classified in the categories of lower credit risk as defined by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. All of the Pension Fund investments are held in the name of the City's agents for the beneficial ownership of the City of Albany's Pension Plan.

OTHER INFORMATION

Henry Gortatowsky willed to the City various properties from this estate in 1996. The funds remaining in the trust will go towards maintenance of these properties. The financial activity related to the Gortatowsky trust is reported as a special revenue fund.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with governmental financial reporting guidelines issued by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada and generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental entities. The City requires an annual audit of all financial records and transactions of the City by an independent certified public accountant selected by the City's Mayor and Board of Commissioners. The accounting firm of Mauldin and Jenkins, LLC and their report on the basic financial statements and combining and individual fund statements and schedules is included in the financial section of this report. The auditor's reports on internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations can also be found in this report.

AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Albany, Georgia for its comprehensive annual financial reports for twenty-one consecutive fiscal years from 1991 to 2011. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award, recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of state and local government financial reports.

In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government unit must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such a comprehensive annual financial report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate award.

In addition, the City received the GFOA Distinguished Budget Award for the twentieth consecutive year. In order to receive this award, a governmental unit must publish a budget document that meets program criteria as a policy document, as an operating guide, as a financial guide, and as a communication device.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

We wish to acknowledge the outstanding accomplishment of the Finance Department staff in the preparation of this report. This document is the culmination of months of hard work and dedication. Additionally, we would like to thank all City departments for their positive attitudes toward budgetary responsibility, as well as other related entities who maintain the daily financial records upon which this report is based. Finally, we would like to thank the Mayor and Board of City Commissioners for their valuable contribution in its guidance of the financial affairs and support of the financial operations of the City.

Most of all, we thank the citizens of Albany for their trust, unselfish community involvement, and belief in making Albany an exciting place to live and work.

Respectfully submitted,

James L. Taylor City Manager

Krista M. Newton Director of Finance

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Albany Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual
Financial Report
for the Fiscal Year Ended
June 30, 2011

A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS JUNE 30, 2012

ELECTED

Dorothy Hubbard At Large Mayor

Jon B. Howard Ward I Commissioner

Ivey Hines Ward II Commissioner

Christopher Pike Ward III Commissioner

Roger B. Marietta Ward IV Commissioner

Robert B. Langstaff, Jr. Ward V Mayor Pro Tem/Commissioner

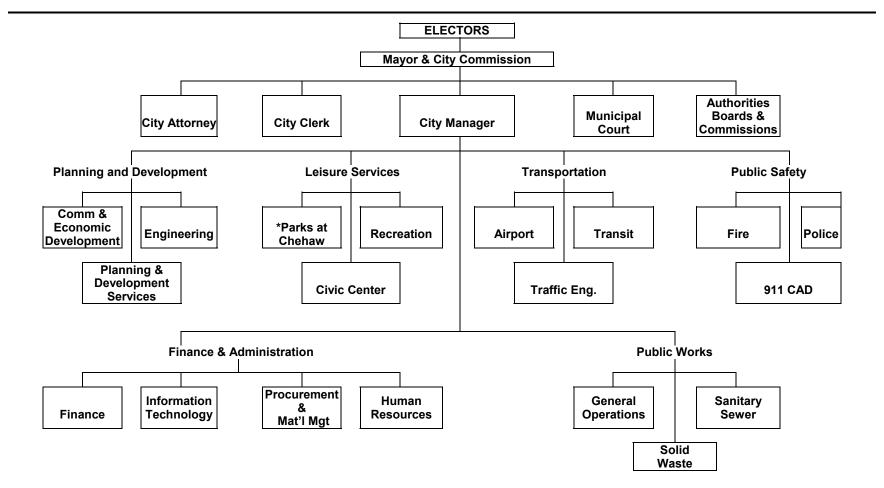
Tommie Postell Ward VI Commissioner

STAFF

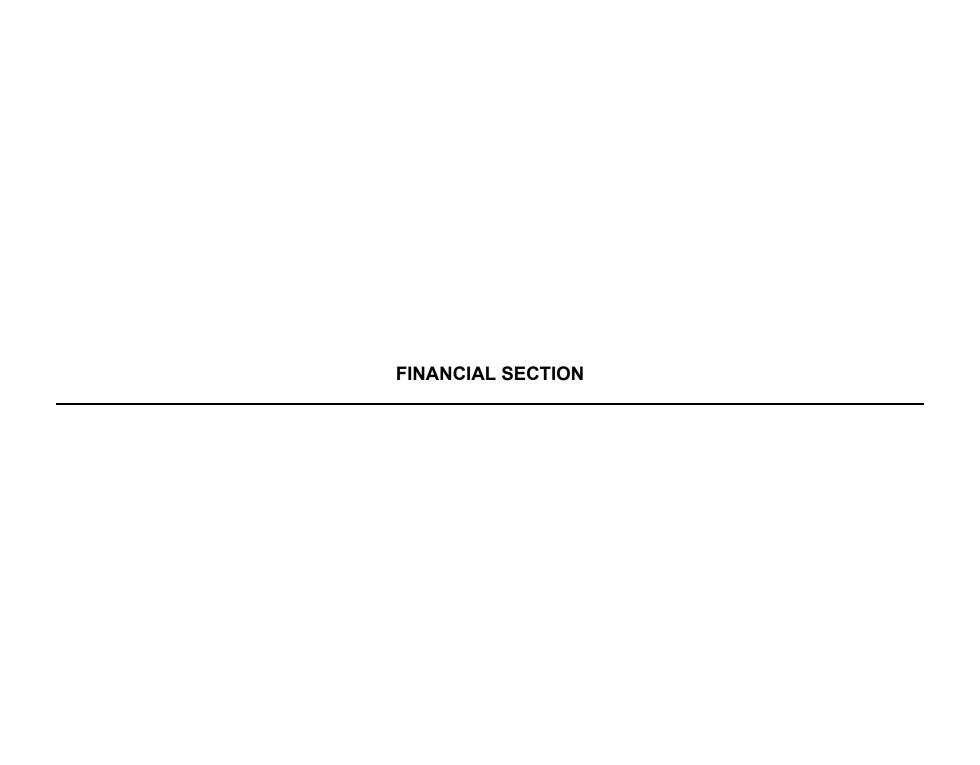
James L. Taylor City Manager

Krista M. Newton Director of Finance

ORGANIZATION CHART JUNE 30, 2012



^{*}The Parks at Chehaw falls under the parks authority and is shown here only as a representation of leisure services.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Albany, Georgia

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the **City of Albany**, **Georgia**, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City of Albany, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Albany, Georgia as of June 30, 2012, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the General Fund and Community Development Fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2012 on our consideration of the City of Albany, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and schedules of funding progress on pages 4 through 22 and pages 111 and 112 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Albany, Georgia's basic financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, and the statistical section are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia 48-8-121 and are also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

Macon, Georgia December 20, 2012

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

The City of Albany, Georgia's ("the City") Discussion and Analysis is designed to: (a) assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues; (b) provide an overview of the City's financial activity; (c) identify changes in the City's financial position; (d) identify any material deviations from the financial plan (the approved budget); and (e) identify individual fund issues or concerns.

Management's Discussion and Analysis ("The MD&A") is an element of the new reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments*, issued June 1999; and GASB Statement No. 37, *Basic Financial Statement – and Management Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments: Omnibus*, an amendment to GASB Statement No. 21 and No. 34, and Statement No. 38 *Certain Financial Statement Disclosures*, effective July 1, 2002.

The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the accompanying transmittal letter, the basic financial statements, and the accompanying notes to those financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Government wide Financial Statements

- At the close of the fiscal year, the assets of the City exceeded its liabilities by \$273,690,100. Of this amount, \$45,284,459 (16.5%) represents unrestricted net assets and may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the net assets of the City's *business-type activities* were \$118,189,192. This represented an increase of \$5,347,547 (4.5%) over the prior year's net asset balance for business-type activities.
- □ At the close of the current fiscal year, the net assets of the City's *governmental activities* were \$155,500,908. This represented a decrease of \$1,099,704 (0.7%) from the prior year's net asset balance for governmental activities.

Fund Financial Statements

- □ The General Fund, the chief operating fund of the City, had a total fund balance of \$22,346,597 as of June 30, 2012. Of this amount, \$20,869,545 (93.4%) was unassigned.
- □ The General Fund had revenues of \$55,376,287 for the current fiscal year. Of this amount, \$18,969,043 (34.3%) was from Intergovernmental Revenues, \$13,831,005 (25%) was from property taxes and \$8,874,041 (16%) was from sales taxes.

Debt Obligations

- □ Long-term debt obligations from primary governmental activities increased \$17,685,333 (47.1%), from \$19,843,523 at June 30, 2011, to \$37,528,856 at June 30, 2012.
- □ Long-term debt obligations from business type activities decreased \$2,055,488 (7.7%), from \$28,611,083 at June 30, 2011 to \$26,555,595 at June 30, 2012.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The MD&A is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements include three components: (1) Government-wide financial statements; (2) Fund financial statements; and (3) Notes to the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Assets presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (government activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general government, judicial, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, and community development. The business-type activities of the City include sanitary sewer, solid waste, transit, civic center, airport, and public employee health plan.

Component units are included in the basic financial statements and consist of legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable and that have either the same governing board as the City or a governing board appointed by the City of Albany. The City has two discreetly presented component units: (1) Chehaw Park Authority and (2) Water, Gas and Light Commission. These units are excluded from any activities or amounts presented in the "Primary Government".

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 23 - 26 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the governmental-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the City's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance provide reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements in order to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains three (3) major governmental funds for financial reporting purposes. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Community Development Fund, and SPLOST Fund.

Other *non-major* governmental funds include: Seven (7) Special Revenue Funds (Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, ARRA Fund, Tax Allocation District Fund, Computer Aided Dispatch, Albany-Dougherty Inner City Authority, Grant Fund, and Gortatowsky Fund); one (1) Debt Service Fund (Debt Service Fund); and one (1) Capital Projects Fund (Public Improvement Fund). Data on these 9 non-major governmental funds is combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the financial statements. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the non-major funds supplementary section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general, special revenue, debt service and enterprise funds. The report contains a "Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual" for the General and Major Special Revenue Funds. However, additional budget information on the non-major funds is contained in the supplementary information. Note that capital additions that are not a part of a separate fund are budgeted for in the General Fund.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 27 - 34 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for major proprietary funds: the sanitary sewer, solid waste, airport, and public employee deposit funds.

The City maintains five (5) non-major proprietary funds. Two (2) of the non-major proprietary funds are enterprise funds (Transit Fund and Civic Center Fund). These two enterprise funds collectively are reflected as "Other Enterprise Funds" on the Proprietary Funds financial statements. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements.

The remaining three (3) non-major proprietary funds are internal service funds (Self Administered Insurance Fund; Long-term Disability Fund; and Workers' Compensation Fund). These three internal service funds collectively are reflected as "Internal Service Funds" on the Proprietary Funds financial statements. *Internal service funds* are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. Individual fund data for both the enterprise funds and the internal service funds is provided in the supplementary information section of this report.

The proprietary funds financial statements can be found at pages 35 - 42 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds, which consist solely of trust and agency funds, are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are *not* included in the government-wide financial statements because the resources are *not* available to support the City's operations. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

Details of the City's Pension Fund, a fiduciary fund, can be found on pages 43 and 44 of the report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. The notes to the basic financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements begin on page 45 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

This is the tenth year that the City of Albany has presented its financial statements under the new reporting model required by GASB Statement No. 34. This reporting model changed significantly both the recording and presentation of financial data. However, under this statement, the City is not required to restate prior periods for the purposes of providing comparative information. A comparative analysis of government-wide information for fiscal years ending June 30, 2011 and June 30, 2012, are included in the MD&A.

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets exceeded liabilities by \$273,690,100 as of June 30, 2012.

As shown on Table 1, the largest portion of the City's net assets, \$172.5 million (63%), reflects its investment in capital assets less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate liabilities. An additional portion of the City's net assets, \$55.9 million (20%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The major restrictions on net assets are funding source restrictions. The remaining balance of total net assets of \$45.3 million (17%) is unrestricted and may be used to meet the City's obligations to citizens and creditors in accordance with the finance-related legal requirements reflected in the City's fund structure.

At the end of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the City reported positive balances in all three categories of net assets, both for the City as a whole as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

City of Albany
Statement of Net Assets - Primary Government

_	Governmenta	I Activities	Total			
_	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011	FY2012	FY2011
Current and Other Assets	\$ 100,644,887	\$ 80,305,056	\$ 26,500,969	\$ 25,277,064	\$ 127,145,856	\$ 105,582,120
Capital Assets	99,289,002	103,870,536	124,947,817	121,707,459	224,236,819	225,577,995
TOTAL ASSETS	199,933,889	184,175,592	151,448,786	146,984,523	351,382,675	331,160,115
Current and Other Liabilities	7,236,905	10,945,388	9,448,999	8,643,315	16,685,904	19,588,703
Long Term Liabilities	37,196,076	16,629,592	23,810,595	25,499,563	61,006,671	42,129,155
TOTAL LIABILITIES	44,432,981	27,574,980	33,259,594	34,142,878	77,692,575	61,717,858
Net Assets:						
Invested in capital asset,						
net of related debt	73,083,652	100,543,986	99,376,889	94,042,509	172,460,541	194,586,495
Restricted	47,176,694	25,826,583	8,768,406	9,036,399	55,945,100	34,862,982
Unrestricted	35,240,562	30,230,043	10,043,897	9,762,737	45,284,459	39,992,780
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$ 155,500,908	\$ 156,600,612	\$ 118,189,192	\$ 112,841,645	\$ 273,690,100	\$ 269,442,257

In Table 1(a), the 2012 Statement of Net Assets is compared to the results for the prior fiscal year. In Table 2(a), the 2011 and 2012 Statement of Activities for the primary government is compared. Revenues increased by \$7,438,446 from 2011 to 2012, the total expenditures for the same period increased by \$12.5 million.

TABLE 1 (a)

City of Albany Comparison of Net Assets for Primary Government Fiscal Years 2011 and 2012

	Total Primary Government FY 2012		otal Primary overnment FY 2011	 ncrease ecrease)
Current and Other Assets	\$	127,145,856	\$ 105,582,120	\$ 21,563,736
Capital Assets		224,236,819	 225,577,995	 (1,341,176)
TOTAL ASSETS		351,382,675	 331,160,115	 20,222,560
Current and Other Liabilities		16,685,904	19,588,703	(2,902,799)
Long Term Liabilities		61,006,671	 42,129,155	 18,877,516
TOTAL LIABILITIES		77,692,575	 61,717,858	 15,974,717
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital asset, net of				
related debt:		172,460,541	194,586,495	(22,125,954)
Restricted		55,945,100	34,862,982	21,082,118
Unrestricted		45,284,459	 39,992,780	 5,291,679
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	273,690,100	\$ 269,442,257	\$ 4,247,843

TABLE 2

	Governmental Activities			Business-Type Activities			Total Primary Government					
		FY2012		FY2011		FY2012		FY2011		FY2012		FY2011
Revenues:												
Program Revenues:												
Charges for Services	\$	7,646,772	\$	7,877,764	\$	39,467,584	\$	39,846,101	\$	47,114,356	\$	47,723,865
Operating Grants and Contributions		23,495,445		22,392,721		1,228,886		1,254,198		24,724,331		23,646,919
Capital Grants and Contributions		17,027,629		15,615,908		3,790,551		-		20,818,180		15,615,908
General Revenues:												
Property taxes		13,932,138		13,789,210		-		-		13,932,138		13,789,210
Sales taxes		8,874,041		8,341,512		-		-		8,874,041		8,341,512
Other taxes		9,033,099		9,443,192		-		-		9,033,099		9,443,192
Investment income		1,750,706		1,009,368		1,096,090		334,521		2,846,796		1,343,889
TOTAL REVENUES		81,759,830		78,469,675		45,583,111		41,434,820		127,342,941		119,904,495
Expenses:												
General government		15,659,577		12,988,647		-		-		15,659,577		12,988,647
Judicial		1,092,438		1,016,422		-		-		1,092,438		1,016,422
Public safety		36,274,636		33,541,721		-		-		36,274,636		33,541,721
Public works		8,562,916		6,981,385		-		-		8,562,916		6,981,385
Parks and recreation		6,572,226		7,031,469		-		-		6,572,226		7,031,469
Community development		8,866,465		5,851,434		-		-		8,866,465		5,851,434
Community service		413,150		396,531		-		-		413,150		396,531
Interest on long-term debt		737,496		1,079,261		-		-		737,496		1,079,261
Sewer		-		-		13,802,498		12,838,068		13,802,498		12,838,068
Solid waste		-		-		8,336,517		7,963,262		8,336,517		7,963,262
Airport		-		-		2,632,485		2,643,741		2,632,485		2,643,741
Public Employee Deposit		-		-		14,435,555		13,286,117		14,435,555		13,286,117
Transit		-		-		3,511,901		3,034,292		3,511,901		3,034,292
Civic Center		-		-		2,197,236		1,940,437		2,197,236		1,885,466
TOTAL EXPENSES		78,178,904		68,886,870		44,916,192		41,705,917		123,095,096		110,592,787
Increase (Decrease) Before Transfers		3,580,926		9,582,805		616,919		(271,097)		4,247,843		9,311,708
Transfers		(4,680,629)		(4,316,622)		4,680,629		4,316,622		-		-
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS		(1,099,704)		5,266,183		5,347,547		4,045,525		4,247,843		9,311,708
Net Assets - Beg Of Year, Restated		156,600,612		151,334,429		112,841,645		108,796,120		269,442,257		260,130,549
Net Assets - End Of Year	\$	155,500,908	\$	156,600,612	\$	118,189,192	\$	112,841,645	\$	273,690,100	\$	269,442,257

TABLE 2 (a)

City of Albany

Comparison of Statement of Activities for Primary Government

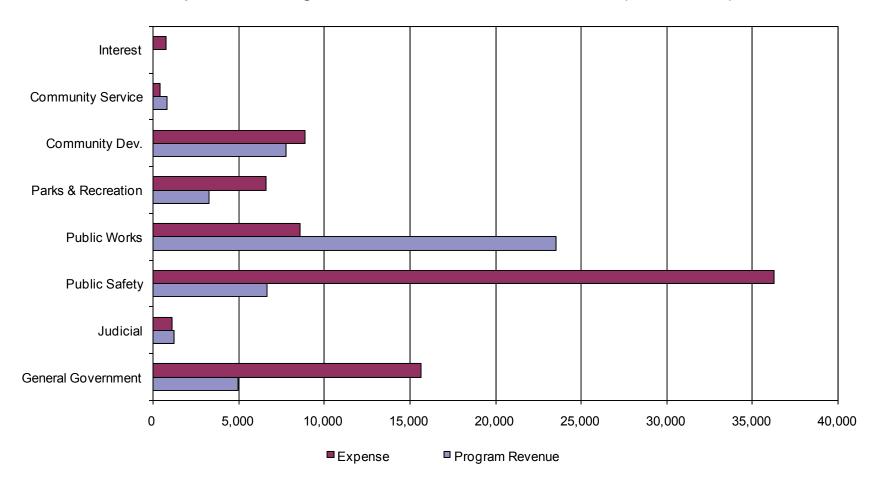
Fiscal Years 2011 and 2012

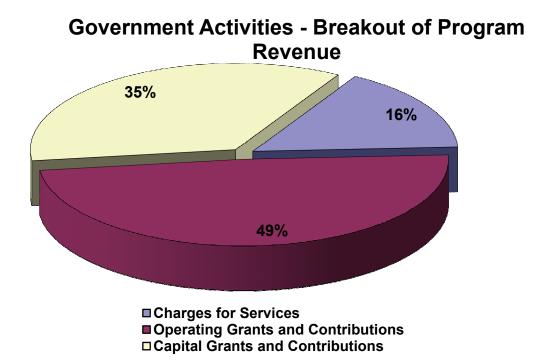
Revenues:	Total Primary Government Activities - 2011		Go	tal Primary overnment vities - 2012	ncrease Decrease)
Program Revenues:				_	
Charges for Services	\$	47,723,865	\$	47,114,356	\$ (609,509)
Operating Grants and Contributions		23,646,919		24,724,331	1,077,412
Capital Grants and Contributions		15,615,908		20,818,180	5,202,272
General Revenues:					
Property taxes		13,789,210		13,932,138	142,928
Sales taxes		8,341,512		8,874,041	532,529
Other taxes		9,443,192		9,033,099	(410,093)
Investment income	-	1,343,889		2,846,796	1,502,907
TOTAL REVENUES	-	120,741,349		127,342,941	7,438,446
Expenses:					
General government		12,988,647		15,659,577	2,670,930
Judicial		1,016,422		1,092,438	76,016
Public safety		33,541,721		36,274,636	2,732,915
Public works		6,981,385		8,562,916	1,581,531
Parks and recreation		7,031,469		6,572,226	(459,243)
Community development		5,851,434		8,866,465	3,015,031
Community service		396,531		413,150	16,619
Interest on long-term debt		1,079,261		737,796	(341,763)
Sewer		12,838,068		13,802,498	964,430
Solid waste		7,963,262		8,336,517	373,255
Airport		2,643,741		2,632,485	(11,256)
Public employee deposit		13,286,117		14,435,555	1,149,438
Transit		3,034,292		3,511,901	477,649
Civic Center	-	1,940,437		2,197,236	256,799
TOTAL EXPENSES		110,592,787		123,095,096	 12,502,311
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS	\$	9,311,708	\$	4,247,843	\$ (5,063,865)

Governmental Activities

Governmental Activities decreased the City of Albany's net assets by \$1,099,704. Revenues from governmental activities totaled \$81,759,830; with operating grants (28.7%), operating grants and contributions (20.8%), property taxes (17%), other taxes (11%), sales taxes (10.9%), and charges for services (9.4%) contributing to the City's revenues. Expenses for governmental activities were \$78,178,904, of which 58.9% was supported from program revenues and 41.1% from general revenues. Expenses for Public Safety (46.4%), General Government (20%), Public Works Admin & Streets (11%) make up 77.4% of the total expense for governmental activities.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities (in thousands)





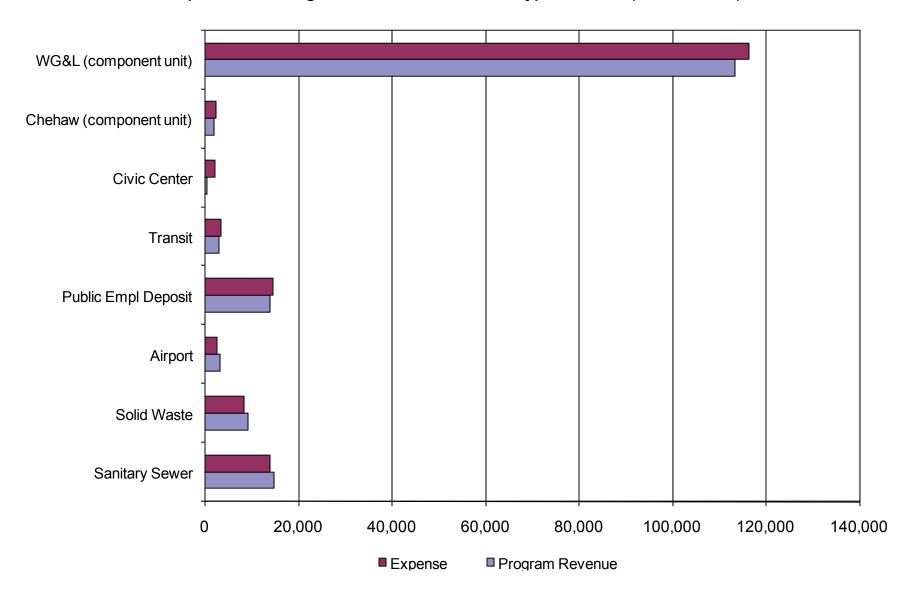
Business-type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City of Albany's net assets by \$5,347,547. As of June 30, 2012, total business-type net assets were \$118,189,192 of which \$99,376,889 was invested in capital assets; \$8,768,406 was restricted; and \$10,043,897 was unrestricted.

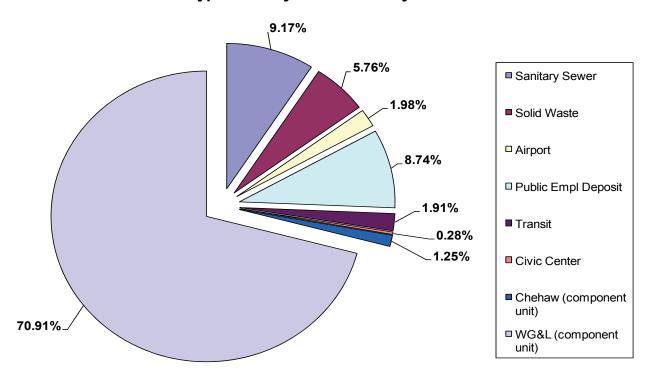
Revenues totaled \$45,583,111 with 97.6% of revenues coming from Program Revenues and 2.4% coming from General Revenues. (See chart "Business-Type Activities – Breakout by Revenues"). Total expenses were \$44,916,192. The largest expenses were Public Employee Deposit (32.1%), Sewer (30.7%), and Solid Waste (18.6%).

The Water, Gas and Light Commission is a discretely presented component unit and is <u>not</u> reflected in the amounts discussed above.

Expenses and Program Revenues - Business Type Activities (in thousands)



Business Type Activity - Breakout by Revenues



FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City of Albany's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Albany's financing requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Albany's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$74,959,189 an increase of \$22,565,881 in comparison from the prior year. Twenty-eight percent (\$20,810,819) constituted unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remaining 72% of the fund balance (\$54,148,370) is divided as follows: \$2,517,953 is nonspendable due to being in a form such as, inventory or prepaid expenses; \$47,176,694 is legally restricted by an outside authority or a legal agreement, such as SPLOST or loans; and a combined total of \$4,453,723 is either assigned or committed for future use by the government.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. As of June 30, 2012, the *unassigned* fund balance in the general fund was \$20,869,545; the total fund balance was \$22,346,597 – a decrease of \$1,432,524 compared to 2011.

The General Fund's liquidity can be measured by comparing both the *fund balance available for spending (committed, assigned, and unassigned)* and total fund balance to *total fund expenditures*. Available fund balance represents 39.2% of the total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 40.6% of that same amount. When *transfers out* are added to *expenditures*, the available fund balance represents 35.6% of expenditures plus transfers, while the total fund represents 38.1% of this amount.

The general fund had the following transfers in (increases) and transfers out (decreases):

Transfer in From Other funds (\$1,683,173) represents a transfer from the Hotel/Motel Tax Fund and from the Municipal Auditorium.

Funding for component units (\$1,002,000) represents an agreed payment to Chehaw Park Authority, a separate component unit of the City. The funds are used by Chehaw Park Authority to subsidize the operation of the park. This amount is included as parks and recreation expenditures. Other transfers out represent General Fund support of the following funds during the fiscal year: Airport Fund, Transit Fund, Civic Center Fund, ADICA, and Public Improvement Fund.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the City's General Fund balance decreased by \$1,432,524. The following contributed to the change:

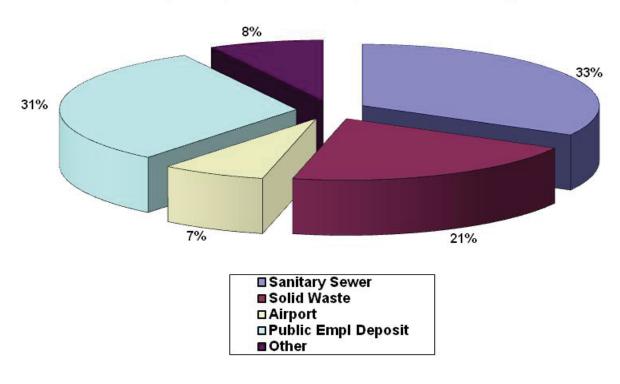
- □ For 2012, the Mayor and Board planned to have expenditures exceed revenues;
- □ The General Fund budget included using \$4.2 million in fund balance;
- □ Actual revenues surpassed budgeted revenues by \$1,190,046;
- □ Actual expenditures were \$1,377,796 under budgeted expenditures.

The primary factors causing General Fund revenues to surpass budget include: Interest Income was \$896,384 over budget; Intergovernmental Revenues were \$783,779 over budget; Sales Taxes were over \$398,680. Revenues from Other Taxes were under budget by \$565,496; Property Tax Revenue was under budget by \$304,043.

Proprietary Funds

The City's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, the proprietary funds had total operating revenues of \$39.5 million. Based on revenues, the largest proprietary fund is the Sanitary Sewer Fund (33%) followed by the Public Employee Deposit Fund (31%). See chart below for an overview of revenue by proprietary fund.

Proprietary Funds - Analysis of Revenue by Fund



The change in net assets for Proprietary Funds was \$4,765,844 (representing a 4.7% increase from the prior year's adjusted net asset balance of \$113,620,646). The net change was the result of the following:

Solid Waste Fund	1,025,639
Airport Fund	1,502,116
Public Employee Deposit Fund	-
Other Enterprise Funds	992,377
Internal Service Funds	(674,423)
	4,765,844

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The City's revenues were 2.2% over the budgeted amount. Because of the relatively flat economy, the City was conservative in estimating tax and license revenue. Similarly, the City's expenditures were 2.4% under budget. This was the result of the City aggressively monitoring costs. The City was also fortunate enough to have a temporary revenue stream in the form of a MEAG credit. Half of this revenue stream has not been budgeted because it is restricted in nature. The budget was balanced expecting to use \$4,248,166 of its fund balance to pay for expenditures. As it turned out, expenditures only exceeded revenues in the General Fund by \$1,432,524. This makes it appear as if the City lost \$2,815,642 less than originally expected. However, this difference is more directly a result of the half of the MEAG credit which was not budgeted. Taking into account the effects of the unbudgeted portion of the MEAG Credit (\$2,567,689), actual expenditures exceeded *unrestricted* revenues in the General Fund by \$4,000,213.

TABLE 3

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

Statement of Revenues and Expenditures - Budget and Actual For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2012

General Fund

	Orio	ginal Budget	Fir	nal Budget	Actual	Variance
Revenues:		giilai Daagot		iai Daagot	7 totaa:	Variatios
Property taxes	\$	14,135,048	\$	14,135,048	\$ 13,831,005	\$ (304,043)
Sales taxes		8,475,361		8,475,361	8,874,041	398,680
Other taxes		8,153,073		8,153,073	7,587,587	(565,496)
Licenses and permits		2,218,102		2,218,102	2,191,504	(26,598)
Intergovernmental		18,185,264		18,185,264	18,969,043	783,779
Charges for services		432,028		432,028	328,493	(103,535)
Fines and forfeitures		1,200,000		1,200,000	1,203,831	3,831
Interest income		140,000		140,000	1,036,384	896,384
Other		1,247,365		1,247,365	1,354,409	107,044
TOTAL REVENUES	\$	54,186,241	\$	54,186,241	\$ 55,376,287	\$ 1,190,046
Expenditures:						
General government		10,617,587		10,617,587	10,485,134	132,453
Judicial		1,204,207		1,204,207	1,100,137	104,070
Public safety		30,365,729		30,365,729	29,428,080	937,649
Public works		8,317,598		8,317,598	8,179,641	137,957
Parks and recreation		5,443,403		5,443,403	5,398,048	45,355
Community svc (Subsidized agencies)		433,462		433,462	413,150	20,312
Debt service interest					 	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	\$	56,381,986	\$	56,381,986	\$ 55,004,190	\$ 1,377,796

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2012, amounts to \$224,236,819, (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, equipment and vehicles, infrastructure, and construction in progress. Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 5 on pages 68 - 72 of this report.

TABLE 4

CITY OF ALBANY CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation) JUNE 30, 2012

	 vernmental activities	siness-Type Activities	 Total
Capital assets not being depreciated:	_	_	
Land	\$ 15,881,327	\$ 12,137,969	\$ 28,019,296
Construction in Progress	4,022,380	 6,540,297	 10,562,677
Total assets not depreciated	19,903,707	 18,678,266	 38,581,973
Capital assets being depreciated:			
Buildings and improvements	66,812,105	129,711,028	196,523,133
Equipment and vehicles	30,159,755	32,463,792	62,623,547
Infrastructure	74,039,356	42,845,567	 116,884,923
Total assets depreciated	171,011,216	 205,020,387	 376,031,603
Less accumulated depreciation:			
Buildings and improvements	19,554,554	45,039,548	64,594,102
Equipment and vehicles	16,640,817	18,923,160	35,563,977
Infrastructure	55,430,550	 34,788,128	 90,218,678
Total accumulated depreciation	91,625,921	 98,750,836	 190,376,757
Total assets depreciated, net	79,385,295	106,269,551	 185,654,846
Capital assets, net	\$ 99,289,002	\$ 124,947,817	\$ 224,236,819

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City's total long-term debt outstanding is \$64.1 million – an increase of \$19.1 million over the previous year. Of this amount, \$4.2 million is due within one year. Certificates of Participation (16%) and Revenue Bonds (42%) make up \$35.6 million of the total. The remaining \$28.5 million is comprised of notes payable, general obligation bonds, OPEB liability, and compensated absences. Additional information regarding the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 6 pages 73 - 90.

TABLE 5

CITY OF ALBANY LONG TERM DEBT OBLIGATIONS

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	_	alance at ne 30, 2012	Percentage of Total	_	ue Within One Year
Governmental Activities					
Bonds payable	\$	17,415,584	27%	\$	275,000
Notes payable		3,981,250	6%		325,000
Certificates of participation		10,000,000	16%		-
OPEB Liability		2,693,616	4%		-
Compensated absences		3,438,406	5%		3,094,565
Governmental long-term liabilities	\$	37,528,856		\$	3,694,565
Business-Type Activities					
Bonds Payable:					
Revenue bonds	\$	25,570,928		\$	2,745,000
Less deferred amts on refunding					
Total bonds payable		25,570,928	40%		2,745,000
Notes payable		-	0%		-
Capital leases		-	0%		-
Compensated absences		984,667	2%		886,201
Business-Type long-term liabilities		26,555,595			3,631,201
Total primary government liabilities	\$	64,084,451		\$	7,325,766

The General Obligation Bonds relate to bonds issued for the Albany-Dougherty Inner City Authority (ADICA) and for the Special Purpose Local Option Tax (SPLOST) fund. The Revenue Bonds relate to sewer system revenue bonds issued in 2007 and 2011. The Certificates of Participation represent the City's purchase of equipment and vehicles from the Georgia Municipal Association Pooled Bond Funds. The Notes Payable represents the City's obligations to the One Georgia Authority for ADICA's loan for the Hilton Garden Inn and Conference Center. Compensated absences represent the City's obligation for accrued vacation and sick leave.

Bond Ratings

The following are the financial strength ratings the City has received from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and S&P (if available):

	<u>Moody's</u>	<u>S&P</u>
General Obligation Bonds (SPLOST)	Aa3	-
Sewer Revenue Bonds	Aaa	AAA
ADICA Bonds	A-3	-
WG&L (Water Bonds)	A-3	-

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

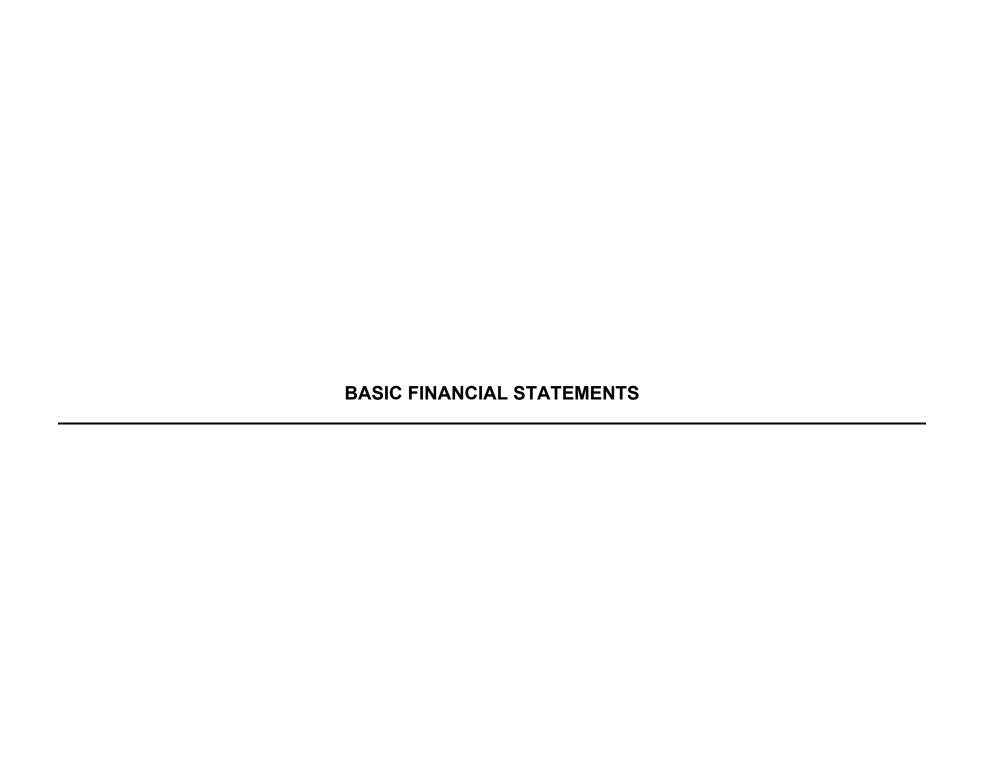
The attached report provides a variety of economic data that can be used to assess the current and long-term expected economic health of the City. Specifically, the report includes data related to property tax values; property tax rates; property tax levies and collections; special assessment billings and collections; commercial and residential construction activity; bank deposits; principal manufacturing and non-manufacturing employers; assessed and actual real property values; and similar information.

The City is affected by the same economic conditions that influence the State of Georgia and the nation as a whole. Even though the rest of the country has begun to recover from the recession, Southwest Georgia continues to experience a slower rate of recovery. Economic conditions were taken into account in developing the City's prior year budget. However, a review of the detailed economic information is useful in assessing specific aspects of the City's economy.

Since 2009, the City of Albany has been receiving a temporary revenue stream in the form of the "MEAG Credit". This revenue stream will discontinue in 2018. The City is currently relying on this revenue source to minimize the transfer required from fund balance to balance the budget during the current economic recession. In an effort to be prepared for 2018 when this revenue stream discontinues, the City of Albany's Board of Commissioners has recently increased the millage rate by 1.66. Additionally, the City's occupational tax and hotel/motel taxes have been moderately increased. These efforts are not enough to replace the estimated future decrease in revenues when the MEAG Credit ceases. However, the City continues to aggressively pursue a five year cost reduction plan in order to bridge the gap.

REQUEST FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Albany's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the City of Albany, Director of Finance, 222 Pine Avenue, Room 460, Albany, Georgia 31701.



STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

		Primary Government		Compor	nent Units
	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Chehaw Park Authority	Water, Gas & Light Commission
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,473,282	\$ 5,998,076	\$ 30,471,358	\$ 30,740	\$ 786,494
Investments	47,782,551	6,500,475	54,283,026	-	4,683,176
Taxes receivable	199,466	-	199,466	-	-
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	2,255,792	825,676	3,081,468	=	19,347,027
Notes receivable	14,770,720	-	14,770,720	=	-
Inventories	252,892	195,433	448,325	-	3,846,543
Internal balances	1,932,805	(1,932,805)	-	-	-
Due from other governments	3,886,283	661,545	4,547,828	=	-
Due from component unit	1,194,477	5,273,391	6,467,868	=	-
Prepaid expenses	29,475	2,727	32,202	23,362	277,972
Restricted assets:					
Cash	-	-	-	-	167,596
Investments	-	8,768,406	8,768,406	-	933,907
Deferred charges	271,758	208,045	479,803	=	268,155
Fair value of interest rate swap agreement	3,595,386	-	3,595,386	-	-
Capital assets:					
Non-depreciable	19,903,707	18,678,266	38,581,973	1,283,104	1,503,294
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	79,385,295	106,269,551	185,654,846	7,421,968	75,635,317
Total assets	199,933,889	151,448,786	351,382,675	8,759,174	107,449,481

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

			Prima	ry Government		Component Units			
	Gov	vernmental	Вι	ısiness-type		Ch	nehaw Park	Wate	r, Gas & Light
		Activities		Activities	 Total		Authority	Commission	
LIABILITIES		_			_		_		
Accounts payable	\$	2,165,448	\$	3,058,165	\$ 5,223,613	\$	16,623	\$	7,274,503
Retainage payable		-		362,312	362,312		-		-
Accrued expenses		1,740,911		575,906	2,316,817		23,508		2,426,889
Claims payable		2,686,827		1,440,000	4,126,827		-		-
Due to primary government		-		-	-		150,000		6,317,868
Due to other governments		225,936		-	225,936		-		-
Unearned revenues		85,003		1,267,616	1,352,619		7,728		-
Line of credit		-		-	-		-		2,000,000
Payable from restricted assets:									
Advance payments and customer deposits		-		-	-		27,224		1,864,966
Current maturities of long-term debt		-		2,745,000	2,745,000		-		1,942,961
Accrued interest payable		-		-	-		-		38,706
Non-current liabilities:									
Certificates of participation, due in more than one year		10,000,000		-	10,000,000		-		-
Bonds payable, due within one year		275,000		-	275,000		-		-
Bonds payable, due in more than one year		17,140,584		22,825,928	39,966,512		-		11,786,740
Notes payable, due within one year		325,000		-	325,000		42,982		-
Notes payable, due in more than one year		3,656,250		-	3,656,250		-		299,150
Capital leases payable, due within one year		-		-	-		499		1,143,865
Capital leases payable, due in more than one year		-		-	-		-		1,682,899
Compensated absences payable, due within one year		3,094,565		886,201	3,980,766		-		-
Compensated absences payable, due in more than one year		343,841		98,466	442,307		-		827,537
Other long-term liabilities		2,693,616			 2,693,616				1,574,407
Total liabilities		44,432,981		33,259,594	77,692,575		268,564		39,180,491

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

			Primary Government					Component Units			
	Go	vernmental	В	usiness-type		_	CI	nehaw Park	Wate	er, Gas & Light	
	·	Activities		Activities		Total		Authority		ommission	
NET ASSETS											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	73,083,652	\$	99,376,889	\$	172,460,541	\$	8,704,573	\$	60,282,996	
Restricted for:											
Federal programs		2,868,770		-		2,868,770		-			
Promotion of tourism		127,883		-		127,883		-			
Public safety		1,943,029		-		1,943,029		-			
Gortatowsky endowment		50,022		-		50,022		-			
Capital projects		42,186,990		-		42,186,990		-			
Debt service		-		8,768,406		8,768,406		-		1,079,343	
Unrestricted		35,240,562		10,043,897		45,284,459		(213,963)		6,906,651	
Total net assets	\$	155,500,908	\$	118,189,192	\$	273,690,100	\$	8,490,610	\$	68,268,990	

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			Program Revenues			Net (Expenses	s) Revenue and Change	es in Net Assets			
			Operating	Capital		Primary Governmen	t	Compo	nent Units		
		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and	Governmental	Business-type		Chehaw Park	Water, Gas & Ligh		
	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total	Authority	Commission		
Functions/Programs											
Primary Government											
Governmental Activities:											
General government		\$ 2,640,527	\$ 2,192,242	\$ 136,915	\$ (10,689,893)	\$ -	\$ (10,689,893)	\$ -	\$		
Judicial	1,092,438	1,203,831	-	-	111,393	-	111,393	-	•		
Public safety	36,274,636	1,520,217	3,816,186	1,322,831	(29,615,402)	-	(29,615,402)	-			
Public works	8,562,916	981,413	14,409,803	8,118,899	14,947,199	-	14,947,199	-			
Parks and recreation	6,572,226	203,342	300,185	2,774,823	(3,293,876)	-	(3,293,876)	-			
Community development	8,866,465	1,097,442	2,672,211	3,974,135	(1,122,677)	-	(1,122,677)	-			
Community service	413,150	-	104,818	700,026	391,694	-	391,694	-			
Interest on long-term debt	737,496				(737,496)	<u> </u>	(737,496)	-			
Total governmental activities	78,178,904	7,646,772	23,495,445	17,027,629	(30,009,059)		(30,009,059)				
Business-type Activities:											
Sanitary sewer	13,802,498	14,554,746	100,000	-	-	852,248	852,248	-			
Solid waste	8,336,517	9,105,594	100,000	-	-	869,077	869,077	-			
Airport	2,632,485	834,146	198,886	2,131,124	-	531,671	531,671	-	-		
Public employee deposit	14,435,555	13,971,380	-		-	(464,175)		-			
Transit	3,511,901	557,583	830,000	1,659,427	-	(464,891)		-			
Civic Center	2,197,236	444,135			_	(1,753,101)		_			
Total business-type activities	44,916,192	39,467,584	1,228,886	3,790,551		(429,172)		_			
Total primary government	\$ 123,095,096	\$ 47,114,356	\$ 24,724,331	\$ 20,818,180	\$ (30,009,059)	\$ (429,172)	\$ (30,438,231)	\$ -	\$ -		
Component Units:											
Chehaw Park Authority	\$ 2,258,958	\$ 781,878	\$ 1,209,587	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	s -	\$ (267,493)	\$ -		
Water, Gas & Light Commission	116.358.871	113,289,135	-	· _	· _	· _	· .	-	(3,069,736		
Total component units	\$ 118,617,829	\$ 114,071,013	\$ 1,209,587	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (267,493)			
			General revenues: Property taxes		\$ 13,932,138	\$ -	\$ 13,932,138	\$ -	\$		
			Sales taxes		8,874,041	_	8,874,041	_			
			Franchise taxes		2,318,244	_	2,318,244	_			
			Insurance premiur	n tax	3,645,630	_	3,645,630	_			
			Alcoholic beverage		1,421,037	_	1,421,037	_			
			Hotel/Motel tax		1,445,522	_	1,445,522	_			
			Other taxes		202,666	_	202,666	_			
			Investment income	a	1,750,706	1,096,090	2,846,796	15	33,175		
			Gain on sale of as		- 1,7 00,7 00	.,000,000	2,010,100		89,864		
			Transfers	00.0	(4.680.629)	4.680.629			00,00		
			Total general revenue	es and transfers	28,909,355	5,776,719	34,686,074	15	123,039		
			Change in net assets		(1,099,704)	5,347,547	4,247,843	(267,478)	(2,946,697		
			•	ning of year, restated	156,600,612	112,841,645	269,442,257	8,758,088	71,215,687		
			Act doocto Degin	g or your, restated	100,000,012	112,071,070	200,772,201	0,700,000	7 1,2 13,007		

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2012

	General	Community evelopment	SPLOST	Other Governmental		G	Total overnmental
ASSETS	 Fund	 Fund	 Fund		Funds		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,487,662	\$ 2,670,891	\$ 14,396,175	\$	4,374,072	\$	22,928,800
Investments	19,128,580	-	19,904,284		5,839,822		44,872,686
Receivables, net of allowance:							
Taxes	199,466	-	-		-		199,466
Accounts	705,413	17,050	907,601		625,728		2,255,792
Notes	-	14,770,720	-		-		14,770,720
Due from other funds	2,997,243	52,133	122,237		2,465,287		5,636,900
Due from other governments	1,723,014	386,310	12,450		1,764,509		3,886,283
Due from component units	1,194,477	-	-		-		1,194,477
Inventories	252,892	-	-		-		252,892
Prepaid items	29,475	-	-		-		29,475
Advance to other funds	 469,788	 -	 		1,765,798		2,235,586
Total assets	\$ 28,188,010	\$ 17,897,104	\$ 35,342,747	\$	16,835,216	\$	98,263,077
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES							
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$ 1,469,905	\$ 219,800	\$ 176,041	\$	299,596	\$	2,165,342
Accrued liabilities	1,653,541	24,029	-		-		1,677,570
Due to other funds	2,430,809	12,078	-		1,873,501		4,316,388
Due to other governments	224,229	1,707	-		-		225,936
Deferred revenues	 62,929	 14,770,720	 		85,003		14,918,652
Total liabilities	 5,841,413	 15,028,334	 176,041		2,258,100		23,303,888

BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2012

	General Fund	Community Development Fund	SPLOST Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable:					
Inventories	\$ 252,892	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 252,892
Prepaid expenditures	29,475	_	-	-	29,475
Advance to other funds	469,788	-	-	1,765,798	2,235,586
Restricted					
Federal programs	-	2,868,770	-	-	2,868,770
Promotion of tourism	-	-	-	127,883	127,883
Public safety	-	-	-	1,943,029	1,943,029
Gortatowsky endowment	-	-	-	50,022	50,022
Capital projects	-	-	35,166,706	7,020,284	42,186,990
Committed					
Inner city development	-	-	-	75,241	75,241
Assigned					
City cemetary	509,074	-	-	-	509,074
City parks	5,840	-	-	-	5,840
Police contigency	27	-	-	-	27
Keep Albany-Dougherty Beautiful	209,956	-	-	-	209,956
Capital projects	-	-	-	3,653,585	3,653,585
Unassigned	20,869,545	-	-	(58,726)	20,810,819
Total fund balances	22,346,597	2,868,770	35,166,706	14,577,116	74,959,189
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 28,188,010	\$ 17,897,104	\$ 35,342,747	\$ 16,835,216	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of risk management to individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net assets.

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

Net assets of governmental activities

99,289,002

14,833,648

144,122

(33,725,053)

155,500,908

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	 General Fund	community evelopment Fund	SPLOST Fund	Go	Other vernmental Funds	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 13,831,005	\$ -	\$ -	\$	101,133	\$	13,932,138
Sales taxes	8,874,041	-	-		-		8,874,041
Other taxes	7,587,577	-	-		1,445,522		9,033,099
Licenses and permits	2,191,504	-	-		-		2,191,504
Intergovernmental	18,969,043	3,760,870	11,449,726		5,924,420		40,104,059
Charges for services	328,493	876,591	-		1,508,682		2,713,766
Fines and forfeitures	1,203,831	-	-		-		1,203,831
Interest income	1,036,384	1,926	324,497		610,324		1,973,131
Other	1,354,409	1,011,280	701		7,709		2,374,099
Total revenues	55,376,287	5,650,667	11,774,924		9,597,790		82,399,668
Expenditures:							
Current:							
General government	10,485,134	-	-		-		10,485,134
Judicial	1,100,137	-	-		-		1,100,137
Public safety	29,428,080	-	-		3,455,224		32,883,304
Public works	8,179,641	-	-		601,073		8,780,714
Parks and recreation	5,398,048	-	-		149,445		5,547,493
Community development	-	5,154,921	-		3,082,775		8,237,696
Community service	413,150	-	-		-		413,150
Capital outlay	-	-	4,401,078		1,681,223		6,082,301
Debt service:							
Principal	-	300,000	-		605,409		905,409
Interest	-	204,904	-		568,754		773,658
Bond issuance cost	-	-	151,830		119,928		271,758
Total expenditures	55,004,190	5,659,825	4,552,908		10,263,831		75,480,754
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	372,097	(9,158)	7,222,016		(666,041)		6,918,914

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		С	ommunity			Other		Total
	General	De	evelopment	SPLOST	G	overnmental	Go	vernmental
	 Fund		Fund	 Fund		Funds		Funds
Other financing sources (uses):								
Proceeds from sale of assets	\$ 165,586	\$	503,603	\$ -	\$	-	\$	669,189
Issuance of bonds payable	-		-	13,145,000		3,440,000		16,585,000
Premium on bond issuance	-		-	1,011,950		28,964		1,040,914
Transfers in	1,683,173		-	-		376,351		2,059,524
Transfers out	(3,653,380)		_	 		(1,054,280)		(4,707,660)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (1,804,621)		503,603	 14,156,950		2,791,035		15,646,967
Net change in fund balances	(1,432,524)		494,445	21,378,966		2,124,994		22,565,881
Fund balances, beginning of year	 23,779,121		2,374,325	 13,787,740		12,452,122		52,393,308
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 22,346,597	\$	2,868,770	\$ 35,166,706	\$	14,577,116	\$	74,959,189

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 22,565,881
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated	
over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays exceeded depreciation in the current period.	971,395
The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets.	(5,552,929)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(836,429)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term	
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also,	
governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of	
long-term debt and related items.	(16,423,747)
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not	
reported as expenditures in governmental funds.	(1,188,996)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge the costs of insurance to individual funds.	(736,951)
The net revenue of certain activities of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.	 102,072
Change in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (1,099,704)

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

			Gene	ral Fu	und			Comi	munit	ty Development	Fund
	 Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	 Variance		Original and Final Budget		Actual	Variance
Revenues:											
Property taxes	\$ 14,135,048	\$	14,135,048	\$	13,831,005	\$ (304,043)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -
Sales taxes	8,475,361		8,475,361		8,874,041	398,680		-		-	-
Other taxes	8,153,073		8,153,073		7,587,577	(565,496)		-		-	-
Licenses and permits	2,218,102		2,218,102		2,191,504	(26,598)		-		-	-
Intergovernmental	18,185,264		18,185,264		18,969,043	783,779		1,616,620		3,760,870	2,144,250
Charges for services	432,028		432,028		328,493	(103,535)		1,316,881		876,591	(440,290)
Fines and forfeitures	1,200,000		1,200,000		1,203,831	3,831		-		-	-
Interest income	140,000		140,000		1,036,384	896,384		-		1,926	1,926
Other	 1,247,365		1,247,365		1,354,409	 107,044				1,011,280	1,011,280
Total revenues	54,186,241		54,186,241		55,376,287	1,190,046		2,933,501		5,650,667	2,717,166
Expenditures: Current: General government:											
Legislative	627,724		627,724		607,497	20,227		_		_	_
Administrative	1,457,218		1,457,218		1,126,564	330,654		_		_	_
EEO	180,332		180,332		163,912	16,420		_		_	_
Human resources	1.665.756		1,665,756		2,159,078	(493,322)		_		_	_
Procurement and materials mgmt.	611,462		611,462		556,252	55,210		_		_	_
Printing	211,597		211,597		246,498	(34,901)		_		_	_
Materials management	295,513		295,513		281,969	13,544		_		_	_
Finance	2,962,969		2,962,969		3,152,864	(189,895)		_		_	_
Information technology	1,977,017		1,977,017		1,696,168	280,849		_		_	_
Risk management	422,854		422,854		328,910	93,944		_		_	_
311 Customer response management	205,145		205,145		165,422	39,723		_		_	_
Total general government	 10,617,587	_	10,617,587		10,485,134	132,453		-		-	
Judicial:		_				 	_		_		
Municipal court	593,156		593,156		476,454	116,702		-		_	_
City Attorney	611,051		611,051		623,683	(12,632)		_		_	_
Total judicial	 1,204,207		1,204,207		1,100,137	 104,070		_		_	
. 0.0 j. 0.0.0.	 .,,		.,,		.,,	 ,					

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Gener	al Fu	ınd				Com	munit	y Development	Fund	
	Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	v	/ariance	-	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Varia	ance
Expenditures:												
Current:												
Public safety:												
Police	\$ 16,323,393	\$ 16,323,393	\$	15,545,088	\$	778,305	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
Fire	12,183,108	12,183,108		12,233,938		(50,830)		-		-		-
Planning and development services	1,389,768	1,389,768		1,203,875		185,893		-		-		-
Marshal division	390,210	390,210		380,173		10,037		-		-		-
SWAT Team	79,250	79,250		65,006		14,244		-		-		-
Total public safety	30,365,729	30,365,729		29,428,080		937,649		-		-		
Public works:												
Administration	400,439	400,439		392,988		7,451		-		-		-
Engineering	3,881,856	3,881,856		3,975,843		(93,987)		-		-		-
Code enforcement	1,008,427	1,008,427		1,081,937		(73,510)		-		-		-
Street maintenance	3,026,876	3,026,876		2,728,873		298,003		-		-		-
Total public works	8,317,598	8,317,598		8,179,641		137,957		-		-		
Parks and recreation:												
Administration	525,574	525,574		562,566		(36,992)		-		-		-
Parks	2,938,983	2,938,983		2,937,372		1,611		-		-		-
Park development and management	1,212,926	1,212,926		1,135,385		77,541		-		-		-
Turner Golf Course	461,860	461,860		466,406		(4,546)		-		-		-
Cemetery	304,060	 304,060		296,319		7,741				-		-
Total parks and recreation	5,443,403	5,443,403		5,398,048		45,355		-		-		
Community development		 				_		2,414,283		5,154,921	(2,	740,638)
Community service, various												
subsidized agencies	433,462	 433,462		413,150		20,312						-

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND AND MAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Gener	al Fund		Comi	munity Development	Fund
	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance
Expenditures:							
Debt service:							
Principal	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 300,000	\$ (300,000)
Interest					519,218	204,904	314,314
Total expenditures	56,381,986	56,381,986	55,004,190	1,377,796	2,933,501	5,659,825	(2,726,324)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over							
(under) expenditures	(2,195,745)	(2,195,745)	372,097	2,567,842		(9,158)	(9,158)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Proceeds from sale of assets	193,795	193,795	165,586	(28,209)	-	503,603	503,603
Transfers in	1,365,964	1,365,964	1,683,173	317,209	-	-	-
Transfers out	(3,112,180)	(3,112,180)	(3,653,380)	(541,200)	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,552,421)	(1,552,421)	(1,804,621)	(252,200)		503,603	503,603
Net change in fund balances	\$ (3,748,166)	\$ (3,748,166)	(1,432,524)	\$ 2,315,642	\$ -	494,445	\$ 494,445
Fund balance, beginning of year			23,779,121			2,374,325	
Fund balance, end of year			\$ 22,346,597			\$ 2,868,770	

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS	Sanitary Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Airport Fund	Public Employee posit Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds
CURRENT ASSETS							
Cash	\$ 3,785,518	\$ -	\$ 1,130,108	\$ 1,076,964	\$ 5,486	\$ 5,998,076	\$ 1,544,482
Restricted investments	8,768,406	-	-	-	-	8,768,406	-
Investments	6,500,475	-	-	-	-	6,500,475	2,909,865
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	257,101	44,687	498,815	2,029	23,044	825,676	-
Inventories	-	-	-	-	195,433	195,433	-
Prepaid expenses	-	-	-	2,727	-	2,727	-
Due from other governments	-	-	50,704	-	610,841	661,545	-
Due from other funds	418,191	-	-	156,310	3,835	578,336	-
Due from component unit	 2,246,399	 2,163,118	 	 863,874	 	 5,273,391	 -
Total current assets	 21,976,090	 2,207,805	 1,679,627	 2,101,904	 838,639	 28,804,065	 4,454,347
NONCURRENT ASSETS							
Deferred bond issuance, unamortized balance	208,045	-	-	-	-	208,045	-
Capital assets:							
Non-depreciable	6,110,081	907,035	8,593,491	-	3,067,659	18,678,266	-
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	 66,798,943	 3,832,345	 21,880,538	 <u>-</u> _	 13,757,725	 106,269,551	
Total noncurrent assets	 73,117,069	 4,739,380	 30,474,029	 	 16,825,384	 125,155,862	
Total assets	 95,093,159	 6,947,185	 32,153,656	 2,101,904	 17,664,023	 153,959,927	 4,454,347

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Sanitary Sewer	Solid Waste	Airport	Public Employee	Other Enterprise		Internal Service
LIABILITIES	Fund	Fund	Fund	Deposit Fund	Funds	Totals	Funds
CURRENT LIABILITIES							
Payable from current assets:							
Accounts payable	784,264	279,541	1,188,393	661,904	144,063	3,058,165	105
Retainage payable	74,047	-	288,265	-	-	362,312	-
Accrued liabilities	575,906	-	-	-	-	575,906	-
Claims payable	-	-	-	1,440,000	-	1,440,000	2,686,827
Current portion - compensated absences	375,125	274,405	42,842	-	193,829	886,201	-
Due to other funds	239,992	530,270	-	-	695,861	1,466,123	432,725
Deferred revenues	-	-	1,132,050	-	135,566	1,267,616	-
	2,049,334	1,084,216	2,651,550	2,101,904	1,169,319	9,056,323	3,119,657
Payable from restricted assets:							
Revenue bonds payable, current	2,745,000	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>		<u> </u>	2,745,000	-
Total current liabilities	4,794,334	1,084,216	2,651,550	2,101,904	1,169,319	11,801,323	3,119,657
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES							
Advance from other funds	83,104	2,152,482	-	-	-	2,235,586	-
Revenue bonds payable, net of current portion	22,825,928	-	-	-	-	22,825,928	-
Compensated absences, net of current portion	41,681	30,489	4,760	-	21,536	98,466	-
Total long-term liabilities	22,950,713	2,182,971	4,760		21,536	25,159,980	-
Total liabilities	27,745,047	3,267,187	2,656,310	2,101,904	1,190,855	36,961,303	3,119,657

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

		Sanitary Sewer		Solid Waste		Airport		ublic ployee	Other Enterprise		Internal Service
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Depo	sit Fund	 Funds	 Totals	 Funds
NET ASSETS											
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	\$	47,338,096	\$	4,739,380	\$	30,474,029	\$	-	\$ 16,825,384	\$ 99,376,889	\$ -
Restricted for:											
Debt service		8,768,406		-		-		-	-	8,768,406	-
Unrestricted (deficit)		11,241,610		(1,059,382)		(976,683)		_	 (352,216)	 8,853,329	1,334,690
Total net assets	\$	67,348,112	\$	3,679,998	\$	29,497,346	\$	-	\$ 16,473,168	116,998,624	\$ 1,334,690
	А	djustment to refl	ect cor	nsolidation of inte	rnal se	ervice fund activiti	es				
		related to er	nterpris	se funds						 1,190,568	
	1	Net assets of bus	siness	type activities						\$ 118,189,192	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Sanitary Sewer	Solid Waste	Airport	Public Employee	Other Enterprise		Internal Service
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Deposit Fund	Funds	Totals	Funds
Operating revenues:							
Charges for services	\$ 14,518,431	\$ 9,093,466	\$ 834,146	\$ 13,971,380	\$ 1,001,718	\$ 39,419,141	\$ 1,442,106
Other	36,315	12,128				48,443	41,063
Total operating revenues	14,554,746	9,105,594	834,146	13,971,380	1,001,718	39,467,584	1,483,169
Operating expenses:							
Personnel costs	3,293,623	2,061,847	960,608	60,819	2,481,345	8,858,242	-
General and administrative	-	-	-	1,673,130	-	1,673,130	517,305
Supplies	447,670	75,661	25,988	-	197,488	746,807	-
Operating services and charges	4,348,399	5,024,026	286,719	-	1,590,724	11,249,868	-
Maintenance and repairs	807,733	524,733	213,998	-	410,952	1,957,416	-
Depreciation and amortization	3,503,775	564,808	1,166,353	-	973,026	6,207,962	-
Claims and damages	-	-	-	12,695,116	-	12,695,116	1,742,359
Total operating expenses	12,401,200	8,251,075	2,653,666	14,429,065	5,653,535	43,388,541	2,259,664
Operating income (loss)	2,153,546	854,519	(1,819,520)	(457,685)	(4,651,817)	(3,920,957)	(776,495)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Interest income	1,093,891	-	2,199	-	-	1,096,090	102,072
Interest expense and fiscal charges	(1,204,413)	-	-	-	-	(1,204,413)	-
Intergovernmental - operating grants	100,000	100,000	198,886	-	830,000	1,228,886	-
Intergovernmental - capital grants	-	-	2,131,124	-	1,659,427	3,790,551	-
Gain (loss) on sale of capital assets	(169,069)	(52,990)	27,671	<u>-</u> _	(36,131)	(230,519)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	(179,591)	47,010	2,359,880	-	2,453,296	4,680,595	102,072

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Sanitary Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Airport Fund	Public Employee Deposit Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds
Income (loss) before contributions	¢ 4.072.055	e 004.520	£ 540.360	¢ (457.695)	¢ (2.109.521)	¢ 750,639	¢ (674.422)
and transfers	\$ 1,973,955	\$ 901,529	\$ 540,360	\$ (457,685)	\$ (2,198,521)	\$ 759,638	\$ (674,423)
Capital contributions	70,290		668,621		1,240,406	1,979,317	
Transfers							
Transfers in	-	124,110	293,135	457,685	3,158,099	4,033,029	-
Transfers out	(124,110)				(1,207,607)	(1,331,717)	(53,176)
Total transfers	(124,110)	124,110	293,135	457,685	1,950,492	2,701,312	-
Change in net assets	1,920,135	1,025,639	1,502,116	-	992,377	5,440,267	(674,423)
Total net assets, beginning of year	65,427,977	2,654,359	27,995,230		15,480,791		2,062,289
Total net assets, end of year	\$ 67,348,112	\$ 3,679,998	\$ 29,497,346	\$ -	\$ 16,473,168		\$ 1,387,866
	Adjustment to refl	ect consolidation of inte	ernal service fund activit	ies			
	•	nterprise funds				(92,720)	
	Change in net as	sets of business type a	activities			\$ 5,347,547	

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Sanit Sew Fun	er		Solid Waste Fund	Airport Fund	Public Employee eposit Fund	Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING	-		-		 		 		
ACTIVITIES									
Receipts from customers	\$ 14,3	391,812	\$	9,069,320	\$ 936,634	\$ 4,741,559	\$ 1,634,906	\$ 30,774,231	\$ -
Receipts from other funds		-		-	-	9,749,396	-	9,749,396	681,963
Payments to suppliers	(5,9	974,735)		(5,683,098)	(556,925)	-	(2,417,607)	(14,632,365)	-
Payments to employees	(3,2	293,623)		(2,074,807)	(955,402)	(60,819)	(2,422,914)	(8,807,565)	-
Claims paid		-		-	-	(12,406,717)	-	(12,406,717)	(1,142,194)
Premiums paid					 	 (1,673,130)	 	 (1,673,130)	 (497,200)
Net cash provided by (used in)									
operating activities	5,	123,454		1,311,415	 (575,693)	 350,289	 (3,205,615)	3,003,850	 (957,431)
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Transfers in		-		124,110	293,135	457,685	3,158,099	4,033,029	(53,176)
Transfers out	(*	124,110)		-	-	-	(1,207,607)	(1,331,717)	-
Operating grants received		100,000		100,000	 198,886	 	 830,000	 1,228,886	 -
Net cash provided by (used in)									
noncapital financing activities		(24,110)		224,110	 492,021	 457,685	2,780,492	 3,930,198	 (53,176)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES									
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(2,3	358,827)		(1,608,455)	(1,558,658)	-	-	(5,525,940)	-
Principal paid on bonds	(2,2	260,000)		-	-	-	-	(2,260,000)	-
Principal paid on notes and capital leases payable		-		-	-	-	(1,243,814)	(1,243,814)	-
Interest paid	(1,	187,683)		-	-	-	-	(1,187,683)	-
Advance to other funds	('	123,991)		4,054	-	-	-	(119,937)	-
Capital grants received		-		-	1,689,406	-	1,659,427	3,348,833	-
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		122,998		68,876	 37,870	 	 6,996	 236,740	 -
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and									
related financing activities	(5,8	307,503)		(1,535,525)	 168,618	 	 422,609	 (6,751,801)	-

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	 Sanitary Sewer Fund	 Solid Waste Fund	_	Airport Fund	Public Employee eposit Fund	 Other Enterprise Funds	Totals	 Internal Service Funds
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES								
Interest on investments	\$ 1,093,891	\$ 	\$	2,199	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 1,096,090	\$ 102,072
Net cash provided by investing activities	 1,093,891	 		2,199	 	 -	 1,096,090	 102,072
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	385,732	-		87,145	807,974	(2,514)	1,278,337	(908,535)
Cash and cash equivalents:								
Beginning of year	 18,668,667	 <u>-</u>		1,042,963	 268,990	 8,000	 19,988,620	 5,362,882
End of year	\$ 19,054,399	\$ 	\$	1,130,108	\$ 1,076,964	\$ 5,486	\$ 21,266,957	\$ 4,454,347
Classified as:								
Cash Investments Restricted assets, investments	\$ 3,785,518 6,500,475 8,768,406	\$ -	\$	1,130,108 - -	\$ 1,076,964 - -	\$ 5,486 - -	\$ 5,998,076 6,500,475 8,768,406	\$ 1,544,482 2,909,865
,	\$ 19,054,399	\$ -	\$	1,130,108	\$ 1,076,964	\$ 5,486	\$ 21,266,957	\$ 4,454,347
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES Contributions of capital assets from governmental activities	\$ 70,290	\$	\$	668,621	\$	\$ 1,240,406	1,979,317	\$

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Sanitary Sewer Fund	١	Solid Waste Fund	Airport Fund	Public Employee eposit Fund	 Other Enterprise Funds	 Totals	 Internal Service Funds
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:								
Operating income (loss) \$ Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:	2,153,546	\$	854,519	\$ (1,819,520)	\$ (457,685)	\$ (4,651,817)	\$ (3,920,957)	\$ (776,495)
Depreciation and amortization	3,503,775		564,808	1,166,353	-	973,026	6,207,962	-
Increase in accounts receivable	(162,934)		(36,274)	(3,275)	(2,029)	(133)	(204,645)	-
Increase in inventories	-		-	-	-	(107,430)	(107,430)	-
Increase in prepaid expenses	-		-	-	(40)	-	(40)	-
Decrease in due from other governments	-		-	-	-	6,040	6,040	-
Decrease in due from other funds	4,340,434		-	-	1,139,633	632,429	6,112,496	-
(Increase) decrease in due from component units	349,074		(135,469)	-	109,528	-	323,133	-
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and other liabilitie	558,020		(242,532)	130,833	-	54,057	500,378	105
Increase in retainage payable	74,047		-	-	-	-	74,047	-
Increase in claims payable	-		-	-	288,399	-	288,399	702,820
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	(5,692,508)		306,363	(155,847)	-	(112,679)	(5,654,671)	(883,861)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues	-			 105,763	 (727,517)	 892	 (620,862)	
Net cash provided by (used in)								
operating activities \$	5,123,454	\$	1,311,415	\$ (575,693)	\$ 350,289	\$ (3,205,615)	\$ 3,003,850	\$ (957,431)

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA PENSION FUND

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS	
Cash	\$ 3,725,323
Investments at fair value:	
Equity securities	60,410,600
Government securities	10,374,958
Corporate bonds	15,353,711
Other	8,338,388
Total investments	 94,477,657
Accounts receivable	9,710
Interest receivable	103,986
Total assets	 98,316,676
LIABILITIES	
Accrued expenses	46,429
Accounts payable	 11,500
Total liabilities	 57,929
NET ASSETS	
Held in trust for pension benefits (A schedule of funding progress is presented on page 113)	\$ 98,258,747

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA PENSION FUND

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

ADDITIONS:	
Employer contributions	\$ 7,393,664
Investment earnings	
Interest and dividends	2,799,617
Net increase in fair value of investments	344,546
Total investment earnings	3,144,163
Less investment expense	885,744
Net investment earnings	2,258,419
Total additions	9,652,083
DEDUCTIONS:	
Benefit payments	10,659,734
Administrative expense	79,970
Total deductions	10,739,704
Change in net assets	(1,087,621)
NET ASSETS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	99,346,368
NET ASSETS, END OF YEAR	\$ 98,258,747

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Albany, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

A. The Financial Reporting Entity

The City was created by a legislative act of the State of Georgia in 1838. The City is a municipal corporation which operates under the mayor-commission form of government with an appointed City Manager. The City provides the following services and operations as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire); public works; airport; civic center, municipal auditorium; transit system; recreation; parks; cemetery; animal control; emergency management; sanitary sewer and solid waste.

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (the primary government) and its component units. The component units discussed below are included in the City's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational and financial relationships with the City.

In conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, as set forth in the Statement of Governmental Accounting Standards No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", the component unit's financial statements have been included as blended or discretely presented. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are in substance part of the City's operations and so financial data from these units are combined with the financial data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported separately in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City. All blended and discretely presented component units have June 30 year-ends.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

A. The Financial Reporting Entity (Continued)

Blended Component Unit

Albany Dougherty Inner City Authority (ADICA) - The City Commission appoints six of seven members of ADICA's board. Budget requests for ADICA are submitted to the Commission for approval, with the City Commission possessing authority to revise ADICA's budget. ADICA's primary purpose is to provide financing for the City's construction projects. ADICA is charged with the responsibility of promoting improvements and redevelopment of the area of Albany that is bounded by West Slappey on the west, Liberty Expressway on the north and east, and Oakridge Drive on the south. The City, however, does not participate in the selection or monitoring of management. Separate financial statements are not prepared for ADICA.

Discretely Presented Component Units

Water, Gas and Light Commission (the "Commission") - The City appoints all members of the Water, Gas and Light Commission's Board of Directors. The Commission provides operating income to the City through monthly transfers. Additionally, the Commission collects all sewer and solid waste fees for the City. Complete financial statements for the Water, Gas and Light Commission can be obtained from the Commission's administrative office located at 207 Pine Avenue, Albany, Georgia 31701.

Chehaw Park Authority ("Chehaw Park") - Chehaw Park provides a variety of family oriented activities including a wild animal park and other exhibits to the citizens of Albany, Georgia. The City Commission appoints all members of the Chehaw Park Board of Directors. The City provides a significant operating subsidy to Chehaw Park, primarily to finance the operations of the park. Complete financial statements for the Chehaw Park Authority can be obtained from Chehaw Park, 105 Chehaw Park Road, Albany, Georgia 31701.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's proprietary funds and various other functions of the government. Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund, but distinguish between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from discretely presented component units.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not considered program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Revenues considered susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, charges for services, fines, forfeitures, and interest income. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Community Development Fund** (special revenue fund) accounts for the financial resources to be used for the operations of various community development grant programs.

The **SPLOST Fund** (capital projects fund) accounts for construction or acquisition of major capital facilities financed by Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax proceeds.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Sanitary Sewer Fund** accounts for the provision of sewer services to the residents of the City.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The **Solid Waste Fund** accounts for the provisions of solid waste collection and disposal services to the residents of the City.

The **Airport Fund** accounts for the construction, operations, and maintenance of the Albany-Dougherty County Airport and runways.

The **Public Employees Deposit Fund** accounts for employer and employee contributions to be used for the payment of employee health claims. The City and Albany Water Gas and Light pool their resources and share the risk.

The City also reports the following fund types:

Special revenue funds account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Debt service funds account for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal and interest on long-term debt of the City.

Capital projects funds account for resources provided for acquisition, construction or renovation of major capital facilities.

Internal service funds account for general liability, long-term disability (through June 30, 2012), and workers' compensation claims.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The **pension trust fund** accounts for the activities of the City of Albany Pension Plan, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified employees.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private sector guidance.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *non-operating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principle operating revenues of the enterprise funds and internal service funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Budget requests are completed in March of each year.
- 2. Proposed budgets are reviewed and prepared by the City Manager and the Finance Committee for submission to the Mayor and the City Commission in May.
- 3. Public hearings on the proposed budget are held in May. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.
- 4. The budget is legally adopted by the Mayor and City Commission in June of each year.
- 5. The City of Albany's budget amendment/budget transfer process is regulated by the official code of Georgia and local policies. The legal level of budgetary control (the level at which expenditures may not exceed appropriations) for annual budgets is at the fund/department level. Any increase in appropriation in any fund or department, whether accomplished through a change in anticipated revenues in any fund or through a transfer of appropriations among departments, shall require the approval of the Board of Commissioners. The City Commission made no supplemental budget appropriations during the year.
 - The City's Budget Officer can approve budget transfers up to \$10,000 without the City Manager's approval, except that no transfers can be made between the salaries budget and the operations budget. Budget transfers in excess of \$10,000 must be approved by the City Manager.
- 6. Annual appropriated budgets are legally adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, and Debt Service Funds. Sufficient budgetary control is achieved through restrictions included in the various grant agreements. Annual operating budgets are prepared for each Enterprise and Internal Service Fund for planning, control, cost allocation, and evaluation purposes.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

D. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting (Continued)

7. Revenues and expenditures of the Capital Projects Funds are budgeted on a project basis and are, therefore, excluded from presentation in the financial statements.

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve the portion of the applicable appropriation, is employed as an extension of formal budgetary integration in the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reported as assignments of fund balances since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at the end of the year. Encumbrances are re-appropriated in the following year, except for encumbrances in the Capital Projects Funds, which are continuing. Encumbrances do not represent GAAP expenditures. At June 30, 2012, there were no encumbrances outstanding.

In the General Fund, expenditures exceeded budget for human resources by \$493,322, printing by \$34,901, finance by \$189,895, city attorney by \$12,632, fire department by \$50,830, engineering by \$93,987, code enforcement by \$73,510, parks and recreation administration by \$36,992 and Turner golf course by \$4,546 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. In the Community Development Fund, expenditures exceeded budget by \$2,740,638 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. In the Hotel/Motel Tax Fund, expenditures exceeded budget by \$125,182 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. In the Tax Allocation District Fund, expenditures exceeded budget by \$8,166 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. In the blended component unit ADICA, expenditures exceeded budget by \$1,257,694 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012. In all funds, the over expenditures were funded by greater than anticipated revenues.

The Tax Allocation District Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$58,726 at June 30, 2012. This deficit is intended to be eliminated through transfers of future tax collections.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents are defined as short-term, highly liquid investments that are both readily convertible to known amounts of cash and so near their maturity that they present insignificant risk of changes in value because of changes in interest rates. Generally, only investments with original maturities of three months or less meet this definition. All cash and investments reported in the proprietary funds, including restricted cash and investments, meet this definition and are therefore considered to be cash equivalents.

F. Investments

Statutes authorize the City to invest in U.S. Government obligations, U.S. Government agency obligations, State of Georgia obligations, and the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Georgia (Georgia Fund 1). Georgia Fund 1, created by OCGA 36-83-8, is a stable net asset value investment pool which follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAm rated money market funds and is regulated by the State of Georgia Office of Treasurer. However, Georgia Fund 1 operates in a manner consistent with Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940 and is considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00 per share value). Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings net of management fees on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on \$1.00 per share.

The City only invests in repurchase agreements when collateralized by U.S. Government or agency obligations.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

F. Investments (Continued)

In accordance with authorized investment laws, investments in the Pension Fund consist of common stocks, corporate bonds and U.S. Government securities. Investments in the Pension Trust Fund are reported at fair value. Cash deposits are reported at carrying amount which reasonably estimates fair value.

G. Inventory

Inventory in Proprietary Funds is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market. Inventory in the General Fund, which is valued at cost (first-in, first-out method) consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

H. Prepaid Items

Certain payments made to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. Prepaid items are accounted for using the consumption method.

I. Receivables/Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

I. Receivables/Payables (Continued)

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, dams, and similar items) are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. In accordance with GASB 34, The City has elected to include infrastructure acquired or constructed prior to June 30, 1980. Governmental (general) capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized at cost in the government-wide statement of net assets. The City's capitalization threshold is \$5,000 for all assets other than infrastructure. The capitalization threshold for infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, etc.) is \$100,000.

Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend useful lives are expensed as incurred.

Major outlays for capital assets and major improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction period of capital assets of the Water, Gas and Light Commission (component unit) is included as part of the capitalized value of assets. The amount of interest capitalized is calculated by offsetting interest expense incurred (from the date of borrowing until the date of completion of the project) with interest earned on investment proceeds over the same period. No interest was capitalized during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

J. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets of the primary government and component units are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings and improvements	20-50 years
Infrastructure	15-50 years
Plant facilities	20-50 years
Equipment and vehicles	5-20 years

K. Compensated Absences

City employees accrue vacation in different amounts, according to whether they work 40-hour weeks or 56-hour weeks. Employees can accrue a maximum of 69 days of vacation, depending on whether the employee works a 40-hour or 56-hour week and whether the employee is exempt or nonexempt. These days can be taken either through time off or by payment upon termination. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Employees earn sick leave in proportion to actual hours worked. Sick leave, however, is not paid upon termination if termination is by manner other than death or retirement. Maximum accumulation of sick leave is 135 working days or 1,008 hours.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, issuance costs, and gains or losses on debt refundings are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance." Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net assets."

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Fund Equity (Continued)

- Nonspendable Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are
 either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or
 contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either
 through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors
 or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant
 to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Commission through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City
 Commission may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used
 for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. Through resolution, the City Commission has
 authorized the City Manager to assign fund balances.
- Unassigned Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when the balances do not meet
 any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the general fund. Negative
 unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

M. Fund Equity (Continued)

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, and 3) unassigned.

Net Assets – Net assets represent the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net assets invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net assets are reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net assets are reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available.

N. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Assets

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net assets – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$33,725,053 difference are as follows:

Notes payable	\$ (3,981,250)
Bonds payable	(17,415,584)
Unamortized bond issuance costs	271,758
Certificates of participation	(10,000,000)
Fair market value interest rate swap - certificates of participation	3,595,386
Compensated absences	(3,438,406)
Other post-employment benefit obligation	(2,693,616)
Accrued interest payable	 (63,341)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental funds	
to arrive at net assets - governmental activities	\$ (33,725,053)

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds and changes in net assets of governmental activities as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$971,395 difference are as follows:

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

Capital outlay	\$ 5,676,593
Depreciation expense	(4,705,198)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ 971,395

Another element of that reconciliation states that "The net effect of various miscellaneous transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, and donations) is to decrease net assets." The details of this \$5,552,929 differences are as follows:

Donations of capital assets	\$ 94,519
Transfers of capital assets to business-type activities	(1,753,097)
Disposals of capital assets	(3,894,351)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	· .
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ (5,552,929)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities." The details of this \$16,423,747 difference are as follows:

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Issuance of bonds	\$ (16,585,000)
Principal repayment - general obligation bonds	605,409
Principal repayment - notes payable	325,000
Amortization of bond issuance costs	61,428
Premium on issuance of bonds	(1,011,950)
Loss on defeasance of bonds	181,366
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net assets of	
governmental activities	\$ (16,423,747)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this \$1,188,996 difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ (228,483)
Accrued interest	11,162
Other post-employment benefit obligation	(971,675)
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total governmental funds to	
arrive at changes in net assets of governmental activities	\$ (1,188,996)

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Credit risk. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime bankers' acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. The City has no formal credit risk policy other than to only invest in obligations authorized by state statutes.

Interest rate risk. The City has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. At June 30, 2012, all of the City had no uncollateralized deposits.

Custodial credit risk – investments. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investments or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities.

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2012, the City had the following investments (in thousands):

						Investme	nt Ma	aturities (in	Year	s)			
Investment Type	F	air Value	Le	ss than 1	1 - 5	6 - 10		11 - 15		16 - 20	21 - 25	26 - 30	Rat
Entity wide:													
Government securities	\$	38,313	\$	1,645	\$ 14,024	\$ 2,842	\$	2,718	\$	1,252	\$ 4,634	\$ 11,198	AA+
Government securities		13,575		213	257	6,058		1,458		-	1,671	3,918	AAA
Georgia Fund 1		1,756		1,756	-	-		-		-	-	-	AAA
Common stock		2,275		-	-	-		-		-	-	-	N/A
Guaranteed Inv. Contract		4,285		-	-	-		-		4,285	-	-	AA-
Mutual funds		2,847		-	 -	 -		-		-	 -	 	N/A
		63,051		3,614	 14,281	 8,900		4,176		5,537	6,305	15,116	
Pension Trust Fund:													
Government securities	\$	10,375	\$	-	\$ 1,459	\$ 7,010	\$	-	\$	1,906	\$ -	\$ -	AAA
Common stock		59,558		-	-	-		-		-	-	-	N/A
Preferred stock		852		-	-	-		-		-	-	-	N/A
Mutual funds		8,338		-	-	-		-		-	-	-	N/A
Corporate bonds		1,511		1,511	-	-		-		-	-	-	A+
Corporate bonds		1,627		-	1,627	-		-		-	-	-	Α
Corporate bonds		1,648		-	233	-		479		-	-	936	A-
Corporate bonds		1,256		-	933	-		-		-	-	323	BBB
Corporate bonds		461		461	-	-		-		-	-	-	BBB
Corporate bonds		1,058		-	-	474		-		-	-	584	BBB
Corporate bonds		577		-	271	-		-		-	306	-	BB+
Corporate bonds		1,136		-	-	478		163		-	-	495	ВВ
Corporate bonds		2,950		-	-	490		1,014		398	1,048	-	BB-
Corporate bonds		799		474	-	-		-		-	-	325	B+
Corporate bonds		513		-	513	-		-		-	-	-	В
Corporate bonds		1,819		-	701	241		139		738	-	-	NR
Total fair value		94,478		2,446	5,737	8,693		1,795		3,042	1,354	2,663	
	\$	157,529	\$	6,060	\$ 20,018	\$ 17,593	\$	5,971	\$	8,579	\$ 7,659	\$ 17,779	

NOTE 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

At June 30, 2012, the Water, Gas and Light Commission (component unit) had the following investments:

Investment Type		Fair Value	Le	ss than 1	1 - 5 6 - 10		Rating	
Entity Wide:	_					•		
Government securities	\$	2,378,343	\$	78,075	\$ 1,960,471	\$	339,797	AAA
Corporate Bonds		516,836		-	269,744		247,092	AA
Corporate Bonds		748,138		206,259	394,739		147,140	Α
Corporate Bonds		146,328		-	97,965		48,363	BBB
Corporate Bonds		20,891		20,891	_		-	BB
Mutual Funds		1,099,789		-	_		-	N/A
Certificates of Deposit		706,758		_	-			N/A
	\$	5,617,083	\$	305,225	\$ 2,722,919	\$	782,392	

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES

Property Taxes

Property taxes were levied on July 19, 2011 on the January 1, 2011 assessed value of all real and personal property including mobile homes and motor vehicles located within the City. Tax bills were mailed on September 16, 2011, and payable before December 20, 2011. The lien date for unpaid taxes was December 21, 2011. After that date, an interest penalty of 18% applies. Property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent they result in current receivables.

The City is permitted by the Municipal Finance Law of the state to levy taxes up to \$20.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general government services other than the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt and in unlimited amounts for the payment of principal and interest on long-term debt. A tax rate of 8.660 mills was levied during fiscal year 2012 for the City (mill equals \$1 per thousand dollars of assessed value).

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Property Taxes (Continued)

Gross property taxes receivable at June 30, 2012 are \$898,376. An allowance of \$698,910 has been established for taxes in dispute and taxes that will not be collected for the year ended June 30, 2012, resulting in a net receivable for property taxes of \$199,466.

Sales Taxes

The City and Dougherty County jointly levy a 1% local option sales tax, of which the proceeds are split, 60% City and 40% Dougherty County. The proceeds are collected by the State of Georgia and remitted to the City. The tax law requires an offsetting reduction in property tax during each subsequent year of assessment equal to the amount of sales tax revenue received in the prior year.

In addition, there is an additional 1% Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax Program ("SPLOST") which was passed by referendums in 1989 (SPLOST II), 1994 (SPLOST III), 1999 (SPLOST IV), 2004 (SPLOST V), and 2010 (SPLOST VI). The proceeds from these sales tax programs are used to finance various capital projects. SPLOST II, SPLOST III, and SPLOST IV programs are administered by Dougherty County. The City administers its own programs under SPLOST V and SPLOST VI. SPLOST taxes receivable at June 30, 2012 are \$907,601.

NOTE 4. RECEIVABLES (CONTINUED)

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable of the primary government consisted of the following at June 30, 2012:

	General Fund	Deve	nmunity lopment und	SPLOST Fund	Sanitary Sewer Fund	Solid Waste Fund	Airport Fund	ic Employee Deposit Fund	onmajor vernmental Funds	Bus	onmajor iness-type Funds
Gross receivables Less allowance for	\$ 2,246,986	\$	17,050	\$ 907,601	\$ 257,101	\$ 44,687	\$ 498,815	\$ 2,029	\$ 665,477	\$	23,044
doubtful accounts	(1,342,107)							 	(39,749)		
Net receivables	\$ 904,879	\$	17,050	\$ 907,601	\$ 257,101	\$ 44,687	\$ 498,815	\$ 2,029	\$ 625,728	\$	23,044

The Water, Gas and Light Commission had accounts receivable at June 30, 2012, of \$19,327,136, which is net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$892,143.

Notes Receivable

Notes receivable of the primary government consist of community development loans to individuals and businesses. Financing has been provided by various federal and state grants.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The City's capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

Primary Government:

	Balance June 30, 2011			Additions Deletions			Transfore			Balance June 30, 2012		
		une 30, 2011		Additions		Deletions		Transfers		une 30, 2012		
Governmental activities												
Capital assets not being depreciated:												
Land	\$	16,908,155	\$	-	\$	(1,546,372)	\$	519,544	\$	15,881,327		
Construction in progress		3,431,222		27,299		(160,907)		724,766		4,022,380		
Total assets not depreciated		20,339,377		27,299		(1,707,279)		1,244,310		19,903,707		
Capital assets being depreciated:												
Buildings and improvements		68,749,253		2,491,697		(2,849,104)		(1,579,741)		66,812,105		
Equipment and vehicles		29,558,709		2,919,031		(1,411,255)		(906,730)		30,159,755		
Infrastructure		74,180,222		333,085				(473,951)		74,039,356		
Total assets depreciated		172,488,184		5,743,813		(4,260,359)		(2,960,422)		171,011,216		
Less accumulated depreciation:												
Buildings and improvements		(18,939,520)		(1,748,083)		963,076		169,973		(19,554,554)		
Equipment and vehicles		(15,696,929)		(1,849,302)		1,110,211		(204,797)		(16,640,817)		
Infrastructure		(54,320,576)		(1,107,813)				(2,161)		(55,430,550)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(88,957,025)		(4,705,198)		2,073,287		(36,985)		(91,625,921)		
Total assets depreciated, net		83,531,159		1,038,615		(2,187,072)		(2,997,407)		79,385,295		
Governmental activities assets, net	\$	103,870,536	\$	1,065,914	\$	(3,894,351)	\$	(1,753,097)	\$	99,289,002		

The beginning balance of capital assets has been increased by \$2,008,231 to include capital assets and related depreciation noted during a capital asset inventory.

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Primary Government:

	Balance June 30, 2011	Additions	Deletions	Transfers	Balance June 30, 2012
Business-type activities		7 (4411.0110			
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 10,764,487	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,373,482	\$ 12,137,969
Construction in progress	4,428,166	3,287,238	Ψ _	(1,175,107)	6,540,297
Total assets not depreciated	15,192,653	3,287,238	-	198,375	18,678,266
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings and improvements	128,196,818	11,480	(55,954)	1,558,684	129,711,028
Equipment and vehicles	28,577,754	4,335,469	(1,238,859)	789,428	32,463,792
Infrastructure	43,710,826	113,739	-	(978,998)	42,845,567
Total assets depreciated	200,485,398	4,460,688	(1,294,813)	1,369,114	205,020,387
Less accumulated depreciation:					
Buildings and improvements	(42,554,502)	(2,501,130)	16,084	-	(45,039,548)
Equipment and vehicles	(18,112,884)	(2,007,449)	1,011,565	185,608	(18,923,160)
Infrastructure	(33,303,206)	(1,484,922)	-	-	(34,788,128)
Total accumulated depreciation	(93,970,592)	(5,993,501)	1,027,649	185,608	(98,750,836)
Total assets depreciated, net	106,514,806	(1,532,813)	(267,164)	1,554,722	106,269,551
Business-type activities assets, net	\$ 121,707,459	\$ 1,754,425	\$ (267,164)	\$ 1,753,097	\$ 124,947,817

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 512,008
Judicial	3,131
Public safety	1,770,873
Public works	1,538,603
Culture and recreation	570,893
Community development	309,690
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 4,705,198
Business-type activities:	
Sanitary sewer	\$ 3,289,314
Solid waste	564,808
Transit	416,099
Civic center	556,927
Airport	1,166,353
Allport	1,100,000
Allport	 1,100,000
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 5,993,501

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Discretely Presented Component Units:

Activity for Chehaw Park Authority for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Ju	Balance ine 30, 2011		Additions		Deletions	 Transfers	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2012
Capital assets not being depreciated:		_	' <u>-</u>						
Land	\$	1,283,104	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,283,104
Construction in progress		1,112,734		103,304		-	(1,216,038)		-
Total assets not depreciated		2,395,838		103,304	-	-	(1,216,038)		1,283,104
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings and improvements		9,298,457		20,624		-	1,049,380		10,368,461
Equipment and vehicles		524,959		31,719		-	166,658		723,336
Total assets depreciated		9,823,416		52,343		-	1,216,038		11,091,797
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings and improvements		(2,957,846)		(268,813)		-	-		(3,226,659)
Equipment and vehicles		(357,330)		(85,840)		-	-		(443,170)
Total accumulated depreciation		(3,315,176)		(354,653)		-	-		(3,669,829)
Total assets depreciated, net		6,508,240		(302,310)		-	1,216,038		7,421,968
Chehaw Park Authority assets, net	\$	8,904,078	\$	(199,006)	\$	-	\$ -	\$	8,705,072

NOTE 5. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Discretely Presented Component Units: Continued

Activity for the Water, Gas and Light Commission for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	J	Balance June 30, 2011		Additions		Deletions		Balance June 30, 2012	
Capital assets not being depreciated:									
Land	\$	1,453,294	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,453,294	
Construction in progress				50,000				50,000	
Total assets not depreciated		1,453,294		50,000		-		1,503,294	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Intangibles		-		1,794,902		-		1,794,902	
Equipment		28,304,329		3,337,071		(313,404)		31,327,996	
Buildings and improvements		12,125,915		188,579		-		12,314,494	
Plant facilities		87,488,391		171,337				87,659,728	
Total assets depreciated		127,918,635		5,491,889		(313,404)		133,097,120	
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Intangibles		-		(38,890)		-		(38,890)	
Equipment		(14,188,398)		(2,021,141)		313,404		(15,896,135)	
Buildings and improvements		(4,811,989)		(456,256)		-		(5,268,245)	
Plant facilities		(33,378,703)		(2,879,830)				(36,258,533)	
Total accumulated depreciation		(52,379,090)		(5,396,117)		313,404		(57,461,803)	
Total assets depreciated, net		75,539,545		95,772		_		75,635,317	
WG&L Commission assets, net	\$	76,992,839	\$	145,772	\$	-	\$	77,138,611	

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT

	Jı	Balance, une 30, 2011	Additions	R	eductions	Jı	Balance, ine 30, 2012	_	ue Within One Year
Governmental activities									
General obligation bonds	\$	605,409	\$ 16,585,000	\$	605,409	\$	16,585,000	\$	275,000
Add deferred amounts									
Unamortized premium		-	1,011,950		-		1,011,950		-
Unamortized loss on defeasance		-	 (181,366)				(181,366)		
Total bonds payable	\$	605,409	\$ 17,415,584	\$	605,409	\$	17,415,584	\$	275,000
Notes payable		4,306,250	-		325,000		3,981,250		325,000
Certificates of participation		10,000,000	-		-		10,000,000		-
OPEB Liability		1,721,941	1,672,029		700,354		2,693,616		-
Compensated absences		3,209,923	 1,093,496		865,013		3,438,406		3,094,565
Governmental activity									
long-term liabilities	\$	19,843,523	\$ 20,181,109	\$	2,495,776	\$	37,528,856	\$	3,694,565
Business-type activities									
Revenue bonds	\$	28,575,000	\$ -	\$	2,260,000	\$	26,315,000	\$	2,745,000
Add deferred amounts									
Unamortized loss on defeasance		(910,050)	-		(165,978)		(744,072)		-
Total bonds payable		27,664,950	-		2,094,022		25,570,928		2,745,000
Compensated absences		946,133	 201,202		162,668		984,667		886,201
Business-type activity			 						
long-term liabilities	\$	28,611,083	\$ 201,202	\$	2,256,690	\$	26,555,595	\$	3,631,201

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

The government-wide statement of net assets includes \$2,745,000 of the long-term liabilities due within one year for business-type activities in liabilities payable from restricted assets. The remaining amount of \$22,825,928 is displayed as noncurrent liabilities, due in more than one year, on that same statement.

For governmental funds, compensated absences are liquidated by the General, Computer Aided Dispatch, Community Development and Grant Funds. For business-type activities, compensated absences are liquidated by the Solid Waste, Transit, Civic Center, Sanitary Sewer, and Airport Funds.

Governmental Activities Debt

Notes Payable

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development has issued to the City, two (2) Section 108 Guaranteed Loans for the purpose of providing subordinated debt financing for the development of the Albany Hilton Garden Inn Hotel and Conference Center. The City's Section 108 Guaranteed Loans outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

	Original Amount	Interest Rates	Balance June 30, 2012		
HUD Section 108 Loan, B-02-MC-13-0001 HUD Section 108 Loan, B-99-MC-13-0001	\$ 5,500,000 500,000	2.00% - 5.00% 2.00% - 5.00%	\$	3,300,000 225,000	
Total			\$	3,525,000	

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)

Notes Payable (Continued)

The Albany Dougherty Inner City Authority is the recipient of an Equity Fund Loan from the One Georgia Authority. The original amount of this loan is \$500,000. This is additional funding for the Albany Hilton Garden Inn and Conference Center Project. The note is to be paid back over a term of 20 years at an interest rate of zero percent. Quarterly payments for the loan began in October 2010. ADICA acts as a pass-through conduit with respect to this One Georgia loan and has received a secured promissory note from Albany Holdings, Inc. in the amount of \$500,000 with terms the same as the terms from the One Georgia loan. The outstanding balance of this loan at June 30, 2012 is \$456,250. This loan is included in the maturity table below.

Notes payable debt service requirements to maturity, including interest of \$1,201,970, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2013	\$	325,000	\$	190,023	\$ 515,023
2014		325,000		174,708	499,708
2015		325,000		159,055	484,055
2016		325,000		142,996	467,996
2017		325,000		126,515	451,515
2018 - 2022		1,600,000		375,907	1,975,907
2023 - 2027		675,000		32,766	707,766
2028 - 2031		81,250			 81,250
	\$	3,981,250	\$	1,201,970	\$ 5,183,220

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)

Certificates of Participation

In June 1998, the City entered into a lease pool agreement with the Georgia Municipal Association (the "Association"). The funding of the lease pool was provided by the issuance of \$150,126,000 Certificates of Participation by the Association. The Association passed the net proceeds through to the participating municipalities with the City's participation totaling \$10,000,000. The lease pool agreement with the Association provides that the City owns their portion of the assets invested by the pool and is responsible for the payment of their portion of the principal and interest of the Certificates of Participation. The principal is due in a lump sum payment on June 1, 2028. Interest is payable at a rate of 4.75% each year. The City draws from the investment to lease equipment from the Association. The lease pool agreement requires the City to make lease payments back into its investment account to fund the principal and interest requirements of the 1998 GMA Certificates of Participation. Annual debt service requirements are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	 Principal		Interest	Total
2013	\$ -	\$	475,000	\$ 475,000
2014	-		475,000	475,000
2015	-		475,000	475,000
2016	-		475,000	475,000
2017	-		475,000	475,000
2018 - 2022	-		2,375,000	2,375,000
2023 - 2027	-		2,375,000	2,375,000
2028	 10,000,000		475,000	10,475,000
	\$ 10,000,000	\$	7,600,000	\$ 17,600,000

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)

Certificates of Participation (Continued)

As part of the issuance of the certificates of participation, the City entered into an interest rate swap agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the City is required to pay (i) a semiannual (and beginning July 1, 2003, a monthly) floating rate of interest based on the Securities Industry and Financial Markets Association (SIFMA) Municipal Swap Index (plus a 31 basis points spread) to, or on behalf of, the Swap Counterparty (the "Swap Payment"); and the Swap Counterparty will pay to, or on behalf of, the City a semi-annual payment based on a rate equal to the fixed rate on the certificates of participation (4.75%) times a notional amount specified in the Swap Agreement, but generally equal to the outstanding unpaid principal portion of such Contract, less the amount originally deposited in the Reserve Fund relating to the Contract, and (ii) a one-time Swap Premium to be paid on the effective date of the Swap Agreement. The semiannual payments from the Swap Counterparty with respect to the City are structured, and expected, to be sufficient to make all interest payments due under the Contract, and related distributions of interest on the Certificates. Monthly interest payments between the City, the holders of the Certificates of Participation, and the Swap Counterparty can be made in net settlement form as part of this agreement. Under the Swap Agreement, the City's obligation to pay floating payments to the Swap Counterparty in any calendar year may not exceed an amount equal to the SIFMA Municipal Swap Index plus 5% to be determined on the first business day of December in the preceding year. This agreement matures on June 1, 2028, at the same time of the certificates of participation. This derivative qualifies as a fair market hedge.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)

Certificates of Participation (Continued)

In the unlikely event that the Swap Counterparty becomes insolvent, or fails to make payments as specified in the Swap Agreement, the City would be exposed to credit risk in the amount of the Swap's fair value. To minimize this risk, the City executed this agreement with counterparties of appropriate credit strength, with the counterparty being rated Aa1 by Moody's. At June 30, 2012, the floating rate being paid by the City is 0.49%, and the market value of this agreement is \$3,595,386, an increase of \$1,880,064 from the market value at the end of the previous fiscal year. The market value of the hedge was determined using settlement prices at the end of the day on June 30, 2012 based on the derivative contract. This market value is reported as an asset in the statement of net assets. As this derivative is an effective hedge, qualifying for hedge accounting, the inflow from the hedge (any change in fair value from inception until fiscal year end) is deferred and reported as deferred revenue in the statement of net assets.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds

The City issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. These bonds are direct and general obligations of the City either directly or through leases and/or intergovernmental agreements with Albany-Dougherty Inner City Authority (ADICA). General obligation bonds have been issued for general government activities and are reported in the governmental column of the government-wide statements.

General obligation bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Balance June 30, 2012			
2012 ADICA Refunding Revenue Issue	2.00% - 3.125%	\$	3,440,000		
2012 General Obligation Sales Tax Issue	2.00% - 3.000%		13,145,000		
			16,585,000		
Add: Unamortized premium			1,011,950		
Less: Unamortized loss on defeasance			(181,366)		
		\$	17,415,584		

A description of these General obligation bond issues is provided on the following pages.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, \$3,440,000 Principal (ADICA)

During the current year, the City issued bonds through the Albany-Dougherty Inner City Authority (ADICA) in the amount of \$3,440,000. The bonds bear interest ranging from 2% to 3.125% with final maturity in 2024.

The proceeds from the sale of the bonds will be used for the purpose of (i) refunding all of the outstanding ADICA Revenue Bonds, Series 2009, (ii) the cost of acquiring, constructing, developing, and equipping various capital outlay projects located within the City of Albany, Georgia and (iii) paying all or a portion of the costs of issuance of the bonds.

The bonds are limited obligations of ADICA, payable solely from payments to be made by the City of Albany, Georgia ("City") pursuant to an intergovernmental contract between ADICA and the City. The City's obligation under the contract to make payments to ADICA, at times and in amounts sufficient to enable ADICA to pay the principal of and interest on the bonds, is absolute and unconditional, is secured by a pledge of the City's full faith and credit and taxing powers and will not expire so long as any of the bonds remain outstanding and unpaid. The City intends to make its payments under the contract from the General Fund of the City and, to the extent such funds are insufficient, will levy an ad valorem tax on all property in the City subject to such tax in order to make such payments to ADICA; provided, however, that the tax for such purpose does not exceed three mills per dollar upon the assessed value of the taxable property of the City.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

Refunding Revenue Bonds, Series 2012, \$3,440,000 Principal (ADICA) (continued)

The difference between the requisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt amounted to \$181,366. The advance refunding charge was deferred and is being amortized over the shorter life of the new debt as a component of interest expense. At June 30, 2012, the unamortized balance was \$181,366.

The ADICA Series 2012 bonds maturing on or after March 1, 2016 may be redeemed prior to maturity, at ADICA's option in whole or in part on or after March 1, 2015, at a redemption price equal to the outstanding principal amount of the bonds to be redeemed plus accrued interest thereon to the date of redemption.

General Obligation Sales Tax Bonds, Series 2012, \$13,145,000 Principal

During the current year, the City issued General Obligation Sales Tax Bonds, Series 2012 in the amount of \$13,145,000. The bonds bear interest ranging from 2% to 3% with final maturity in 2017.

The proceeds of the sales tax bonds are for the purpose of (i) financing certain capital outlay projects located within the City of Albany, Georgia; and (ii) paying all or a portion of the costs of issuance of the bonds. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$1,011,950. The bonds are direct and general obligations of the City of Albany, Georgia. The principal and interest on the bonds are payable from the proceeds of a one-percent sales and use tax received by the City. The Series 2012 Sales Tax Bonds are not subject to redemption prior to maturity.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Governmental Activities Debt (Continued)

General Obligation Bonds (Continued)

General Obligation Sales Tax Bonds, Series 2012, \$13,145,000 Principal (continued)

To the extent that the proceeds of the one-percent sales and use tax received by the City are insufficient to make such payments, the principal and interest on the bonds are payable from an ad valorem tax, unlimited as to rate or amount, to be levied upon all taxable property within the City subject to taxation for general obligation bond purposes.

General obligation bonds debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest			Total	
2013	\$ 275,000	\$	413,621	\$	688,621	
2014	260,000		433,713		693,713	
2015	4,060,000		428,518		4,488,518	
2016	4,965,000		347,318		5,312,318	
2017	4,915,000		201,018		5,116,018	
2018 - 2022	1,460,000		212,940		1,672,940	
2023 - 2024	650,000		30,226		680,226	
	16,585,000	\$	2,067,354	\$	18,652,354	
Add: Unamortized premium	1,011,950			-		
Less: Unamortized loss on						
defeasance	(181,366)					
	\$ 17,415,584	=' =				
		•				

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Business-type Activities Debt

Revenue Bonds

The City also issues revenue bonds where the City pledges income derived from acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. Revenue bonds have been issued for business-like activities and are reported in the business-type column of the government-wide statements. Principal and interest are payable from enterprise fund revenue. Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

	Interest Rates	Jι	Balance ine 30, 2012	
2007 Sewerage System Revenue Bonds	4.00% - 5.00%	\$	19,735,000	
2011 Sewerage System Revenue Bonds	3.39%		6,580,000 26,315,000	
Less: Unamortized discount		\$	(744,072) 25,570,928	
			, -,	

\$27,745,000 Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2007

On April 17, 2007, the City issued \$27,745,000 in Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series with interest rates between 4% and 5%. The City issued the bonds for the purpose of 1) current refunding of \$30,040,000 outstanding Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 1997 maturing on and after July 1, 2008, 2) purchasing a surety bond for the reserve account and a bond insurance policy and 3) paying the cost of issuing the Series 2007 bonds. The City used the net

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

\$27,745,000 Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2007 (Continued)

proceeds from the issuance of the revenue bonds to purchase U.S. government securities and those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide debt service payments until the 1997 issue were called.

The difference between the requisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt amounted to \$641,133. The advance refunding charge was deferred and is being amortized over the shorter life of the new debt as a component of interest expense. At June 30, 2012, the unamortized balance was \$273,932.

Interest expense related to the Series 2007 Bonds for the year ended June 30, 2012, was \$928,750. All interest incurred was expensed.

\$6,730,000 Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011

On April 8, 2011, the City issued \$6,730,000 in Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2011 with an interest rate of 3.39% and final maturity in 2031. Proceeds of the bonds were used to 1) effect a current refunding of Sewerage System Revenue Bonds, Series 2001, and 2) pay expenses related to the issuance and sale of the Series 2011 bonds.

Interest expense related to the Series 2011 Bonds for the year ended June 30, 2012, was \$275,663. All interest incurred was expensed.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

A. Primary Government (Continued)

Business-type Activities Debt (Continued)

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for revenue bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		 Interest	 Total
2013	\$	2,745,000	\$ 1,098,620	\$ 3,843,620
2014		2,845,000	978,932	3,823,932
2015		2,975,000	842,891	3,817,891
2016		3,110,000	704,687	3,814,687
2017		3,240,000	575,195	3,815,195
2018 - 2022		11,400,000	896,058	12,296,058
	:	26,315,000	\$ 5,096,383	\$ 31,411,383
Less: Unamortized discount		(744,072)		
	\$ 2	25,570,928		

B. Component Unit – Albany Dougherty Inner City Authority (ADICA)

Conduit Debt

From time to time, ADICA has issued revenue bonds to provide financial assistance to both private and public sector entities for the acquisition and construction of commercial facilities deemed to be of public interest. ADICA is not obligated in any manner for repayment of the bonds. Accordingly, the bonds are not reported as liabilities in the accompanying financial statements. Four (4) series of bond issuances have occurred from November 1, 2003 to June 30, 2010, totaling \$88,803,171. The total amount of bonds outstanding at June 30, 2012 is \$86,884,670.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

C. Component Unit – Water, Gas and Light Commission

Long-term liability activity for the Water, Gas and Light Commission (component unit) for the year ended June 30, 2012, was as follows:

	Ju	Balance, ine 30, 2011	 Additions	Reductions		Balance, June 30, 2012		Due Within One Year	
Revenue bonds	\$	14,040,000	\$ -	\$	(1,185,000)	\$	12,855,000	\$	1,225,000
Plus unamortized									
premiums		181,132			(24,392)		156,740		_
Revenue bonds, net		14,221,132	-		(1,209,392)		13,011,740		1,225,000
Capital lease payable		3,949,090	-		(1,122,326)		2,826,764		1,143,865
Intergovernmental agreement		-	1,794,302		(777,791)		1,016,511		717,961
Compensated absences		2,618,804	1,289,270		(1,320,223)		2,587,851		1,760,314
Total long-term liabilities	\$	20,789,026	\$ 3,083,572	\$	(4,429,732)	\$	19,442,866	\$	4,847,140

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds of the Water, Gas and Light Commission (the "Commission") outstanding at June 30, 2012, are as follows:

	Interest Rates		Balance une 30, 2012
2005 Water Revenue Bonds 2010 Water Revenue Bonds	3.97% 2.00% - 4.00%	\$	5,925,000 6,930,000
		\$	12,855,000

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

C. Component Unit – Water, Gas and Light Commission (Continued)

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

2010 Water Revenue Bonds. The City and Commission have tax-exempt Water Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2010 (Series 2010 Bonds) outstanding at June 30, 2012 in the amount of \$6,930,000. The proceeds from the bonds were used to advance refund the City and Commission's Series 1998 water revenue bonds. The bonds are limited obligations of the City and the Commission and are payable solely from the net revenues of the Water System. The Series 2010 Bonds are due in annual installments through December 2018, with interest ranging from 2.00% to 4.00%.

The Series 2010 Bonds maturing on December 1, 2018 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the City and the Commission, on or after December 1, 2018, in whole or in part (in any order of maturity and by lot within a maturity) at any time, at a price of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

<u>2005 Water Revenue Bonds.</u> During the year ended June 30, 2006, the City and Commission issued \$6,410,000 of tax-exempt Water Revenue Bonds, Series 2005 (Series 2005 Bonds). The proceeds from the bonds were used to advance refund the City and Commission's Series 2000 water revenue bonds. The bonds are limited obligations of the City and the Commission and are payable solely from the net revenues of the Water System.

The Series 2005 Bonds maturing on December 1, 2025 and thereafter are subject to redemption prior to maturity, at the option of the City and the Commission, on or after December 1, 2024, in whole or in part (in any order of maturity and by lot within a maturity) at any time, at a price of par plus accrued interest to the redemption date.

Interest expense related to the revenue bonds for the year ended June 30, 2012 was \$456,126. No interest was capitalized during the year ended June 30, 2012.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

C. Component Unit – Water, Gas and Light Commission (Continued)

Revenue Bonds (Continued)

A summary of debt service requirements of bonds payable, Series 2005 and Series 2010 is as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal		 Interest		Total	
2013	\$	1,225,000	\$ 444,545	\$	1,669,545	
2014		1,265,000	404,019		1,669,019	
2015		1,305,000	362,171		1,667,171	
2016		1,345,000	319,001		1,664,001	
2017		1,395,000	274,313		1,669,313	
2018 - 2022		4,255,000	713,560		4,968,560	
2023 - 2026		2,065,000	168,229		2,233,229	
	\$	12,855,000	\$ 2,685,838	\$	15,540,838	

Capital Leases

The Water, Gas and Light Commission has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of computer equipment and equipment to be used in the Commission's meter reading process. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the inception dates. Assets under capital lease total \$12,201,822, with accumulated depreciation of \$7,565,100.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

C. Component Unit – Water, Gas and Light Commission (Continued)

Capital Leases (continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2012, are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,		
2013	\$	1,255,549
2014		1,231,865
2015		513,007
Total minimum lease payments		3,000,421
Less: Amount representing interest		(173,657)
Present value of minimum lease payments		2,826,764

Intergovernmental Agreement

The Commission has entered in to an intergovernmental agreement with the City of Griffin, Georgia to purchase a portion of the City of Griffin's remaining rights and obligations under the Amended and Restated Combined Cycle Power Sales Contract with the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia (MEAG) for excess power generation. In consideration of the assignment, the Commission agreed to pay the City of Griffin 30 monthly installments of \$59,830 through November 2013. The outstanding obligation at the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 was \$1,017,111.

NOTE 6. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

D. Component Unit – Chehaw Park Authority

Capital Lease

Chehaw Park Authority has entered into a lease agreement as a lessee for financing the acquisition of a tractor. This lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes.

NOTE 7. SHORT-TERM DEBT

A. Component Unit – Water, Gas and Light Commission

The Commission used a revolving line of credit to finance a variety of projects, including financing of general operations. Short-term debt activity for the year-end June 30, 2012 is as follows:

		alance,		_			Balance,	
	Jun	e 30, 2011	 Additions	F	Reductions	June 30, 2012		
Line of Credit	\$	785,900	\$ 26,768,500	\$	25,554,400	\$	2,000,000	

B. Component Unit - Chehaw Park Authority

The Authority used a revolving line of credit to finance a variety of projects, including financing of general operations. Short-term debt activity for the year-end June 30, 2012 is as follows:

the due to/from	Ва	alance,			Balance,			
	June	30, 2011	Ac	ditions	ditions Reductions		June 30, 2012	
Line of Credit	\$	42,450	\$	11,600	\$	11,068	\$	42,982

NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS

A. Defined Contribution Plan

The City of Albany maintains a defined contribution pension plan, the City of Albany Retirement Savings Plan ("the Savings Plan"), which was established by the City of Albany on January 1, 1998 to provide reasonable retirement security for its "Senior Management Employees". The plan is administered by Nationwide Retirement Solutions. At June 30, 2012, there were nine active participants. The City is required to contribute 8.9% of each Plan participant compensation. Plan participants may contribute 5% of their compensation. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established by and may be amended by the City of Albany Board of Commissioners. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the City contributed \$76,856 and employees contributed \$1,081.

B. Defined Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The City of Albany maintains a multiple-employer cost-sharing defined benefit pension plan, the City of Albany Pension Plan ("the Plan"). The funding methods and determination of benefits payable were established by the legislative acts creating the Plans, as amended, and in general, provide that pension funds are to be accumulated from City contributions and income from the investment of accumulated funds. The plan is administered by a board of trustees, which includes the Mayor, the Chief Financial Officer, two members appointed by the Board of Commissioners, three members elected from active and retired employees and two members selected from the metropolitan Albany area. Separate financial statements are not issued for the City of Albany Pension Plan.

The Plan covers all full-time, permanent employees of the City of Albany and its component unit, the Water, Gas and Light Commission, and certain former City employees resulting from the Delineation of Services Agreement.

NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

Individuals who were employed by the City prior to January 1, 1982, and who elected to remain in the Plan as then constituted are covered under the "old plan rules". All employees hired on or after January 1, 1982, are covered by the provisions of the "new plan rules". The Plan provides pension, death and disability benefits.

Under the "old plan rules", members may normally retire after obtaining 25 years of service or age 65 with at least five years of service. Early retirement is possible if the member is within five years of his or her Normal Retirement Date and has completed at least five years of service. For employees hired after April 1, 2010, the five years service is replaced with 10 years of service. Benefits are calculated at 1.75% of the member's average monthly salary multiplied by the employee's years of service at normal retirement date. Additionally, the members received a 1.5% per year cost-of-living increase in their pensions each year through June 30, 2012. The Plan has been amended to discontinue the automatic annual post-retirement cost of living adjustment payment for all future and current retirees in the Plan. The change will be effective for benefit payments commencing July 1, 2012. The average monthly salary is defined as the sum of the participants' reported totals compensation in the three years of employment out of the last five years of employment that produce the highest average, divided by 36. Unless a joint and survivor annuity option is elected by the member, the pension benefits will continue for the lifetime of the member with no residual payments to any beneficiaries. For early retirement, the pension payment is reduced by 5% for each year early retirement precedes normal retirement. Vesting changed from 100% after 10 years to 50% after five years, increasing 10% per year to 100% after 10 years of participation.

Under the "new plan rules", members may retire after obtaining 30 years of service or the attainment of age 60 with five years of service. Early retirement is possible if members are within five years of their Normal Retirement Date, and have completed at least five years of service. For employees hired after April 1, 2010, the five years of service is replaced with ten years of service. Benefits are calculated in the same manner as under the old plan, but at 1.5%. Additionally, the

NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Plan Description (Continued)

members will receive a 3% per year cost-of-living increase in their pensions each year. All other provisions of the old plan are applicable to the new plan. All modifications to the Plan must be supported by actuarial analysis and must be adopted by at least five members of the Board of Trustees.

Membership in the Plan as of June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Active employees	1,165
Retired participants receiving benefits	786
Terminated vested participants	329
Total membership	2,280

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The financial statements of the Plan are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the employers are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Investment income is recognized by the Plan when earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges are recognized on the trade date. The financial statements of the Plan are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting. Contributions from the employers are recognized when due and a formal commitment to provide the contributions has been made. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Investment income is recognized by the Plan when earned. Gains and losses on sales and exchanges are recognized on the trade date.

NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Method Used to Value Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on the national securities markets are valued at the last reported sales price on the last business day of the plan year. Investments traded in the over-the-counter market and listed securities for which no sale was reported on that date are valued at fair value determined by the trustee on the last reported bid and asked prices. The bonds, government, agency and corporate are reported at their market value as of June 30, 2012. No investment in any one organization represented 5% or more of the net assets available for pension benefits at June 30, 2012. There are no investments in, loans to, or leases with parties related to the pension plan.

Contribution Requirements

The City's funding policy is to contribute a percentage of covered employee payroll as developed in the actuarial valuation for the Plan. Section 47-20 of the Georgia Code sets forth the funding standards for state and local government pension plans. Effective July 1, 2007, employees were required to make contributions to the Plan as follows: General Employees – 4% of annual covered payroll; Safety Employees – 7% of annual covered payroll. The participating employers are required to contribute the remaining amounts necessary to finance the coverage of their employees through periodic contributions at actuarially determined rates. The actuarial determined contribution amount is the sum of the annual normal cost (determined under the entry age normal method) and the amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability as a level percentage of future payroll. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment income. Actual contributions to the plan were \$5,715,679 from the City and \$1,677,985 from Water Gas and Light Commission, a component unit of the City, for a total Annual Pension Cost of \$7,393,664.

NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ending	Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)*
6/30/2008	\$ 3,474,213	131 %	\$ (1,118,600)
6/30/2009	7,060,720	100	-
6/30/2010	6,821,278	100	-
6/30/2011	7,034,271	100	-
6/30/2012	7,393,664	100	-

* During the year ended June 30, 2009, the City changed its accounting and funding policies related to the Plan. The City now has a required contribution which is an actuarially determined percentage of payroll each year as opposed to a required contribution equal to a set dollar amount. This practice is allowed under generally accepted accounting principles and is preferable so the City can ensure a direct correlation of required contributions to actual payroll. As a result of this change in accounting policy, the actual employer contributions should always equal the annual required contribution, which for fiscal year 2012 was required to be 8.9% of payroll for general employees and 11.9% of payroll for public safety employees. The City had no net pension obligation as of the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012

NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

As of the most recent valuation date, July 1, 2011, the funded status of the Plan is as follows:

Actuarial Valuation Date	Α	ctuarial Value of Assets	Ac	Actuarial crued Liability	Ace	Unfunded Actuarial crued Liability	Funded Ratio	An	nual Covered Payroll	Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll
7/1/2011	\$	112,689,357	\$	157,891,512	\$	45,202,155	71.4%	\$	45,257,183	99.9%

Hafundad

The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan net assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of July 1, 2011.

The actuarial funding method used is the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under this method, projected benefits are determined for all participants and the associated liabilities are spread in a manner that produces level annual cost as a percent of pay in each year from the age of hire (entry age) to the assumed retirement age. The cost allocated to the current fiscal year is called the normal cost. The actuarial accrued liability for active participants is then calculated as a

NOTE 8. RETIREMENT PLANS (CONTINUED)

B. Defined Benefit Plan (Continued)

portion of the total cost of the plan allocated to prior years. The actuarial accrued liability for participants currently receiving benefits, for active participants beyond the assumed retirement age, and for participants entitled to deferred benefits, is equal to the present value of the benefits expected to be paid. No normal costs are applicable for these participants. The excess of the total actuarial accrued liability over the actuarial value of plan assets is called the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. The period and related method for amortizing the initial unfunded actuarial accrued liability is 30 years from 1982, and current changes in the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over 15 years for actuarial gains and losses; 20 years for plan provisions and 30 years for actuarial assumptions and cost methods as a level dollar amount. These amortization periods, if applicable, are closed for this plan year.

Actuarial Assumptions

Inflation

The information presented above was determined as part of the actuarial valuation at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date

Actuarial cost method

Amortization method

Amortization period

Asset valuation method

Actuarial assumptions:

Investment rate of return (includes inflation)

Projected salary increases (includes inflation)

July 1, 2011

Entry Age Normal

Level Percent of Pay

30 years

10-year smoothed market value

8.50%

8.50%

3.00%

NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2012, is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	_	
General Fund	Internal Service Fund - Self-Administered Insurance	\$	234,881
General Fund	Internal Service Fund - Workers' Comp		197,844
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund		1,869,666
General Fund	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		694,852
SPLOST Fund	General Fund		122,237
Community Development Fund	General Fund		52,133
Public Employee Deposit Fund	General Fund		156,310
Sanitary Sewer Fund	General Fund		418,191
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund		1,681,938
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Community Development Fund		12,078
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Solid Waste Fund		530,270
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Sanitary Sewer Fund		239,992
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Enterprise Fund		1,009
Nonmajor Enterprise Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		3,835

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time-lag between the dates that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur; (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

Advances to/from other funds result from: (1) the use of Public Improvement Fund lease pool proceeds by various funds for capital outlay and the repayment of these funds to the Public Improvement Fund over several years, and (2) the repayment of operating funds from the Solid Waste Fund to the General Fund over several years. The composition of advances to/from other funds at June 30, 2012 is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Sanitary Sewer Fund	\$ 83,104
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Solid Waste Fund	1,682,694
General Fund	Solid Waste Fund	469,788

Due to/from primary government and component units:

Receivable Entity	Payable Entity	
Solid Waste Fund	Water, Gas & Light Commission	\$ 2,163,118
Sanitary Sewer Fund	Water, Gas & Light Commission	2,246,399
Public Employee Deposit Fund	Water, Gas & Light Commission	863,874
General Fund	Water, Gas & Light Commission	1,044,477
General Fund	Chehaw Park Authority	150,000

NOTE 9. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES, AND TRANSFERS (CONTINUED)

	 Transfers In												
	 0		Nonmajor		A !	•	-1:-1 \\	Pul	blic Employee		Nonmajor		
Transfers Out	General Fund	<u>G</u> 0	vernmental Funds		Airport Fund	_	Fund		Deposit Fund		Enterprise Fund	_	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$	376,351	\$	293,135	\$	-	\$	457,685	\$	2,526,209	\$	3,653,380
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,054,280		-		-		-		-		-		1,054,280
Internal Serivce Fund - Long-Term Disability	53,176		-		-		-		-		-		53,176
Sanitary Sewer Fund	-		-		-		124,110		-		-		124,110
Nonmajor Enterprise Funds	575,717		-		-		-		-		631,890		1,207,607
Total	\$ 1,683,173	\$	376,351	\$	293,135	\$	124,110	\$	457,685	\$	3,158,099	\$	6,092,553

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Primary Government:

The City is involved in a number of legal matters, which either have or could result in litigation. The nature of the lawsuits varies considerably. The City has accrued amounts related to litigation where an outcome unfavorable to the City is probable and the amount can be estimated.

NOTE 10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Primary Government: (Continued)

The City is contingently liable for a \$1,300,000 loan from a local financial institution to the Payroll Development Authority. The outstanding balance of this loan at June 30, 2012, is \$1,075,478.

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by such agencies, principally the Federal Government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Water, Gas and Light Commission:

The Water, Gas and Light Commission (a component unit) is currently involved in rate proceedings, most of which are of a routine nature. The Commission is also involved in other litigation. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of the Commission's management, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse affect on the financial condition of the Commission.

Additionally, the Commission is an electric utility participant in the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia (MEAG). MEAG is a public corporation and an instrumentality of the State of Georgia created to supply electricity to local government electric distribution systems. As provided by state law, MEAG establishes rates and charges so as to produce revenues sufficient to cover its costs, including debt service, but it may not operate any of its projects for profit unless any such profits inure to the benefit of the public.

NOTE 10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

Water, Gas and Light Commission: (Continued)

As of June 30, 2012, the Commission is obligated to purchase all of its bulk power supply requirements from MEAG for a period not to exceed 50 years. The Commission has agreed to purchase all of its future power and energy requirements in excess of that received by the Commission through the Southeastern Power Administration at prices intended to cover the operating costs of the systems and to retire any debt incurred by MEAG. In the event that revenues are insufficient to cover all costs and retire the outstanding debt, the participants have guaranteed a portion of the unpaid debt based on their individual entitlement shares of the output and services of generating units acquired or constructed by MEAG. In addition, in the event of discontinued service to a participant in default, the Commission would be obligated to purchase additional power subject to contractual limitations. Payments to MEAG are made monthly based on KWH usage. The total payments under these contracts amounted to \$65,043,504 in 2012.

At June 30, 2012, the outstanding debt of MEAG was approximately \$4.9 billion. The Commission's guarantee varies by individual projects undertaken by MEAG and totals approximately \$461 million at June 30, 2012.

Additionally, the Commission controls a real estate site formerly known as the Albany Manufactured Gas Plant (the "Plant"). The Plant previously used a method of manufacturing gas from coal that interfered with the environment. The Commission is therefore subject to environmental laws and regulations and is exposed to liabilities and compliance costs arising from the past disposal of hazardous waste from the past manufacturing of gas. The Commission has contracted with an engineering and construction firm to prepare a compliance status report for the Georgia Environmental Protection Division. The compliance status report was completed and filed with the Georgia Environmental Protection Division in June 2008.

The Georgia Environmental Protection Division approved the compliance status report and recommended corrective action to bring the Plant into compliance. The total cost of this corrective action is anticipated to range from \$2,000,000 to \$10,000,000. A total of \$2,000,000 is believed by management to be probable. During the year ended June 30, 2012, the Commission incurred costs of \$2,175, with total incurred cost to date of \$425,593. The liability has been reduced by these costs, resulting in a liability of \$1,574,407 recorded on the statement of net assets as an other long-term liability.

NOTE 11. COMMITMENTS

In addition to the liabilities enumerated in the balance sheet at June 30, 2012, the City has contractual commitments on uncompleted construction contracts totaling approximately \$10,885,269.

NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. It is the policy of the City not to purchase commercial insurance for the risks of losses to which it is exposed for long-term disability claims. The City does purchase commercial insurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by its self insurance for risks of losses to which it is exposed for workmen's compensation and group accident, health, dental and major medical coverage. Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded the coverages.

The Long-Term Disability Fund (an Internal Service Fund) was established to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss for group long-term disability. This fund services all claims, and outside commercial coinsurance is not purchased. No liability for unpaid claims existed at June 30, 2012, or June 30, 2011, and therefore no schedule of changes in fund claims liability is presented.

The Workers' Compensation Fund (an Internal Service Fund) was established to account for and finance uninsured risks of loss for workers' compensation. The Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum claim of \$400,000. The City purchases commercial coinsurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the fund and for all other risks of loss up to \$3,000,000.

Changes in the balances of workers' compensation claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

	<u>Jur</u>	June 30, 2012 June \$ 412,475 \$ 685,777 (336,425) \$ 761,827 \$	ne 30, 2011		
Unpaid claims, beginning of year Incurred claims and changes in estimates	\$, -	\$	395,639 402.881	
Claim payments		,		(386,045)	
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	761,827	\$	412,475	

NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Public Employees Deposit Fund (an Enterprise Fund) was established to account for and finance its uninsured risks of loss for group accident, health, dental and major medical insurance. Participants include the primary government, and its component unit – the Water, Gas and Light Commission. The Public Employee Deposit Fund provides coverage for up to a maximum claim of \$200,000. The City purchases commercial coinsurance for claims in excess of coverage provided by the Fund and for all other risks of loss.

Changes in the balances of the group accident, health, dental and major medical claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

June 30, 2012	June 30, 2011			
\$ 705,000	\$ 835,000			
12,695,116	12,034,411			
(11,960,116)	(12,164,411)			
\$ 1,440,000	\$ 705,000			
	\$ 705,000 12,695,116 (11,960,116)			

Operations are charged for estimated claims as incurred for medical insurance. Estimated losses on claims of other selfinsurance are charged to expense in the period the loss is determinable. The City does not currently utilize an actuary in estimating claims in the areas of general liability or long-term disability. Actual estimates for incurred but not reported claims are recorded as expenses in the Public Employee Deposit Fund, Self Administered Insurance Fund, and Workers' Compensation Fund. These are the only areas in which the City feels claims can be reasonably estimated.

NOTE 12. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The City is accounting for and financing its uninsured risks of loss for all claims liability for which the City is exposed through the Self Administered Insurance Fund (an Internal Service Fund). Changes in the balances of the claims liability during the past two years are as follows:

	<u>Ju</u>	ne 30, 2012	_ <u>J</u> ı	ıne 30, 2011
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	\$	1,562,000	\$	1,669,500
Incurred claims and changes in estimates		1,056,582		809,198
Claim payments		(693,582)		(916,698)
Unpaid claims, end of year	\$	1,925,000	\$	1,562,000

NOTE 13. RELATED ORGANIZATION

The City's governing board is responsible for all of the board appointments of the Albany Housing Authority. However, the City has no further accountability for this organization.

NOTE 14. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The City has levied a 7% lodging tax. Of this percentage, 3.5% is allocated each year to the Chamber of Commerce for use in the promotion of the City. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, \$1,445,522 of hotel/motel tax was collected, and \$725,182, or 49.8% of the amount collected was remitted to the Chamber of Commerce. The remaining balance was used by the City for the promotion of tourism.

NOTE 15. JOINT VENTURE

Under Georgia law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the eight-county west central Georgia area, is a member of the Southwest Georgia Regional Commission (RC) and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During its year ended June 30, 2012, the city paid \$42,554 in such dues. Membership in an RC is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the RC in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from:

Southwest Georgia Regional Commission P. O. Box 346 Camilla, Georgia 31730

NOTE 16. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The City of Albany maintains a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan which was required by GASB 45 and implemented prospectively. The City of Albany Other Post-Employment Benefits Plan ("the OPEB Plan"), which includes retirees from the City of Albany and its component unit, the Water, Gas and Light Commission is administered by a board of trustees, which includes the Mayor, the Chief Financial Officer, two members appointed by the Board of Commissioners, three members elected from active and retired employees and two members selected from the metropolitan Albany area. In accordance with a City ordinance, the City's personnel policy provides that all employees who retire under early, normal or disability retirement provisions are eligible for confirmed health care benefits provided by the City. A separate, audited GAAP-basis postemployment benefit plan report is not available for the OPEB Plan.

NOTE 16. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description (Continued)

Retirees under age 65 participate in the self-insured, Pre-65 Retiree Plan. Retirees pay 50% of the rate which is set by the City. At age 65, retired employees are removed from the City's group Health plan. Retirees who reach age 65 before January 1, 2013 will be reimbursed a portion of their Medicare Part B premium (known as the "Medicare Part B Stipend"). Retirees who cover their dependents will pay 50% of the rate which is set by the City for the dependent coverage. Spouse coverage in the Pre-65 Retiree Plan ends when the spouse attains age 65. Spouses covered as dependents during the retiree's lifetime are not eligible for the Medicare Part B Stipend. Upon the retiree's death, a surviving spouse may continue coverage in the Pre-65 Retiree Plan until age 65. Spouses who reach age 65 before January 1, 2013 will receive the Medicare Part B Stipend after the retiree's death.

Retirees also receive life insurance benefits from the City. Current retirees and future retirees who retire at age 65 or older receive life insurance coverage that is reduced upon retirement to 50% of the amount previously allowed under the plan, and is further reduced at age 70 to 65% of the amount of coverage at retirement. Future retirees who retire at ages younger than 65 receive life insurance coverage that is reduced upon retirement to 50% of the amount previously allowed under the plan, and is further reduced at age 65 to 65% of the amount of coverage at retirement, and is further reduced at age 70 to 50% of the amount of coverage at retirement. Optional life insurance and accidental death and dismemberment cease at age 65 or upon retirement, whichever occurs later.

The General Fund pays the total monthly cost of post-retirement coverage, but is reimbursed for that portion of the premium deemed to be the retired employee's share. For the year ended June 30, 2012, the General Fund's net share of the premiums paid for its 442 retired employees and retired employee's spouses/dependents was \$700,354. There were no significant changes in the coverage provided, however, the reimbursement for retirees and surviving spouse "Medicare Part B Stipend" has been added this year. The City will reimburse a portion of the Medicare Part B premium for any retiree or surviving spouse who reaches the age 65 before January 13, 2013. The addition of this benefit increased the actuarial accrued liability by \$7,383,957.

NOTE 16. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Plan Description (Continued)

Membership in the OPEB Plan as of the most recent actuarial valuation date (July 1, 2012) is as follows:

Active employees	1,164
Retired participants receiving benefits	554
Spouse/dependent of retired participants receiving benefits	60
Total membership	1,778

The City contributed \$700,354 to the OPEB Plan in the year ended June 30, 2012. The annual required contribution amount is determined using actuarial methods and assumptions approved by the City Commission. The City Commission establishes and may amend the funding policy for the OPEB Plan. The other postemployment benefit obligation is liquidated by the General Fund.

Annual required employer contribution	\$ 1,668,951
Interest on net OPEB obligation	68,878
Adjustment to annual required contribution	(65,800)
Annual OPEB cost	1,672,029
Employer contributions for the period ending June 30, 2012	700,354
Increase in net OPEB obligation	971,675
Net OPEB obligation beginning of year	1,721,941
Net OPEB obligation end of year	\$ 2,693,616

NOTE 16. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

Trend Information

Fiscal Year	Ar	nnual OPEB	Percentage of	AOC Contributed Obligate 56% \$ 49 54% 1,02 43% 1,72	Net OPEB
Ending		cost (AOC)	AOC Contributed		
6/30/2009	\$	1,131,237	56%	\$	497,987
6/30/2010		1,132,127	54%		1,023,295
6/30/2011		1,218,630	43%		1,721,941
6/30/2012		1,672,029	42%		2,693,616

As of July 1, 2012, the most recent valuation date, the funded status of the OPEB Plan is as follows:

Schedule of Funding Progress

Unfunded

Actuarial Valuation Date	 rial Value Assets	Actuarial Accrued Liability						nual Covered Payroll	Actuarial Accrued Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	
7/1/2008	\$ -	\$	16,546,482	\$	16,546,482	0%	\$	42,570,855	38.9%	
7/1/2010	-		17,064,694		17,064,694	0%		44,078,327	38.7%	
7/1/2012	-		25,928,078		25,928,078	0%		46,905,285	55.3%	

The July 1, 2012 valuation includes liability for the Medicare Part B Stipend.

NOTE 16. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (CONTINUED)

The required schedule of funding progress immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan net assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability.

Actuarial Assumptions

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amount and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continued revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the plan in effect at July 1, 2012. The assumptions used in the July 1, 2012 actuarial valuation are as follows:

Valuation date	July 1, 2012
Actuarial cost method	Projected Unit Credit
Amortization method	Level Percent of Pay
Amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	Market Value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return (includes inflation)	4.00%
Inflation	3.00%
Health Care Trend Rate (pre65)	9.50%
Health Care Trend Rate (post65)	5.00%
Ultimate Health Care Trend Rate	5.00%
Year of Ultimate Trend Rate	2018

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - CITY OF ALBANY PENSION PLAN

							Unfunded	
							Actuarial	
							Accrued	
				Unfunded			Liability as	
Actuarial		Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial		Annual	a Percentage	
Valuation	/aluation Value		Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	of Covered	
Date		of Assets	 Liability	 Liability	Ration	 Payroll	Payroll	
7/01/2003	\$	101,234,395	\$ 116,585,581	\$ 15,351,186	87%	\$ 33,873,290	45%	
7/01/2004		105,530,007	119,790,054	14,260,047	88%	34,501,482	41%	
7/01/2005		98,797,803	124,523,394	25,725,591	79%	37,961,629	68%	
7/01/2006		96,875,060	130,509,893	33,634,833	74%	39,616,995	85%	
7/01/2007		100,442,613	133,952,447	33,509,834	75%	41,069,169	82%	
7/01/2008		107,485,676	160,715,933	53,230,257	70%	42,310,595	126%	
7/01/2009		109,665,197	167,732,000	58,066,803	65%	43,105,872	135%	
7/01/2011		112,689,357	157,891,512	45,202,155	71%	45,257,183	100%	

SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS

Year Ending	Α	nnual Required	Percentage of
June 30		Contribution	ARC Contributed
2006	\$	2,982,068	113 %
2007		3,011,699	112
2008		4,592,974	81
2009		3,481,566	100
2010		4,231,004	100
2011		4,338,767	100
2012		4,372,222 *	TBD

^{*} Estimated

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS - CITY OF ALBANY OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN

						Unfunded Actuarial	
						Accrued	
			Unfunded			Liability as	
Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial	Actuarial		Annual a Percentage		
Valuation	Value	Accrued	Accrued	Funded	Covered	of Covered	
Date	 of Assets	 Liability	 Liability	Ration	 Payroll	Payroll	
7/1/2008	\$ -	\$ 16,546,482	\$ 16,546,482	0%	\$ 42,570,855	39%	
7/1/2010	-	17,064,694	17,064,694	0%	44,078,327	39%	
7/1/2012	-	25.928.078	25.928.078	0%	46.905.285	55%	

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Hotel/Motel Tax Fund - To account for the collection and disbursement of hotel-motel tax revenue.

Grant Fund - To account for grant revenues and expenditures related to various short lived projects.

ARRA Fund - To account for American Recovery and Reinvestment Act grant revenues and expenditures related to

various short lived projects.

Computer Aided Dispatch Fund - To account for activities related to enhanced "911" services. Financing is provided from program

charges. Revenues are expended for capital assets and system operations.

ADICA - To account for the activities of the Albany-Dougherty Inner City Authority related to inner city

development.

Gortatowsky Fund - To account for resources provided by the estate of Henry Gortatowsky which are to be used to

maintain the Government Center Fountain.

Tax Allocation District Fund - To account for revenues and expenditures related to the City tax allocation district.

Debt Service Funds:

Debt Service Fund- To account for debt service transactions for bonds and debt other than those bonds issued by ADICA.

Capital Projects Funds:

Public Improvement Fund - To account for the construction and financing of public improvements and services from general

governmental resources and GMA lease activity.

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA

BUDGETARY COMPLIANCE

Special Revenue Funds

- Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual

Debt Service Fund

- Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2012

	Special Revenue Funds													
ASSETS		Hotel/ Motel Tax		Grant Fund		ARRA Fund		Computer Aided Dispatch		ADICA	(Gortatowsky Fund	1	Tax Allocation District Fund
Cash	\$	-	\$	793,989	\$	226,696	\$	542,379	\$	2,811,008	\$	-	\$	-
Investments		-		-		-		1,504,733		-		50,022		-
Accounts receivable, net of allowances		130,123		-		354,908		140,697		-		-		-
Due from other funds		-		-		13,086		-		-		=		-
Due from other governments		-		544,332		-		-		-		-		-
Advance to other funds												<u> </u>		
Total assets	\$	130,123	\$	1,338,321	\$	594,690	\$	2,187,809	\$	2,811,008	\$	50,022	\$	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES														
LIABILITIES														
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	38,119	\$	242,330	\$	4,819	\$	550	\$	-	\$	-
Due to other funds		2,240		1,274,806		297,768		239,961		-		-		58,726
Deferred revenues				25,396		54,592								
Total liabilities		2,240		1,338,321		594,690		244,780		550		<u>-</u>		58,726
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)														
Nonspendable:														
Advance to other funds		-		-		-		-		-		-		-
Restricted														-
Promotion of tourism		127,883		-		-		-		-		-		-
Public safety		-		-		-		1,943,029		-		-		-
Gortatowsky endowment		-		-		-		-		-		50,022		-
Capital projects				-		-		-		2,735,217		-		-
Committed														
Inner city development		-		-		-		-		75,241		=		-
Assigned														
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		-		-		(50.700)
Unassigned		- 407.000		-				- 1 0 10 000				-		(58,726)
Total fund balances (deficit)		127,883		-		-		1,943,029		2,810,458		50,022		(58,726)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	130,123	\$	1,338,321	\$	594,690	\$	2,187,809	\$	2,811,008	\$	50,022	\$	-

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS	Debt Service Fund Debt Service Fund		Projects Fund Public rovement Fund	 Total
Cash Investments Accounts receivable, net of allowances Due from other funds Due from other governments Advance to other funds	\$ - - - - - - -	\$	4,285,067 - 2,452,201 1,220,177 1,765,798	\$ 4,374,072 5,839,822 625,728 2,465,287 1,764,509 1,765,798
Total assets	<u>\$ -</u>	\$	9,723,243	\$ 16,835,216
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
LIABILITIES Accounts payable Due to other funds Deferred revenues	\$ - - -	\$	13,778 - 5,015	\$ 299,596 1,873,501 85,003
Total liabilities			18,793	 2,258,100
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT) Nonspendable: Advance to other funds	-		1,765,798	1,765,798
Restricted Promotion of tourism Public safety Gortatowsky endowment Capital projects	- - -		- - - 4,285,067	127,883 1,943,029 50,022 7,020,284
Committed Inner city development Assigned	-		-	75,241
Capital projects Unassigned	<u> </u>		3,653,585	 3,653,585 (58,726)
Total fund balances (deficit)			9,704,450	 14,577,116
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	\$	9,723,243	\$ 16,835,216

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

				Special Revenue	e Funds		
	Hotel/ Motel Tax	Grant Fund	ARRA Fund	Computer Aided Dispatch	ADICA	Gortatowsky Fund	Tax Allocation District Fund
Revenues:		•	•	•			404.400
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,133
Other taxes	1,445,522	4 0 4 7 4 0 0	0.705.400	-	-	-	-
Intergovernmental	-	1,047,498	2,785,489	168,130	-	-	-
Charges for services	-	-	-	1,466,948	41,734	-	-
Other revenues:							
Interest income	-	-	-	36,203	73	973	-
Other income					251	997	6,461
Total revenues	1,445,522	1,047,498	2,785,489	1,671,281	42,058	1,970	107,594
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety	_	184,476	1,053,672	2,217,076	-	-	_
Public works	_	49,778	551,295	-	_	-	_
Parks and recreation	_	149,445	-	_	_	-	_
Community development	725,182	664,179	1,172,891	_	520,523	_	_
Capital outlay	0, .0_	-	-,,	_	-	_	_
Debt service:							
Principal	_	_	_	_	605,409	_	_
Interest	_	_	_	_	11,833	_	33,166
Bond issuance cost	_	_	_	_	119,928	_	-
Total expenditures	725,182	1,047,878	2,777,858	2,217,076	1,257,693		33,166
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		· · ·		· · · · · ·	· · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
over (under) expenditures	720,340	(380)	7,631	(545,795)	(1,215,635)	1,970	74,428
Other financing sources (uses):							
Issuance of bonds payable	-	-	-	-	3,440,000	-	-
Premium on bond issuance	-	-	-	-	28,964	-	-
Transfers in	-	1,351	-	-	375,000	-	-
Transfers out	(1,019,174)	· -	(7,631)	(20,661)	· -	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	(1,019,174)	1,351	(7,631)	(20,661)	3,843,964		
Net change in fund balances	(298,834)	971	-	(566,456)	2,628,329	1,970	74,428
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	426,717	(971)		2,509,485	182,129	48,052	(133,154
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	\$ 127,883	\$ -	¢	\$ 1,943,029	\$ 2,810,458	\$ 50,022	\$ (58,726

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Debt Service Funds Debt Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund Public Improvement Fund	Total
Revenues: Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 101,133
Other taxes	φ -	Φ -	1,445,522
Intergovernmental	<u>-</u>	1,923,303	5,924,420
Charges for services	-	-	1,508,682
Other revenues:			
Interest income	-	573,075	610,324
Other income			7,709
Total revenues		2,496,378	9,597,790
Expenditures: Current:			
Public safety	_	_	3,455,224
Public works	<u>-</u>	_	601,073
Parks and recreation	-	-	149,445
Community development	<u>-</u>	-	3,082,775
Capital outlay	-	1,681,223	1,681,223
Debt service:			
Principal	-	-	605,409
Interest	 _	523,755	568,754
Total expenditures	-	2,204,978	10,263,831
Excess (deficiency) of revenues			
over (under) expenditures		291,400	(666,041)
Other financing sources (uses):			
Issuance of bonds payable	-	-	3,440,000
Premium on bond issuance	-	-	28,964
Transfers in	- (0.044)	-	376,351
Transfers out	(6,814)		(1,054,280)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(6,814)		2,791,035
Net change in fund balances	(6,814)	291,400	2,124,994
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year	6,814	9,413,050	12,452,122
Fund balances (deficit), end of year	<u>\$</u>	\$ 9,704,450	\$ 14,577,116

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Special Revenue Funds						
		Hotel/Motel Tax Fur	nd	Computer Aided Dispatch Fund			
	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance	Original and Final Budget	Actual	Variance	
Revenues:							
Taxes	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,445,522	\$ 245,522	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	-	-	-	73,000	168,130	95,130	
Charges for services	-	-	-	1,635,736	1,466,948	(168,788)	
Interest income	-	-	-	25,000	36,203	11,203	
Other income	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total revenues	1,200,000	1,445,522	245,522	1,733,736	1,671,281	(62,455)	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety	-	-	-	2,290,847	2,217,076	73,771	
Public works	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Parks and recreation	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Community development	600,000	725,182	(125,182)	-	-	-	
Debt service	-	-	· -	-	_	-	
Total expenditures	600,000	725,182	(125,182)	2,290,847	2,217,076	73,771	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	600,000	720,340	120,340	(557,111)	(545,795)	11,316	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Issuance of bonds payable	_	-	-	-	_	_	
Transfers in	_	-	-	557,111	_	(557,111)	
Transfers out	(600,000)	(1,019,174)	419,174		(20,661)	(20,661)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	(600,000)	(1,019,174)	419,174	557,111	(20,661)	(577,772)	
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	(298,834)	\$ (298,834)	\$ -	(566,456)	\$ (566,456)	
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year		426,717			2,509,485		
Fund balance (deficit), end of year		\$ 127,883			\$ 1,943,029		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Net change in fund balances Net change in fund balance Net chan	Special Revenue Funds					
Final Budget Actual Variance Budget Actual Revenues Revenues Final Budget Actual Variance Revenues Final Budget Actual Final Budget Actual Final Budget Actual Final Budget Actual Final Budget Final B	ARRA Fund					
Revenues:						
Taxes	ctual Varian	Variance				
Intergovernmental 2,040,990 1,047,498 (993,492) 3,863,000 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2						
Charges for services -	- \$					
Interest income	2,785,489 (1,07	(1,077,511				
Other income - <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td></t<>	-					
Total revenues 2,040,990 1,047,498 (993,492) 3,863,000 2	-					
Expenditures: Current: Public safety 510,658 184,476 326,182 730,000 194,000 1	<u> </u>					
Current: Public safety 510,658 184,476 326,182 730,000 19 Public works 28,820 49,778 (20,958) 968,000 19 Parks and recreation 69,246 149,445 (80,199) - - Community development 1,432,266 664,179 768,087 2,165,000 1 Debt service - - - - - - Total expenditures 2,040,990 1,047,878 993,112 3,863,000 2 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - (380) (380) - - Other financing sources (uses): 1 - <th>2,785,489 (1,07</th> <th>(1,077,511</th>	2,785,489 (1,07	(1,077,511				
Public safety 510,658 184,476 326,182 730,000 78 Public works 28,820 49,778 (20,958) 968,000 Parks and recreation 69,246 149,445 (80,199) - Community development 1,432,266 664,179 768,087 2,165,000 7 Debt service -						
Public works 28,820 49,778 (20,958) 968,000 Parks and recreation 69,246 149,445 (80,199) - Community development 1,432,266 664,179 768,087 2,165,000 1 Debt service - - - - - - Total expenditures 2,040,990 1,047,878 993,112 3,863,000 2 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - (380) (380) - - Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of bonds payable -						
Parks and recreation 69,246 149,445 (80,199) - Community development 1,432,266 664,179 768,087 2,165,000 1 Debt service - - - - - - - Total expenditures 2,040,990 1,047,878 993,112 3,863,000 2 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - (380) (380) - Other financing sources (uses): - - - - - Issuance of bonds payable - <td< td=""><td>1,053,672 (32</td><td>(323,672</td></td<>	1,053,672 (32	(323,672				
Community development 1,432,266 664,179 768,087 2,165,000 1 Debt service -	551,295 41	416,705				
Debt service - <t< td=""><td>-</td><td></td></t<>	-					
Total expenditures 2,040,990 1,047,878 993,112 3,863,000 2 Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - (380) (380) - Other financing sources (uses): -	1,172,891 99	992,109				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures - (380) (380) - Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of bonds payable - - - - - Transfers in - 1,351 1,351 - Transfers out - - - - - Total other financing sources (uses) - 1,351 1,351 - Net change in fund balances \$ - 971 \$ (380) \$ -	-					
Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of bonds payable -	2,777,858 1,08	1,085,142				
Issuance of bonds payable	7,631_	7,631				
Issuance of bonds payable						
Transfers out - <	-					
Total other financing sources (uses) - 1,351 - - Net change in fund balances \$ - 971 \$ (380) \$ -	-					
Net change in fund balances <u>\$ -</u> 971 <u>\$ (380)</u> <u>\$ -</u>	(7,631) ((7,631				
	(7,631)	(7,631				
	- \$					
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year (971)	<u>-</u>					
Fund balance (deficit), end of year \$ - \$	<u>-</u>					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Special Revenue Funds						
	Tax	Allocation District		Gortatowsky Fund			
	Original and Final	A -41	Variana	Original and Final	A -4:1	Variance	
Revenues:	Budget	Actual	Variance	Budget	Actual	Variance	
Taxes	\$ 25,000	\$ 101,133	\$ 76,133	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	
Intergovernmental	Ψ 25,000	Ψ 101,100	Ψ 70,100	Ψ - -	Ψ -	Ψ -	
Charges for services	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Interest income	_	_	_	_	973	973	
Other income	_	6,461	6,461	_	997	997	
Total revenues	25,000	107,594	82,594	-	1,970	1,970	
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Public safety	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Public works	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Parks and recreation	_	_	_	_	_	-	
Community development	25,000	_	25,000	_	_	-	
Debt service	,	33,166	(33,166)	_	_	_	
Total expenditures	25,000	33,166	(8,166)	-		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		74,428	74,428		1,970	1,970	
Other financing sources (uses):							
Issuance of bonds payable	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Transfers in	-	-	_	-	-	-	
Transfers out					<u> </u>		
Total other financing sources (uses)				<u> </u>			
Net change in fund balances	\$ -	74,428	\$ 74,428	\$ -	1,970	\$ 1,970	
				· ·	•		
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year		(133,154)			48,052		
Fund balance (deficit), end of year		\$ (58,726)			\$ 50,022		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		,	Speci	al Revenue Fu	nds					
	ADICA			Debt Service Fund						
	F	nal and inal idget		Actual	Varian	ce	Original and Final Budget		Actual	Variance
Revenues:				710100					710100	
Taxes	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$ -	\$	_	\$ -
Intergovernmental	,	_	·	_	•	_	_	•	_	-
Charges for services		_		41,734	4	1,734	_		_	-
Interest income		_		73		73	_		-	-
Other income				251		251	_		-	-
Total revenues				42,058	4	2,058	-	_		
Expenditures:										
Current:										
Public safety		_		_		_	_		-	-
Public works		_		_		_	-		_	_
Parks and recreation		_		_		_	_		_	-
Community development		_		520,523	(52	0,523)	_		_	-
Debt service		_		737,170		7,170)	_		-	-
Total expenditures				1,257,693		7,693)	-		-	
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures				(1,215,635)	(1,21	5,635)				
Other financing sources (uses):										
Issuance of bonds payable		_		3,440,000	3,44	0,000	_		_	-
Premium on bond issuance		_		28,964		8,964	_		_	-
Transfers in		_		375,000	37	5,000	_		-	-
Transfers out									(6,814)	(6,814)
Total other financing sources (uses):				3,843,964	3,84	3,964			(6,814)	(6,814)
Net change in fund balances	\$			2,628,329	\$ 2,62	8,329	\$ -	=	(6,814)	\$ (6,814)
Fund balances (deficit), beginning of year				182,129				-	6,814	
Fund balance (deficit), end of year			\$	2,810,458				\$		

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA

NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

Transit Fund

- To account for the provision of transit service to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

Civic Center Fund

- To account for the operations of the James H. Gray Civic Center and the City's municipal auditorium. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund.

Municipal Auditorium Fund

- To account for the operations of the municipal auditorium through July 1, 2011. On that date, accounting for the activities of the municipal auditorium was transferred to the Civic Center Fund.

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

ASSETS	Transit Fund	Civic Center Fund	Municipal Auditorium Fund	Totals
CURRENT ASSETS		- Tuna	- Tunu	Totals
Cash	\$ -	\$ 5,486	\$ -	\$ 5.486
Accounts receivable, net of allowances	· -	23,044	· -	23,044
Inventories	195,433		-	195,433
Due from other funds	· -	3,835	-	3,835
Due from other governments	610,841			610,841
Total current assets	806,274	32,365		838,639
NONCURRENT ASSETS				
Capital assets				
Non-depreciable	217,898	2,849,761	-	3,067,659
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation	4,112,553	9,645,172		13,757,725
Total noncurrent assets	4,330,451	12,494,933		16,825,384
Total assets	5,136,725	12,527,298		17,664,023
LIABILITIES				
CURRENT LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	68,111	75,952	-	144,063
Current portion - compensated absences	120,547	73,282	-	193,829
Due to other funds	610,841	85,020	-	695,861
Deferred revenues	86,328	49,238		135,566
Total current liabilities	885,827	283,492		1,169,319
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES				
Compensated absences, net of current portion	13,394	8,142	-	21,536
Total long-term liabilities	13,394	8,142	-	21,536
Total liabilities	899,221	291,634		1,190,855
NET ASSETS				
Invested in capital assets	4,330,451	12,494,933	-	16,825,384
Unrestricted (deficit)	(92,947)	(259,269)		(352,216)
Total net assets	\$ 4,237,504	\$ 12,235,664	\$ -	\$ 16,473,168

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Transit Fund	Civic Center Fund	Municipal Auditorium Fund	Totals
Operating revenues:				
Charges for services	\$ 557,583	\$ 444,135	\$ -	\$ 1,001,718
Total operating revenues	557,583	444,135		1,001,718
Operating expenses:				
Personnel costs	1,726,435	754,910	-	2,481,345
Supplies	134,640	62,848	-	197,488
Operating services and charges	883,662	707,062	-	1,590,724
Maintenance and repairs	307,267	103,685	-	410,952
Depreciation	416,099	556,927	<u>-</u>	973,026
Total operating expenses	3,468,103	2,185,432		5,653,535
Operating loss	(2,910,520)	(1,741,297)		(4,651,817)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):				
Intergovernmental - operating grants	830,000	-	-	830,000
Intergovernmental - capital grants	1,659,427	-	-	1,659,427
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	(37,308)	1,177	-	(36,131)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	2,452,119	1,177		2,453,296
Loss before contributions and transfers	(458,401)	(1,740,120)		(2,198,521)
Capital contributions	1,177,440	62,966	<u> </u>	1,240,406
Transfers				
Transfers in	1,161,358	1,996,741	-	3,158,099
Transfers out	<u> </u>	(575,717)	(631,890)	(1,207,607)
Total transfers	1,161,358	1,421,024	(631,890)	1,950,492
Change in net assets	1,880,397	(256,130)	(631,890)	992,377
Total net assets, beginning of year	2,357,107	12,491,794	631,890	15,480,791
Total net assets, end of year	\$ 4,237,504	\$ 12,235,664	\$ -	\$ 16,473,168

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		ansit und	Civic Center Fund		funicipal uditorium Fund		Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		unu	Fullu	-	rulia		TOTALS
Receipts from customers	\$	549.478	\$ 449,164	\$	636,264	\$	1,634,906
Payments to suppliers	. (1,238,343)	(1,174,890)	·	(4,374)	·	(2,417,607)
Payments to employees	,	1,722,925)	(699,989)				(2,422,914)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(2,411,790)	(1,425,715)		631,890		(3,205,615)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL							
FINANCING ACTIVITIES		4 404 050	4 000 744				2.450.000
Transfers in		1,161,358	1,996,741		(004.000)		3,158,099
Transfers out		-	(575,717)		(631,890)		(1,207,607)
Operating grants received		830,000					830,000
Net cash provided by (used in) noncapital financing activities		1,991,358	1,421,024	_	(631,890)		2,780,492
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND							
RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES							
Acquisition and construction of capital assets	(1,243,814)	- 0.477		-		(1,243,814)
Proceeds from sale of capital assets		4,819	2,177		-		6,996
Capital grants received		1,659,427					1,659,427
Net cash provided by capital and related financing activities		420,432	2,177				422,609

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	 Transit Fund	Civic Center Fund	/lunicipal uditorium Fund	Totals
Decrease in cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ (2,514)	\$ -	\$ (2,514)
Cash and cash equivalents:				
Beginning of year	 -	 8,000	 -	8,000
End of year	\$ _	\$ 5,486	\$ -	\$ 5,486
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES:				
Operating loss	\$ (2,910,520)	\$ (1,741,297)	\$ -	\$ (4,651,817)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by				
(used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation	416,099	556,927	-	973,026
Increase in accounts receivable	-	(133)	-	(133)
Increase in inventories	(107,430)	-	-	(107,430)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds	-	(3,835)	636,264	632,429
Decrease in due from other governments	6,040	-	-	6,040
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,510	54,921	(4,374)	54,057
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	188,616	(301,295)	-	(112,679)
Increase (decrease) in deferred revenues	 (8,105)	8,997	 	892
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$ (2,411,790)	\$ (1,425,715)	\$ 631,890	\$ (3,205,615)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Contributions of capital assets from governmental activities	\$ 1,177,440	\$ 62,966	\$ -	\$ 1,240,406

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

Self-Administered Insurance Fund - To account for the funding of self-insurance and payment of claims and judgments against the City.

Long-Term Disability Fund

- To account for the accumulation of resources for future long-term disability claims through June 30, 2012. The City is now fully insured for disability claims.

Workers' Compensation Fund

- To account for the accumulation of resources for future workers' compensation claims.

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2012

	Self-Administered Insurance Fund	Long-Term Disability Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	Totals
ASSETS				
Cash	\$ 1,532,449	\$ -	\$ 12,033	\$ 1,544,482
Investments	1,857,015		1,052,850	2,909,865
Total assets	3,389,464		1,064,883	4,454,347
LIABILITIES AND FUND EQUITY				
LIABILITIES				
Accounts payable	105	-	-	105
Claims payable	1,925,000	-	761,827	2,686,827
Due to other funds	234,881_		197,844	432,725
Total liabilities	2,159,986		959,671	3,119,657
NET ASSETS				
Unrestricted	1,229,478_		105,212	1,334,690
Total net assets	\$ 1,229,478	\$ -	\$ 105,212	\$ 1,334,690

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Administered Isurance Fund	Long-Term Disability Fund	Co	Workers' ompensation Fund	Totals
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$ 1,442,106	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 1,442,106
Other	 241			40,822	41,063
Total operating revenues	 1,442,347	-	_	40,822	 1,483,169
Operating expenses:					
Claims and damages	1,056,582	-		685,777	1,742,359
Administrative	 135,375			381,930	517,305
Total operating expenses	 1,191,957	-	_	1,067,707	 2,259,664
Operating income (loss)	250,390	-		(1,026,885)	(776,495)
Interest income	 51,089	2,936		48,047	102,072
Income (loss) before transfers	 301,479	2,936		(978,838)	(674,423)
Transfers out	 	(53,176)			 (53,176)
Change in net assets	301,479	(50,240)		(978,838)	(727,599)
Net assets, beginning of year	 927,999	50,240		1,084,050	 2,062,289
Net assets, end of year	\$ 1,229,478	\$ -	\$	105,212	\$ 1,334,690

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	 Administered nsurance Fund	Long-Term Disability Fund	Workers' Compensation Fund	Totals
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from other funds Claims paid Premiums paid	\$ 1,181,956 (701,916) (135,270)	\$ - (82,655)	\$ (499,993) (357,623) (361,930)	\$ 681,963 (1,142,194) (497,200)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	 344,770	(82,655)	(1,219,546)	(957,431)
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers out	 	(53,176)		(53,176)
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	 	(53,176)		(53,176)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest on investments Net cash provided by investing activities	 51,089 51,089	2,936 2,936	<u>48,047</u> 48,047	102,072 102,072
Increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	395,859	(132,895)	(1,171,499)	(908,535)
Cash and cash equivalents: Beginning of year	 2,993,605	132,895	2,236,382	5,362,882
End of year	\$ 3,389,464	\$ -	\$ 1,064,883	\$ 4,454,347

CITY OF ALBANY, GEORGIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

		Administered nsurance Fund	ng-Term isability Fund	Co	Workers' ompensation Fund	Totals
Classified as:						
Cash	\$	1,532,449	\$ -	\$	12,033	\$ 1,544,482
Investments	-	1,857,015	 		1,052,850	 2,909,865
	<u>\$</u>	3,389,464	\$ 	\$	1,064,883	\$ 4,454,347
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES						
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by (used) in operating activities:	\$	250,390	\$ -	\$	(1,026,885)	\$ (776,495)
Changes in assets and liabilities:						
Increase in accounts payable		105	-		-	105
Increase in claims payable		354,666	-		348,154	702,820
Decrease in due to other funds		(260,391)	 (82,655)		(540,815)	 (883,861)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	344,770	\$ (82,655)	\$	(1,219,546)	\$ (957,431)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Estimat	ed Cos	st	Expe	nditure	s	
Project	 Original		Current	Prior Years		Current Year	Cumulative Total
Airport Improvements	\$ 3,992,000	\$	3,992,000	\$ -	\$	665,621	\$ 665,621
Civic Center Improvements	350,000		350,000	-		-	-
Sanitary & Storm Drainage Improvements	9,000,000		9,000,000	-		-	-
Roadway, Traffic Safety, Sidewalk & Bridge Improvements	18,501,500		18,501,500	-		172,839	172,839
Public Safety Improvements & Equipment	9,086,284		9,086,284	-		1,273,234	1,273,234
Alley Paving Improvements	3,684,216		3,684,216	-		-	-
Information Technology Improvements	1,500,000		1,500,000	20,838		7,294	28,132
Riverfront Development Improvements	250,000		250,000	-		-	-
Transit System Improvements & Equipment	4,380,000		4,380,000	-		-	-
Solid Waste Improvements	615,000		615,000	-		-	-
Historical & Cultural Improvements	276,000		276,000	-		-	-
Recreational Facility Improvements	2,750,000		2,750,000	-		-	-
City-Owned Facility Improvements	500,000		500,000	-		-	-
New Senior Center	3,000,000		3,000,000	-		-	-
Chehaw Park Improvements	1,750,000		1,750,000	-		-	-
Community Swimming Pool - East Albany	1,000,000		1,000,000	-		-	-
Thronateeska Improvements	2,000,000		2,000,000	-		302,296	302,296
Chamber of Commerce Improvements	85,000		85,000	-		-	-
Debt Service - Principal on SPLOST bonds	-		-	-		-	-
Debt Service - Interest on SPLOST bonds	-		-	-		151,830	151,830
Total	\$ 62,720,000	\$	62,720,000	\$ 20,838	\$	2,573,114	\$ 2,593,952

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Estimat	ed Cos	t	Expe	nditure	s	
Project	 Original		Current	 Prior Years		Current Year	Cumulative Total
Airport Improvements	\$ 1,703,200	\$	1,703,200	\$ 1,703,017	\$	_	\$ 1,703,017
Civic Center Improvements	2,560,000		2,560,000	2,475,671		47,600	2,523,271
Engineering	13,850,000		13,750,000	4,229,249		581,359	4,810,608
Civic Center Debt Retirement	5,500,000		5,500,000	6,669,376		-	6,669,376
Fire Department Equipment	1,500,000		1,500,000	-		-	-
Public Safety Communications and Equipment	150,000		150,000	-		-	-
Public Works	6,810,000		6,810,000	6,609,422		30,959	6,640,381
Recreation	5,000,000		5,000,000	4,617,322		475,740	5,093,062
800 MHZ Radio Upgrade, Tower	6,800,000		6,800,000	6,697,462		-	6,697,462
GPS/GIS Information Infrastructure Mapping	1,500,000		1,500,000	684,197		188,388	872,585
Fire Training Facility	1,500,000		1,500,000	3,070,405		121,288	3,191,693
GIS/Color Infrared Photos	750,000		750,000	423,646		121,182	544,828
Disparity Study	350,000		350,000	339,871		-	339,871
Riverfront Development Projects	8,650,000		7,151,425	5,045,934		-	5,045,934
Thronateeska Improvements	3,500,000		3,900,400	3,927,801		-	3,927,801
Civil Rights Museum Expansion	3,750,000		4,098,175	4,035,383		-	4,035,383
Chehaw Park Improvements	2,000,000		2,000,000	1,868,601		130,740	1,999,341
East Broad Lead Clean-up	-		850,000	913,690		2,531	916,221
Debt Service - Principal on SPLOST bonds	-		-	14,000,000		-	14,000,000
Debt Service - Interest on SPLOST bonds	 			 1,997,221		-	 1,997,221
Total	\$ 65,873,200	\$	65,873,200	\$ 69,308,268	\$	1,699,787	\$ 71,008,055

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Estimate	d Cos	t	Exper	diture	es .			
				 Prior		Current		C	umulative
Project	 Original	Current		 Years	Year				Total
Law Enforcement Center	\$ 14,500,000	\$	14,500,000	\$ 2,096,270	\$		-	\$	2,096,270
Debt Retirement	6,811,094		6,811,094	7,037,929			-		7,037,929
Street Improvements	6,500,000		6,500,000	6,534,435			-		6,534,435
Recreation Improvements	3,150,000		3,150,000	1,349,918			-		1,349,918
Storm Drainage Improvements	3,000,000		3,000,000	1,191,646			-		1,191,646
Fire Station and Equipment	2,000,000		2,000,000	2,001,362			-		2,001,362
Traffic Safety	725,000		725,000	725,000			-		725,000
Chehaw Park Improvements	700,000		700,000	193,809			-		193,809
Capital Improvement Project funded by Dougherty County	1,800,000		1,800,000	 1,776,726			<u>-</u> .		1,776,726
Total	\$ 39,186,094	\$	39,186,094	\$ 22,907,095	\$	-		\$	22,907,095

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Estimate	ed Cos	t	Expe	nditur	es		
Project	Original		Current	Prior Years		Current Year		 Cumulative Total
Street and Road Projects	\$ 10,000,000	\$	10,000,000	\$ 13,225,610	\$		-	\$ 13,225,610
Water and Sewer Extensions	7,200,000		7,200,000	14,848,433			-	14,848,433
Fire Station and Equipment	2,500,000		2,500,000	2,503,629			-	2,503,629
Emergency Operations Center	3,000,000		3,000,000	2,942,042			-	2,942,042
Community Policing Centers	1,500,000		1,500,000	1,497,283			_	1,497,283
Recreation Improvements	8,500,000		8,500,000	7,713,804			-	7,713,804
Chehaw Park Improvements	1,000,000		1,000,000	1,000,000			-	1,000,000
Downtown Improvements	2,350,000		2,350,000	1,618,433			-	1,618,433
Retirement of Government Center Debt	 3,500,000		3,500,000	3,289,863			<u>-</u>	 3,289,863
Total	\$ 39,550,000	\$	39,550,000	\$ 48,639,097	\$		_	\$ 48,639,097

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX PROCEEDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

	Estimate	ed Cos	t		Exper					
					Prior	Current		C	umulative	
Project	 Original C		Current		Years Year		Years Yea		Total	
Chehaw Park Improvements	\$ 6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	6,000,000	\$	-	\$	6,000,000	
Albany Street Lights	2,500,000		2,500,000		1,186,584		280,007		1,466,591	
Conference Center	 2,500,000		2,500,000		302,227				302,227	
Total	\$ 11,000,000	\$	11,000,000	\$	7,488,811	\$	280,007	\$	7,768,818	

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED)

This part of the City of Albany's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, required supplementary information, and supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

<u>Contents</u>		<u>Page</u>
	contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being or time.	34 - 142
Revenue Capacity	14	43 - 148
These schedules	contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	
Debt Capacity	14	49 - 153
	present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and issue additional debt in the future.	
Demographic and Econ	mic Information1	54 - 156
These schedules City's financial ad	offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the ivities take place.	
•		
Operating Information .	157 a	and 158
	contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial e services the City provides and the activities it performs.	

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's financial reports for the relevant year. The City implemented GASB 34 in 2003; schedules presenting government-wide information (unless otherwise indicated) include information beginning in that year.

Note: Unless otherwise noted, the financial information in these schedules do not include the City's discretely presented component units.

NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Fisca	l Ye	ar					
	_	2003	 2004	 2005	 2006	 2007		2008	 2009	_	2010	 2011	 2012
Governmental activities													
Invested in capital assets, net													
of related debt	\$	55,137,111	\$ 61,293,366	\$ 79,137,673	\$ 63,265,904	\$ 50,077,946	\$	70,610,705	\$ 78,428,752	\$	88,743,491	\$ 98,535,755	\$ 73,083,652
Restricted		309,413	51,416	101	15,013,027	22,207,175		21,328,367	16,456,922		13,177,567	25,826,583	47,176,694
Unrestricted		26,826,914	34,523,181	 26,893,280	 28,798,084	 53,087,410		44,719,433	 40,133,840		45,542,781	 30,230,043	 35,240,562
Total governmental activities													
net assets	\$	82,273,438	\$ 95,867,963	\$ 106,031,054	\$ 107,077,015	\$ 125,372,531	\$	136,658,505	\$ 135,019,514	\$	147,463,839	\$ 154,592,381	\$ 155,500,908
Business-type activities Invested in capital assets, net													
of related debt	\$	45,691,981	\$ 48,136,706	\$ 49,256,423	\$ 73,004,315	\$ 82,562,046	\$	86,139,998	\$ 87,159,039	\$	90,125,991	\$ 94,042,509	\$ 99,376,889
Restricted		7,503,533	7,885,008	5,287,933	2,664,869	2,611,185		575,157	3,009,678		2,667,647	9,036,399	8,768,406
Unrestricted		6,377,188	7,319,208	10,898,996	13,281,984	14,604,568		20,104,218	19,368,954		12,927,651	9,762,737	10,043,897
Total business-type													
activities net assets	\$	59,572,702	\$ 63,340,922	\$ 65,443,352	\$ 88,951,168	\$ 99,777,799	\$	106,819,373	\$ 109,537,671	\$	105,721,289	\$ 112,841,645	\$ 118,189,192
Primary government Invested in capital assets, net													
of related debt	\$	100,829,092	\$ 109,430,072	\$ 128,394,096	\$ 136,270,219	\$ 132,639,992	\$	156,750,703	\$ 165,587,791	\$	178,869,482	\$ 192,578,264	\$ 172,460,541
Restricted		7,812,946	7,936,424	5,288,034	17,677,896	24,818,360		21,903,524	19,466,600		15,845,214	34,862,982	55,945,100
Unrestricted		33,204,102	41,842,389	 37,792,276	 42,080,068	 67,691,978		64,823,651	 59,502,794		58,470,432	39,992,780	45,284,459
Total primary government													
net assets	\$	141,846,140	\$ 159,208,885	\$ 171,474,406	\$ 196.028.183	\$ 225.150.330	\$	243.477.878	\$ 244.557.185	\$	253,185,128	\$ 267,434,026	\$ 273,690,100

NOTES

Accrual-basis financial information for the city government as a whole is available back to June 30, 2003, the year GASB 34 was implemented.

Amounts presented for fiscal years 2003 - 2005 have been restated for the effects of prior period adjustments recorded in fiscal year 2005.

The City retroactively reported its major general infrastructure assets in fiscal year 2007.

The amounts presented for fiscal years 2008 - 2009 have been restated for a change in accounting policy.

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fis	cal Year							
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	200	08	2009	2010	201	1		2012
Expenses													
Primary government:													
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$ 7,262,456	\$ 7,276,172	\$ 8,137,913	\$ 8,434,146	\$ 11,031,409	\$ 13,0	063,421	\$ 12,215,564	\$ 12,215,564	\$ 12,9	88,647	\$	15,659,577
Judicial	602,121	559,782	534,486	699,203	874,234	ç	910,240	952,323	952,323	1,0	16,422		1,092,438
Public safety	26,426,783	24,026,801	28,127,098	25,879,588	26,853,620	30,2	268,106	31,206,297	31,206,297	33,5	41,721		36,274,636
Public works	3,309,918	6,095,676	4,628,392	3,956,468	8,148,684	8,3	306,157	7,695,464	7,695,464	6,9	81,385		8,562,916
Parks and recreation	3,946,885	3,136,304	5,224,944	4,349,931	7,195,375	12,8	318,108	9,079,385	9,079,385	7,0	31,469		6,572,226
Community development	12,346,081	17,408,508	17,583,267	9,925,973	9,283,562	7,4	497,726	5,591,053	5,591,053	5,8	51,434		8,866,465
Community service	354,501	413,405	387,919	272,044	341,999	3	336,411	399,347	399,347	3	96,531		413,150
Interest and fiscal changes	675,902	593,219	1,144,069	1,283,108	1,318,996	1,5	515,177	1,549,738	1,549,738	1,0	79,261		737,496
Total governmental activities	54,924,647	59,509,867	65,768,088	54,800,461	65,047,879	74,7	715,346	68,689,171	68,689,171	68,8	86,870		78,178,905
Business-type activities:													
Sanitary sewer	11,940,921	11,520,444	11,449,170	13,561,191	13,400,852	13.5	503,253	14,402,906	14,402,906	12.8	38,068		13,802,498
Solid waste	6,333,690	6,158,567	6,223,987	7,002,226	7,473,428	,	206,745	8,499,616	8,499,616	,	63,262		8,336,517
Airport	1,292,206	1,197,088	1,602,919	1,764,616	1,557,618		195,398	2,415,280	2,415,280	,	43,741		2,632,485
Public employee deposit	15,025,032	15,330,991	13,934,182	15,186,576	17,909,891	,	935,572	13,042,126	13,042,126	,	86,117		14,435,555
Transit	2,749,749	3,108,171	2,649,153	3,029,095	3,185,794	,	435,890	2,902,980	2,902,980	,	34,292		3,511,901
Civic Center	1,605,582	1,469,785	1,500,860	1,617,272	1,702,874	,	307,638	1,603,124	1,603,124	,	85,466		2,197,236
Municipal Auditorium	302,700	216,235	213,443	182,094	154,036	,	160,829	192,119	192,119		54,971		-
Total business-type activities	39,249,880	39,001,281	37,573,714	42,343,070	45,384,493		245,325	43,058,151	43,058,151		05,917		44,916,193
									 				• •
Total primary government expenses	94,174,527	98,511,148	103,341,802	97,143,531	110,432,372	123.9	960,671	111,747,322	111,747,322	110.5	92,787	1	123,095,098

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	l Year 2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Program revenues										
Primary government:										
Governmental activities: Charges for services										
General government	\$ 7,614,709	\$ 2.673.068	\$ 2,523,557	\$ 2.339.933	\$ 2.349.462	\$ 2,676,493	\$ 2.466.315	\$ 2,466,315	\$ 2.596.447	\$ 2.640.527
Judicial	1,474,669	1,540,161	1,285,247	1,029,011	856,868	999,810	1,109,205	1,109,205	1,251,773	1,203,831
Public safety	2,391,922	1,468,067	1,747,826	1,517,385	1,538,804	1,691,284	1,715,042	1,715,042	1,556,068	1,520,217
Public works	1,045,966	1,080,248	1,401,512	1,242,302	2,105,018	806,260	792,786	792,786	984,194	981,413
Parks and recreation	358,926	131,136	326,707	362,668	454,975	437,344	335.993	335,993	204,102	203,342
Community development	3,845,280	3,482,564	8,938,601	2,377,746	2,055,849	2,961,169	481,049	481,049	1,285,180	1,097,442
Operating grants and contributions	10,687,430	12,845,939	14,014,169	14,311,112	13,729,819	15,310,571	18,090,264	18,090,264	22,392,721	23,495,445
Capital grants and contributions	3,616,653	13,489,455	6,734,862	4,171,793	2,569,404	15,916,286	2,033,058	2,033,058	15,615,908	17,027,629
Total governmental activities program										
revenues	31,035,555	36,710,638	36,972,481	27,351,950	25,660,199	40,799,217	27,023,712	27,023,712	45,886,393	48,169,846
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services										
Sanitary sewer	11,451,610	11,909,095	12,545,688	13,902,053	14,321,155	15,184,281	15,111,550	15,111,550	15,301,208	14,554,746
Solid waste	6,518,902	6,732,636	7,312,754	7,775,530	8,271,443	8,262,522	8,412,723	8,412,723	9,033,593	9,105,594
Airport	639,012	688,356	728,848	713,386	757,547	812,117	728,191	728,191	762,688	834,146
Public employee deposit	13,908,768	15,321,954	13,946,036	15,179,150	17,868,487	19,927,744	13,034,004	13,034,004	13,801,791	13,971,380
Transit Civic Center	362,131	416,702	397,778	417,598	436,988	429,695	495,279	495,279	525,469	557,583
Municipal Auditorium	383,252 48,583	453,616 35,561	376,832 33,719	419,460 34,693	446,822 26,732	282,776 42,388	255,803 52,565	255,803 52,565	360,583 60,769	444,135
Operating grants and contributions	802,838	2,729,182	1,086,587	3,035,050	2,027,577	2,321,938	1,678,305	1,678,305	1,254,198	1,228,886
Capital grants and contributions	9,672,557	1,741,879	525,111	477,633	9,076,175	5,818,085	2,872,902	2,872,902	1,254,190	3,790,551
, ,	0,012,001	1,7 11,070	020,111	111,000	0,070,170	0,010,000	2,072,002	2,012,002		0,700,001
Total business-type activities program										
revenues	43,787,653	40,028,981	36,953,353	41,954,553	53,232,926	53,081,546	42,641,322	42,641,322	41,100,299	44,487,021
Total primary government program										
revenues	74,823,208	76,739,619	73,925,834	69,306,503	78,893,125	93,880,763	69,665,034	69,665,034	86,986,692	92,656,867

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Eier	cal Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General revenues and other changes in net assets Primary government: Governmental activities:										
Taxes Investment earnings Gain on sale of assets	\$ 38,173,693 268,969 (2,579,721)	261,691	\$ 40,498,497 933,302	\$ 50,255,224 1,591,370	\$ 45,807,436 2,135,978	\$ 47,569,215 2,255,534	\$ 41,747,300 1,163,072	\$ 41,747,300 1,163,072	\$ 31,573,914 1,009,368	\$ 31,839,278 1,750,706
Transfers	(2,787,436)		(2,473,101)	(23,352,122)	(2,185,301)	(2,543,171)	(2,883,904)	(2,883,904)	(4,316,622)	(4,680,629)
Total governmental activities general revenues and other changes in net assets	33,075,505	36,393,754	38,958,698	28,494,472	45,758,113	47,281,578	40,026,468	40,026,468	28,266,660	28,909,355
Business-type activities: Investment earnings Gain on sale of assets	186,037 141,972	115,889 94	249,690	544,211	792,897	662,182	251,223	251,223	334,521	1,096,090
Transfers Total business-type activities general	2,787,436	2,624,537	2,473,101	23,352,122	2,185,301	2,543,171	2,883,904	2,883,904	4,316,622	4,680,629
revenues and other changes in net assets	3,115,445	2,740,520	2,722,791	23,896,333	2,978,198	3,205,353	3,135,127	3,135,127	4,651,143	5,776,719
Total primary government general revenues and other changes in net assets	36,190,950	39,134,274	41,681,489	52,390,805	48,736,311	50,486,931	43,161,595	43,161,595	32,917,803	34,686,074
Change in net assets Governmental activities Business-type activities	9,186,413 7,653,218	13,594,525 3,768,220	10,163,091 2,102,430	1,045,961 23,507,816	6,370,433 10,826,631	13,365,449 7,041,574	(1,638,991) 2,718,298	(1,638,991) 2,718,298	5,266,183 4,045,525	(1,099,704) 5,347,547
Total primary government change in net assets	\$ 16,839,631	\$ 17,362,745	\$ 12,265,521	\$ 24,553,777	\$ 17,197,064	\$ 20,407,023	\$ 1,079,307	\$ 1,079,307	\$ 9,311,708	\$ 4,247,843

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

NOTES

Accrual-basis financial information for the city government as a whole is available back to June 30, 2003, the year GASB 34 was implemented.

Amounts presented for fiscal years 2003 - 2005 have been restated for the effects of prior period adjustments recorded in fiscal year 2005.

Expenses in the Employee Deposit Fund decreased from FY 2004 to FY 2005 due to a reduction in employee health insurance claims.

The reduction in community development expenses from FY 2005 to FY 2006 is due to the completion of several projects in 2005.

The increase in taxes in fiscal year 2006 is due to the new SPLOST commencing April 2005.

The increase in parks and recreation expense from 2006 to 2007 and from 2007 to 2008 is due to a number of community projects undertaken by the City using SPLOST funding. Projects include the Civil Rights Museum, Riverfront Development and Thornateeska.

The decrease in the Public Employee Deposit Fund from 2008 to 2009 is due to the County no longer participating in the City's self insurance plan.

Effective July 1, 2012, the activities of the municipal auditorium are accounted for in the Civic Center Fund.

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	 Property Tax	 Sales Tax	 Hotel Motel Tax	 Franchise Tax	Insurance Premium Tax	Alcoholic Beverage Tax	 Other Taxes	 Total
2003	\$ 14,407,467	\$ 16,357,288	\$ 692,898	\$ 1,992,530	\$ 3,083,865	\$ 1,330,767	\$ 308,878	\$ 38,173,693
2004	14,404,199	16,541,996	769,770	2,070,851	3,320,225	1,371,654	277,905	38,756,600
2005	14,194,137	18,272,298	843,973	2,010,343	3,596,638	1,381,630	199,478	40,498,497
2006	14,581,340	27,509,223	895,252	1,808,258	3,865,223	1,390,224	205,704	50,255,224
2007	14,794,429	23,014,619	1,307,342	2,169,665	4,042,768	1,402,865	170,946	46,902,634
2008	14,776,748	23,380,560	1,378,411	2,184,755	4,218,975	1,457,124	172,642	47,569,215
2009	13,964,606	18,269,427	1,311,461	2,272,999	4,323,680	1,433,699	171,428	41,747,300
2010	15,324,267	8,932,040	1,271,433	2,290,921	4,279,238	1,434,095	126,622	33,658,616
2011	13,789,210	8,341,512	1,407,922	2,212,040	4,158,640	1,512,707	151,883	31,573,914
2012	13,932,138	8,874,041	1,445,522	2,318,244	3,645,630	1,421,037	202,666	31,839,278

NOTES

Accrual-basis financial information for the City government as a whole is available back to June 30, 2003, the year GASB 34 was implemented.

The increase in sales tax in fiscal year 2006 is due to the new SPLOST commencing April 2005.

The decrease in sales tax in fiscal year 2010 is due to the City accounting for its Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax as an intergovermental revenue.

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

						Fisca	al Ye	ar					
	2003	 2004	 2005	 2006		2007	_	2008	_	2009	 2010	2011	 2012
General Fund													
Reserved	\$ 341,529	\$ 2,114,167	\$ 1,336,545	\$ 354,352	\$	318,989	\$	395,504	\$	573,383	\$ 287,634	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved	11,633,185	12,459,929	16,311,481	21,337,958		23,946,604		22,117,285		18,627,452	22,402,480	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	2,963,309	752,155
Restricted	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Committed	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	703,259	724,897
Unassigned	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	20,112,553	20,869,545
Total General fund	\$ 11,974,714	\$ 14,574,096	\$ 17,648,026	\$ 21,692,310	\$	24,265,593	\$	22,512,789	\$	19,200,835	\$ 22,690,114	\$ 23,779,121	\$ 22,346,597
All Other Governmental Funds													
Reserved	\$ 309,413	\$ 1,821,456	\$ 1,649,736	\$ 659,967	\$	3,215,569	\$	2,081,497	\$	2,945,507	\$ 1,191,357	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, reported in:													
Special revenue funds	3,551,701	7,061,448	2,737,210	3,876,252		5,274,345		5,513,089		5,676,146	5,663,995	-	-
Capital projects funds	971,397	830,905	10,535,048	19,760,677		25,588,135		25,705,739		18,333,452	22,374,566	-	-
Nonspendable, reported in:													
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	443,898	1,765,798
Restricted, reported in:													
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	5,358,579	7,724,921
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	20,461,190	39,451,773
Debt service fund	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	6,814	-
Committed, reported in:													
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	182,129	75,241
Assigned, reported in:													
Capital projects funds	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	2,295,702	3,653,585
Unassigned, reported in:													
Special revenue funds	-	-	-	-		-		-		-	-	(134,125)	(58,726)
Capital projects funds			 _					_		-	 -		 -
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 4,832,511	\$ 9,713,809	\$ 14,921,994	\$ 24,296,896	\$	34,078,049	\$	33,300,325	\$	26,955,105	\$ 29,229,918	\$ 28,614,187	\$ 52,612,592
Total Governmental Funds	 16,807,225	 24,287,905	\$ 32,570,020	\$ 45,989,206	_	58,343,642	_				 51,920,032	\$ 52,393,308	 74,959,189

NOTES

Amounts presented for fiscal years 2003 and 2004 have been restated for the effects of prior period adjustments recorded in fiscal year 2005.

Due to other changes in the City's fund structure connected with the implementation of GASB 34, comparative fund balance information is not available prior to 2003.

Note: GASB 54 was implemented during fiscal year 2011.

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fisca	al Year				
	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Revenues:										
Taxes	\$ 38,173,693	\$ 38,756,600	\$ 40,498,497	\$ 50,255,224	\$ 46,608,379	\$ 47,271,610	\$ 41,461,664	\$ 33,346,229	\$ 31,573,914	\$ 31,839,278
Licenses and permits	2,401,566	2,364,806	2,456,898	2,318,314	2,320,724	2,434,916	2,258,362	2,171,589	2,235,513	2,191,504
Intergovernmental	14,304,083	25,019,912	20,749,032	18,482,905	16,299,223	16,756,831	20,123,322	36,333,283	37,074,560	40,104,059
Charges for services	2,626,567	2,400,419	2,927,843	2,074,804	2,146,007	2,324,102	2,233,114	2,966,563	2,922,091	2,713,766
Fines and forfeitures	1,486,248	1,425,568	1,143,169	917,565	776,268	901,009	1,025,445	1,191,454	1,170,763	1,203,831
Rental and other fees	105,422	308,479	394,162	415,623	339,325	297,605	-	-	-	-
Interest revenues	268,969	248,335	875,573	1,459,136	1,941,959	2,041,946	1,087,289	863,763	1,286,227	1,973,131
Other revenues	3,480,258	2,596,440	4,001,631	3,609,044	3,648,717	3,166,757	2,738,209	2,284,159	2,434,456	2,374,099
Total revenues	62,846,806	73,120,559	73,046,805	79,532,615	74,080,602	75,194,776	70,927,405	79,157,040	78,697,524	82,399,668
Expenditures:										
Current:										
General government	5,678,800	7,967,730	7,556,000	8,620,186	9,884,652	11,875,762	8,976,530	9,936,581	11,160,607	10,485,134
Judicial	620,677	551,910	523,917	690,775	855,330	907,934	986,359	1,056,504	1,007,860	1,100,137
Public safety	24,292,930	27,113,101	26,109,519	24,707,476	26,272,002	28,732,159	28,655,558	30,425,483	31,606,457	32,883,304
Public works	7,981,996	8,234,310	4,565,533	4,150,883	6,711,134	6,781,237	6,990,544	7,068,801	8,614,550	8,780,714
Parks and recreation Community	5,221,029	5,522,857	4,469,555	4,681,306	4,143,167	4,341,644	4,542,627	5,051,465	5,434,481	5,547,493
development	12,023,383	16.668.421	17.292.703	8.816.126	4.644.429	6.036.774	5.018.810	6.996.464	7.335.418	8,237,696
Community service	349,093	408,489	387,919	272,044	341,999	336,411	399,347	398,458	396,531	413,150
Nondepartmental	5,029,716	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Capital outlay	-	_	6,296,112	8,322,946	18,478,624	13,814,675	11,114,264	9,636,181	7,831,838	6,082,301
Debt service:										
Principal Interest and fiscal	2,055,618	2,458,334	1,395,000	3,145,000	1,430,000	1,450,000	6,000,000	6,205,000	6,433,750	905,409
charges	321,622	625,924	1,158,190	1,212,434	1,254,684	1,558,994	1,501,459	1,256,775	1,018,321	1,045,416
Total expenditures	63,574,864	69,551,076	69,754,448	64,619,176	74,016,021	75,835,590	74,185,498	78,031,712	80,839,813	75,480,754
Excess of revenues over										
(under) expenditures	(728,058)	3,569,483	3,292,357	14,913,439	64,581	(640,814)	(3,258,093)	1,125,328	(2,142,289)	6,918,914

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fisca	al Year				
_	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Other financing sources (uses)										
Transfers in \$		\$ 3,700,994	\$ 5,609,353	\$ 6,258,438	\$ 3,526,240	\$ 4,327,235	\$ 2,270,397	\$ 8,729,408	\$ 2,840,088	\$ 2,059,524
Transfers out	(6,304,179)	(6,267,196)	(7,482,454)	(8,444,077)	(5,711,311)	(6,870,406)	(5,154,301)	(6,348,501)	(3,328,467)	(4,707,660)
Capital leases	1,253,387	977,399	=	=	=	=	=	=	-	=
Issuance of debt	150,000	5,500,000	-	-	14,236,362	-	-	=	295,079	17,625,914
Sale of capital assets	-	-	-	691,386	455,206	653,457	206,758	546,340	698,447	669,189
Total other financing					·					
sources (uses)	3,290,556	3,911,197	(1,873,101)	(1,494,253)	12,506,497	(1,889,714)	(2,677,146)	2,927,247	505,147	15,646,967
Net change in fund balances \$	2,562,498	\$ 7,480,680	\$ 1,419,256	\$ 13,419,186	\$ 12,571,078	\$ (2,530,528)	\$ (5,935,239)	\$ 4,052,575	\$ (1,637,142)	\$ 22,565,881
_										
Debt service as a percentage of										
noncapital expenditures	3.74%	4.43%	4.03%	7.29%	4.29%	4.34%	11.18%	10.87%	10.47%	2.79%

NOTES

Amounts presented for fiscal years 2003 and 2004 have been restated for the effects of prior period adjustments recorded in fiscal year 2005.

Due to other changes in the City's fund structure connected with the implementation of GASB 34, comparative fund balance information is not available prior to 2003.

The increase in taxes in fiscal year 2006 is due to the new SPLOST commencing April 2005.

The increase in interest revenues in 2005 and 2006 is due to improved interest rates.

The nondepartmental category of expenditures was eliminated after fiscal year 2005 in accordance with the State Uniform Chart of Accounts.

The increase in debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures in 2009 is due to the City beginning payment on the 2007 Revenue Bonds.

The decrease in debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures in 2012 is due to final payment on the 2007 Revenue Bonds being paid in 2011.

GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Modified Accrual Basis of Accounting)

Fiscal Year	 Property Tax	 Sales Tax	 lotel Motel Tax	 Franchise Tax	 Insurance Premium Tax	Alcoholic Beverage Tax	 Other Taxes	 Total
2003	\$ 14,407,467	\$ 16,357,288	\$ 692,898	\$ 1,992,530	\$ 3,083,865	\$ 1,330,767	\$ 308,878	\$ 38,173,693
2004	14,404,199	16,541,996	739,770	2,070,851	3,320,225	1,371,654	277,905	38,726,600
2005	14,194,137	18,272,298	843,973	2,010,343	3,596,638	1,381,630	199,478	40,498,497
2006	14,581,340	27,509,223	895,252	1,808,258	3,865,223	1,390,224	205,704	50,255,224
2007	14,794,429	23,014,619	1,307,342	2,169,665	4,042,768	1,402,864	197,673	46,929,360
2008	14,776,748	23,380,560	1,378,411	2,184,755	4,218,975	1,457,124	172,642	47,569,215
2009	13,964,606	18,269,427	1,311,461	2,272,999	4,323,680	1,433,699	171,428	41,747,300
2010	15,324,267	8,619,653	1,271,433	2,290,921	4,279,238	1,434,095	126,622	33,346,229
2011	13,789,210	8,341,512	1,407,922	2,212,040	4,158,640	1,512,707	151,883	31,573,914
2012	13,932,138	8,874,041	1,445,522	2,318,244	3,645,630	1,421,037	202,666	31,839,278

NOTES

Due to other changes in the City's fund structure connected with the implementation of GASB 34, comparative general fund tax revenues are not available prior to 2003.

The increase in sales tax in fiscal year 2006 is due to the new SPLOST commencing April 2005.

The decrease in sales tax in fiscal year 2009 is due to the national downturn in the economy.

The decrease in sales tax in fiscal year 2010 is due to the City accounting for its Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax as an intergovernmental revenue.

ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	Real Pro	perty	Personal P	roperty		Tota	ıl	
		Estimated		Estimated	- -		Estimated	Total
Fiscal	Assessed	Actual	Assessed	Actual		Assessed	Actual	Direct
Year	 Value	Value	Value	Value	Exemptions	Value	Value	Tax Rate
2003	\$ 930,781	2,326,953	498,843	1,247,108	88,159	1,341,465	3,353,663	10.80
2004	936,278	2,340,695	462,177	1,155,443	73,933	1,324,522	3,311,305	10.80
2005	950,163	2,375,408	456,120	1,140,300	82,598	1,323,685	3,309,213	10.80
2006	961,837	2,404,593	467,731	1,169,327	85,940	1,343,628	3,359,070	10.80
2007	981,349	2,453,374	466,890	1,167,227	99,744	1,348,495	3,620,601	10.79
2008	1,225,531	3,063,828	478,728	1,196,820	103,518	1,600,741	4,001,853	10.78
2009	1,218,665	3,046,663	501,002	1,252,505	110,843	1,608,824	4,022,060	9.16
2010	1,179,054	2,987,528	503,796	1,327,833	102,145	1,580,705	4,063,003	9.16
2011	1,167,412	2,918,530	528,971	1,322,428	197,853	1,498,530	3,746,325	8.66
2012	1,197,135	2,992,838	396,685	991,713	106,590	1,487,230	3,718,075	8.66

SOURCE

Dougherty County Tax Department

NOTE

Property is assessed at 40 percent of actual value. Actual taxable value is calculated by dividing assessed value by 40 percent. Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

PROPERTY TAX RATES DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	City	of Albany Millag	де	Dough	erty County Mi	llage	Board (of Education Mi	illage	Other	
Fiscal	•	Debt	Total		Debt	Total		Debt	Total	(State of	
Year	Operating	Service	City	Operating	Service	County	Operating	Service	School	Georgia)	Total
2003	10.800	0.000	10.800	10.658	0.000	10.658	17.550	0.000	17.550	0.25	39.258
2004	10.800	0.000	10.800	10.658	0.000	10.658	19.000	0.000	19.000	0.25	40.708
2005	10.800	0.000	10.800	13.158	0.000	13.158	19.000	0.000	19.000	0.25	43.208
2006	10.790	0.000	10.790	13.158	0.000	13.158	19.000	0.000	19.000	0.25	43.198
2007	10.777	0.000	10.777	13.147	0.000	13.147	18.984	0.000	18.984	0.25	43.158
2008	9.159	0.000	9.159	11.897	0.000	11.897	18.450	0.000	18.450	0.25	39.756
2009	9.157	0.000	9.157	11.894	0.000	11.894	18.445	0.000	18.445	0.25	39.746
2010	9.157	0.000	9.157	11.894	0.000	11.894	18.445	0.000	18.445	0.25	39.746
2011	8.660	0.000	8.660	11.894	0.000	11.894	18.445	0.000	18.445	0.25	39.249
2012	8.660	0.000	8.660	11.894	0.000	11.894	18.445	0.000	18.445	0.25	39.249

SOURCE

Dougherty County Tax Department

NOTE

Tax rates are per \$1,000 of assessed value.

TAXABLE SALES TAX DISTRIBUTION BY CATEGORY LAST EIGHT CALENDAR YEARS (1) (2)

By Category	2004	 2005	2006	2007	2008	 2009 (3)	-	 2010	 2011
Food	\$ 3,148,127	\$ 3,463,700	\$ 3,802,908	\$ 3,923,148	\$ 3,677,474	\$ 1,351,385	(3)	\$ -	\$ -
Apparel	544,168	631,284	676,270	688,235	683,128	310,058	(3)	-	-
General	2,304,540	2,307,265	2,403,887	2,448,008	2,402,603	1,082,402	(3)	-	-
Automotive	2,898,682	2,811,281	2,916,549	3,030,301	3,377,416	974,961	(3)	-	-
Home	846,121	939,734	1,034,018	982,259	916,640	345,110	(3)	-	-
Lumber	1,193,728	1,226,793	1,264,403	1,237,612	1,078,029	317,181	(3)	-	-
Miscellaneous Service	829,754	842,618	924,728	930,366	1,006,135	375,623	(3)	-	-
Manufacturers	1,744,149	1,220,279	1,712,880	1,551,973	1,718,753	475,704	(3)	-	-
Utilities	1,311,603	1,339,453	1,517,393	1,480,452	1,594,512	555,468	(3)	-	-
Miscellaneous	1,676,383	1,800,816	1,864,146	1,997,795	1,619,727	452,693	(3)	-	-
Accommodations	-	-	-	-	-	151,098	(4)	183,530	178,114
Auto	-	-	-	-	-	947,706	(4)	1,532,920	1,532,213
Construction	-	-	-	-	-	56,446	(4)	90,776	84,097
Food/bars	-	-	-	-	-	1,789,221	(4)	2,814,970	2,704,550
General Merch	-	-	-	-	-	1,535,625	(4)	2,588,585	2,686,581
Home Furnishing	-	-	-	-	-	684,002	(4)	1,093,541	945,631
Manufacturing	-	-	-	-	-	255,361	(4)	1,396,801	1,515,298
Miscellaneous Service	-	-	-	-	-	615,245	(4)	1,140,412	1,188,675
Other Retail	-	-	-	-	-	1,161,684	(4)	2,238,762	2,478,609
Other Services	-	-	-	-	-	205,957	(4)	344,919	527,492
Utility	-	-	-	-	-	857,090	(4)	1,097,536	1,177,576
Wholesale	-	-	-	-	-	1,060,109	(4)	2,102,658	2,235,969
	\$ 16,497,255	\$ 16,583,223	\$ 18,117,182	\$ 18,270,149	\$ 18,074,417	\$ 15,560,129	-	\$ 16,625,410	\$ 17,254,805

Source: Georgia Department of Revenue, Local Government Services Division

Notes:

- (1) Only eight years of data are available
- (2) Information only available for Dougherty County
- (3) State changed the grouping of the categories. The (3) is related to Jan through May 2009 and (4) is for May through December 2009.

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		Fisc	al Year 201	2	Fisc	al Year 200)3
Taxpayer	Type of Business	 2011 Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation	 2002 Assessed Valuation	Rank	Percentage of Total Assessed Valuation
MillerCoors	Brewery	\$ 56,977,428	1	3.83 %	\$ 48,985,407	1	3.65 %
Palmyra Park Hospital/ HCA	Hospital	15,161,549	2	1.02	11,493,659	4	0.86
Albany Mall LLC	Mall developer	14,472,465	3	0.97	9,989,016	5	0.74
BellSouth Communications	Utility	14,110,932	4	0.95	19,436,616	2	1.45
M & M Mars - Div of Mars, Inc.	Confectioner	11,630,664	5	0.78	23,615,743	3	1.76
Alltell	Communications	7,454,877	6	0.50	-		-
Alliance PP2 FX 4 LTD	Apartments	6,993,560	7	0.47	-		-
Mediacom	Communications	6,413,503	8	0.43	-		-
Georgia Power Co	Utility	6,249,938	9	0.42	5,694,868	9	0.42
Lowes Home Center	Building Supplies	6,162,985	10	0.41	4,851,276	7	-
Coats and Clark	Textiles	-		-	5,218,929	6	0.39
Georgia Pacific Corporation	Manufacturer	-		-	5,336,665	8	0.40
Wal Mart / Sam's Club	Retailer	 -		-	 4,817,848	10	0.36
		\$ 145,627,901		9.79 %	\$ 139,440,027	_	10.03 %

SOURCE

Dougherty County Tax Department

2003 from City of Albany Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

	To	otal Tax	Collected V Fiscal Year o		Co	llections in	Total Collections to Date			
Fiscal		evy for		Percentage		osequent		Percentage		
Year	Fis	scal Year	Amount	of Levy		Years	Amount	of Levy		
2003	\$	12,750	11,616	91.11	\$	1,113	12,729	99.83 %		
2004		12,684	12,535	98.83		129	12,664	99.84		
2005		12,736	12,505	98.19		222	12,727	99.93		
2006		12,988	12,791	98.48		182	12,973	99.88		
2007		13,077	12,901	98.65		156	13,057	99.85		
2008		13,164	12,872	97.78		272	13,144	99.84		
2009		13,400	12,329	92.01		1,033	13,362	99.72		
2010		13,540	13,105	96.79		398	13,503	99.73		
2011		12,388	12,168	98.22		177	12,345	99.65		
2012		12,428	12,131	97.61		-	12,131	97.61		

SOURCE

Dougherty County Tax Department

RATIO OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Go	veri	nmental Activit	ies		 Bu	sines	ss-Type Activi	ties				
		General	(Certificates								Total	Percentage	
Fiscal	(Obligation		of		Notes	Revenue		Notes		Capital	Primary	of Personal	Per
Year		Bonds	F	Participation		Payable	 Bonds		Payable		Leases	 overnment	Income	 Capita
2003	\$	11,110,000	\$	10,000,000	\$	600,000	\$ 50,020,000	\$	1,038,517	\$	575,860	\$ 73,344,377	6.57%	\$ 962.50
2004		9,815,000		10,000,000		6,050,000	48,160,000		862,359		481,862	75,369,221	6.92%	988.41
2005		8,470,000		10,000,000		6,000,000	46,195,000		678,054		383,366	71,726,420	6.10%	945.04
2006		5,975,000		10,000,000		5,350,000	44,115,000		485,189		280,156	66,205,345	4.44%	878.81
2007		18,870,000		10,000,000		5,525,000	39,650,000		283,329		172,006	74,500,335	4.31%	988.15
2008		17,720,000		10,000,000		5,225,000	39,110,000		120,054		58,681	72,233,735	2.43%	952.64
2009		12,020,000		10,000,000		4,925,000	36,670,000		51,586		-	63,666,586	4.14%	839.59
2010		6,425,330		10,000,000		4,625,000	34,145,000		10,421		-	55,205,751	2.50%	730.08
2011		605,409		10,000,000		4,325,000	28,575,000		-		-	43,505,409	1.92%	561.84
2012		16,585,000		10,000,000		3,981,250	26,315,000		-		-	56,881,250	2.31%	732.22

NOTES

Financial information presented as Governmental Activities and Business-Type Activities for the city government as a whole is available back to June 30, 2003, the year GASB 34 was implemented.

Details regarding the City of Albany's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

The amounts shown for the certificates of participation and the capital leases have been restated for the years 2003 and 2004.

RATIO OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Av	s Amounts railable in bt Service Fund	 <u>Total</u>	Percentage of Estimated Actual Taxable Value of Property	Per	· Capita
2003	\$ 11,110,000	\$	58,116	\$ 11,051,884	0.33 %	\$	145
2004	9,815,000		69,253	9,745,747	0.29		128
2005	8,470,000		6,831	8,463,169	0.26		112
2006	5,975,000		6,851	5,968,149	0.18		79
2007	18,870,000		6,868	18,863,132	0.52		250
2008	17,720,000		6,782	17,713,218	0.44		234
2009	12,020,000		6,808	12,013,192	0.30		158
2010	6,425,330		6,811	6,418,519	0.16		85
2011	605,409		6,814	598,595	0.02		8
2012	16,585,000		-	16,585,000	0.45		213

NOTES

In fiscal year 2007, \$14,000,000 of SPLOST bonds were issued by ADICA.

Details regarding the City of Albany's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

See the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics for personal income and population data.

See the Schedule of Assessed Value and Estimated Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

In fiscal year 2012, the City issued \$13,145,000 of SPLOST bonds, and \$3,440,000 of revenue refunding bonds were issued by ADICA.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT JUNE 30, 2012

Jurisdiction	Net General Obligation Bond Debt Outstanding	Percentage Applicable to City of Albany	Amount Applicable to City of Albany
Direct, City of Albany	\$ 16,585,000	100 %	\$ 16,585,000
Overlapping, Dougherty County Board of Education	<u>+</u> \$ 16,585,000	- %	\$ 16,585,000

SOURCE

Dougherty County Board of Education information provided by the Dougherty County Board of Education.

NOTE

Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of Albany. This process recognizes that, when considering the City's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire debt burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government.

LEGAL DEBT MARGIN LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(Dollar Amounts Expressed in Thousands)

		2003		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011		2012
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN Debt limit	\$	142,962	\$	139.846	\$	140.628	¢	142,957	\$	144.824	\$	170,426	\$	171,967	\$	168,285	\$	169,638	\$	159,382
Total net debt applicable to limit	•	11.052	φ	9.746	φ	8,463	Ψ	5,968	φ	18.863	φ	17.713	φ	12,013	φ	6,418	Ψ	598	φ	16,585
Legal debt margin	\$	131,910	\$	130,100	\$	132,165	\$	136,989	\$	125,961	\$	152,713	\$	159,954	\$	161,867	\$	169,040	\$	142,797
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	_	7.73%	_	6.97%	_	6.02%	_	4.17%		13.02%		10.39%		6.99%		3.81%	_	0.35%		10.41%
LEGAL DEBT MARGIN CALCULATION																				
Assessed value	\$	1,341,465	\$	1,324,522	\$	1,323,685	\$	1,343,628	\$	1,348,495	\$	1,600,741	\$	1,608,824	\$	1,580,705	\$	1,498,530	\$	1,487,230
Add back exempt property		88,159		73,933		82,598		85,940		99,744		103,518		110,843		102,145		197,853		106,590
Total assessed value		1,429,624		1,398,455		1,406,283		1,429,568		1,448,239		1,704,259		1,719,667	_	1,682,850		1,696,383		1,593,820
Debt limit (10% of total assessed value)		142,962		139,846		140,628		142,957		144,824		170,426		171,967		168,285		169,638		159,382
Debt applicable to limit General obligation bonds Less amount set aside for		11,110		9,815		8,470		5,975		18,870		17,720		12,020		6,425		605		16,585
repayment of general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to		(58)		(69)		(7)		(7)		(7)		(7)		(7)		(7)		(7)		
limit		11,052	-	9,746		8,463		5,968		18,863		17,713		12,013		6,418		598		16,585
Legal debt margin	\$	131,910	\$	130,100	\$	132,165	\$	136,989	\$	125,961	\$	152,713	\$	159,954	\$	161,867	\$	169,040	\$	142,797

NOTES

Under State of Georgia law, the City of Albany's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value.

The legal debt margin is the difference between the debt limit and the City's net general obligation debt outstanding applicable to the limit, and represents the City's legal borrowing authority.

PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal	Sewer Charges	Less: Operating	,	Net Available		Debt Ser	vice	
Year	 and Other	Expenses	!	Revenue	F	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2003	\$ 11,510,470	6,253,648	\$	5,256,822	\$	1,420,000	1,575,161	1.76
2004	11,914,002	6,222,521		5,691,481		1,860,000	2,502,784	1.30
2005	12,681,971	6,255,038		6,426,933		1,965,000	2,417,461	1.47
2006	14,296,012	7,660,827		6,635,185		2,080,000	2,325,789	1.51
2007	14,953,008	7,484,658		7,468,350		2,170,000	2,449,322	1.62
2008	15,722,157	8,266,328		7,455,829		2,440,000	1,732,081	1.79
2009	15,247,206	9,116,960		6,130,246		2,525,000	1,632,087	1.47
2010	14,787,711	9,597,229		5,190,482		2,620,000	1,581,234	1.24
2011	15,633,183	8,428,403		7,204,780		2,260,000	1,296,950	2.03
2012	15,648,637	8,897,425		6,751,212		2,745,000	1,204,413	1.71

NOTES

Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Sewer Charges and Other includes investment earnings.

Operating expenses do not include depreciation and amortization.

DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Personal			Education		
		Income	Per		Level		
		(amounts	Capita		in Years		(%)
Fiscal		expressed	Personal	Median	of Formal	School	Unemployment
Year	Population (1)	in thousands)	Income	Age (1)	Schooling (1)	Enrollment (2)	Rate (3)
2003	76,202	1,116,283	14,649 (1)	31.1	12.5	16,710	5.6
2004	76,253	1,089,808	14,292 (1)	31.1	12.5	16,607	5.2
2005	75,898	1,175,281	15,485 (1)	31.1	12.5	16,844	6.2
2006	75,335	1,491,558	19,799 (1)	31.1	12.5	16,894	6.1
2007	75,394	1,728,030	22,920 (1)	31.1	12.5	16,668	4.5
2008	75,825	2,971,354	39,187 (1)	33.5	12.5	16,436	4.9
2009	75,831	1,538,156	20,284 (1)	33.1	12.5	16,222	7.5
2010	75,616	2,211,617	29,248 (1)	31.1	12.5	15,960	9.8
2011	77,434	2,261,073	29,200 (1)	31.4	12.0	15,628	10.8
2012	77,683	2,457,368	31,735 (1)	31.5	12.0	15,765	10.3

SOURCES

- (1) Bureau of Census, Bureau of Economic Analysis, and Georgia Power Company
- (2) Georgia Department of Education
- (3) Bureau of Labor Statistics/State of Georgia Department of Human Resources

PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		Fiscal Year 2	2012	F	iscal Year 2	003
Employer (1)	Employees (1)	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
USMC Logistic Base (Civilian)	4,900	1	8.35 %	2,313	3	4.15 %
Phoebe Putney Hospital	3,804	2	6.48	3,399	1	6.10
Dougherty County Board of Education	2,934	3	5.00	2,500	2	4.49
Proctor and Gamble	1,394	4	2.38	1,394	4	2.50
City of Albany	930	5	1.58	1,161	6	2.08
Dougherty County	669	6	1.14	707	7	1.27
Miller Brewing Company	650	7	1.11	642	8	1.15
Albany State University	550	8	0.94	530	10	0.95
Teleperformance USA (Formerly CallTech Communications)	474	9	0.81			-
Palmyra Medical Center	454	10	0.77	550	9	0.99
Cooper Tire & Rubber Company	<u>-</u> _			1,290	5	2.32
Totals	16,759		28.56 %	14,486	=	26.00 %
Average number of employees (2)	58,690			55,710		

SOURCE

- (1) Albany Chamber of Commerce
- (2) Bureau of Labor Statistics

2003 from City of Albany Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2003.

FULL TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
General government	177	171	170	170	174	140	145	147	152	154
Judicial	6	6	8	11	11	11	12	12	12	12
Public safety	467	464	461	394	404	435	466	466	484	470
Public works	164	165	165	41	41	42	42	36	45	45
Parks and recreation	60	60	60	57	57	57	60	63	63	63
Community development	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12
Sanitary sewer	58	58	59	68	68	68	68	68	59	61
Solid waste	48	49	52	51	49	49	49	49	49	49
Airport	18	17	17	14	14	17	17	17	17	17
		29		29			30			
Transit	29		29		29	29		30	30	30
Civic Center	16	16	16	15	16	16	17	17	17	17
Auditorium	1,056	1,048	1,050	<u>1</u> 863	875	876	918	917	940	930

Source: City of Albany Finance Department

OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Year End	ded June 30,				
Function	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Sanitary sewer Average daily treatment (thousands of										
gallons)	17,640	18,653	18,653	18,653	16,230	15,958	16,369	17,477	14,675	14,128
Airport										
Daily flights Enplaned	8	8	8	8	8	4	3	3	3	3
passengers Deplaned	35,920	35,461	39,954	39,954	37,109	40,835	35,128	33,164	35,218	35,770
passengers	35,094	34,044	38,156	38,156	35,829	39,226	34,499	32,668	33,805	34,617
Based aircraft	47	44	40	40	35	38	39	39	35	32
Police										
Citations issued	17,982	18,526	16,090	11,297	10,552	11,082	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
DUI Citations issued	269	193	139	96	228	153	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Warnings issued Crime Statistics: Aggravated	1,423	2,555	3,046	3,424	3,235	3,151	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Assault	233	250	252	284	341	389	573	465	459	476
Auto Theft	401	349	329	399	379	298	347	317	225	240
Murder	6	5	8	8	8	11	8	11	15	7
Rape	37	52	40	31	34	33	44	37	36	28
Robbery	261	217	216	242	205	207	247	230	168	205
Burglary	1,280	1,576	1,705	1,645	1,558	1,520	1,450	1,663	1,382	1,382
Theft	2,967	3,375	2,958	3,239	3,299	3,615	3,049	3,265	3,002	3,360
Fire										
Incident responses Public Safety Education	1,587	2,959	3,141	2,779	3,706	3,511	2,234	3,588	4,017	3,673
Events	65	73	52	81	61	103	1,264	172	228	205
Persons contacted	100,563	107,682	123,340	124,086	110,060	6,022	3,579	9,441	18,632	37,103

SOURCE

Various city departments.

NOTE: Operating indicators are not available for the general government function.

N/A - Information not available.

CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

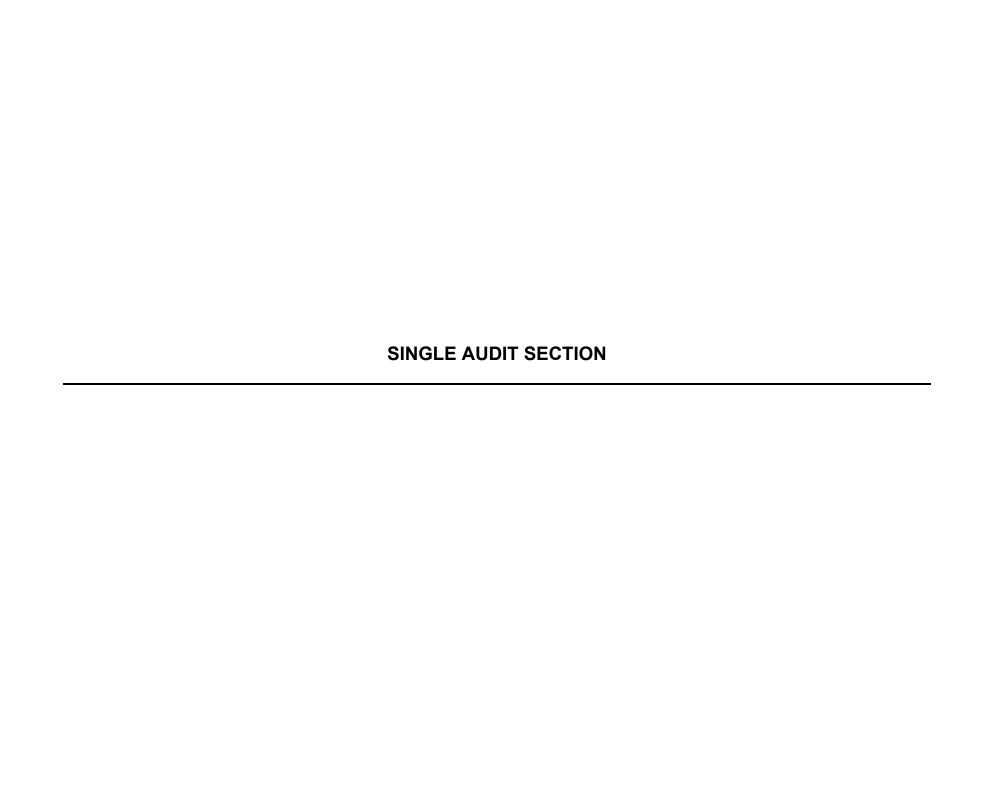
					Fiscal Year End	ded June 30,				
Function	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012
Public Safety										
Police										
Fleet size	186	186	170	170	170	170	170	171	171	171
Fire stations	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
Public Works										
Miles of streets	568	568	559	559	559	559	559	559	559	559
Number of street lights	8,503	8,503	8,503	10,420	11,247	11,247	11,247	11,247	11,247	11,279
Culture and Recreation										
Park acreage	1,104	1,104	1,104	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300	1,300
Parks	45	45	45	44	54	54	54	54	54	54
Golf course	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Swimming pools	2	2	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Tennis courts	17	17	17	20	22	22	22	22	22	22
Sewerage System										
Miles of sanitary sewer	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350	350
Miles of storm sewer Number of treatment	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400	400
plants	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

SOURCE

Various City departments

NOTE

Capital asset indicators are not available for the general government function.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Albany, Georgia

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Albany, Georgia as of and for the year ended June 30, 2012, which collectively comprise the City of Albany, Georgia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

Management of the City of Albany, Georgia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Albany, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Albany, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Albany, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses and therefore, there can be no assurance that all deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses have been identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, we identified a certain deficiency in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be a material weakness.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. We consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and guestioned costs as item 2012-1 to be a material weakness.

A significant deficiency is a deficiency or a combination of deficiencies in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Albany, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

We noted certain other matters that we reported to management of the City of Albany, Georgia in a separate letter dated December 20, 2012

The City of Albany, Georgia's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the City of Albany, Georgia's responses and accordingly, we express no opinion on the responses.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Mayor, members of the City Commission, management of the City and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jerkins , LLC

Macon, Georgia December 20, 2012



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Commission City of Albany, Georgia

Compliance

We have audited the City of Albany, Georgia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City of Albany, Georgia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012. The City of Albany, Georgia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the City of Albany, Georgia's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City of Albany, Georgia's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Governmental Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City of Albany, Georgia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City of Albany, Georgia's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City of Albany, Georgia complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2012.

Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the City of Albany, Georgia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City of Albany, Georgia's internal control over compliance with requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Albany, Georgia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Mayor, members of the City Commission, management of the City and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Mauldin & Jankins, LLC

Macon, Georgia December 20, 2012

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Direct Awards			
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants	20.500	T002181	\$ 261,488
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants	20.500	MTG00-0142-00-001	113,859
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants	20.500	MTG00-0148-00-002	70,483
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants	20.500	T002174	212,531
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants	20.500	T004141	305,959
Federal Transit Capital Investment Grants	20.500	T002902	504,459
Federal Transit Formula Grants	20.507	T002176	830,000
Federal Transit Cluster			2,298,779
ARRA - Capital Improvement Grant	20.207	T002610	1,172,891
Metropolitan Transportation Planning - DOT PL Funds	20.505	PL000-0010-00(255)	128,835
Planning Assistance Grant	20.515	GA-80-007-01	56,769
Child Safety and Child Booster Seat Incentive Grant	20.613	GA-2009-180-00818	1,705
Highway Research and Development Program - Albany Gateway Enhancement	20.200	CTSEE-0008-00(123)	372,800
Total U.S. Department of Transportation			4,031,779
Federal Aviation Administration			
Direct Awards			
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	P#3-13-0002-30-2009	13,173
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	P#3-13-0002-37-2010	1,727,075
Airport Improvement Program	20.106	P#3-13-0002-38-2011	176,247
Total Federal Aviation Administration			1,916,495
(Continued)			

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			
Direct Awards			
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-10-MC-13-0001	\$ 1,687,301
Community Development Block Grants/Entitlement Grants	14.218	B-11-MC-13-0001	496,894
			2,184,195
CDBG - State Administered Small Cities Program Cluster - Neighborhood Stabilization	14.228	08-NS-5072	36,427
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	M-05-MC-13-0205	22,800
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	M-06-MC-13-0205	246,422
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	M-07-MC-13-0205	516,181
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	M-08-MC-13-0205	426,065
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	M-09-MC-13-0205	15,886
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	M-11-MC-13-0205	88,389
			1,315,743
HUD - Housing Counseling Assistance Program	14.169	HC-120421-068	21,612
Passed through State of Georgia			
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	2011 11E EO 11C011	20,301
Supportive Housing Program	14.235	GA0054B4B011004	105,291
			125,592
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			3,683,569
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Direct Awards			
Child Nutrition Cluster - Summer School Food Service	10.559	S07-08002	42,492
Child Nutrition Cluster - Summer School Food Service	10.559	08002	103,570
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			146,062
(Continued)			

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Grantor's Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Justice			
Passed-Through State of Georgia			
Bullet Proof Vest Partnership Program - 2003	16.607	2003-BU-BX-6439	\$ 11,225
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant - 2008	16.738	2008-DJ-BX-0272	1,000
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant - 2009	16.738	2009DJ-BX-0281	18,061
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant - 2010	16.738	2010-DJ-BX-0768	5,750
Edward Byrne Memorial Justice Assistance Grant - 2011	16.738	2011-DJ-BX-3292	67,045
			91,856
ARRA - Public Safety Partnership and Community Policing Grants	16.710	2009-RK-WX-0277	414,602
Total U.S. Department of Justice			517,683
U.S. Department of Commerce			
Passed-Through State of Georgia			
Economic Development Cluster - Economic Adjustment Assistance	11.307	04-19-69032	1,551,164
Total U.S. Department of Commerce			1,551,164
Department of Energy			
Direct Awards			
Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons	81.042	DOER-WX-DOE-2011/12-30	21,143
ARRA - Weatherization Assistance for Low-Income Persons	81.042	DOER-ARRA-WX-DOE-2009/12-30	558,951
			580,094
ARRA - Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (EECBG)	81.128	DE-SC0002997	639,070
Total U.S. Department of Energy			1,219,164
(Continued)			

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Grantor's Number		Federal Expenditures	
Corporation for National and Community Service					
Passed-Through State of Georgia					
2011-2012 Americorps	94.006	06AFGA0010024	\$	104,818	
otal Corporation for National and Community Service				104,818	
epartment of Health and Human Services Direct Awards					
Low-income Home Energy Assistance - Weatherization	93.568	DOER-WX-HHS-2011/12-30		56,468	
otal U.S. Department of Health and Human Services				56,468	
epartment of Homeland Security					
Direct Awards					
Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	OEM10-049		28,820	
Homeland Security Cluster - EOD Bomb Dog Grant-2008	97.067	2008-GE-T8-0017		11,285	
Homeland Security Cluster - EOD Bomb Dog Grant-2009	97.067	2009-SS-T9-0047		1,617	
Homeland Security Cluster - EOD Hazmat Grant	97.067	2010-SS-T0-0034		46,036	
Homeland Security Cluster - Hazardous Mitigation Grant-2008	97.067	2008-GE-T8-0017		15,000	
Homeland Security Cluster - Hazardous Mitigation Grant-2010	97.067	2010-SS-T0-0034		5,958	
Homeland Security Cluster - Biometric Fingerprinting Grant	97.067	2010-SS-T0-0034		21,351	
				101,247	
otal U.S. Department of Homeland Security				130,067	
otal Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$	13,357,269	

See Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

NOTE 1. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the City of Albany, Georgia (the "City") and is presented on the accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of OMB Circular A-133, "Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations". Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the financial statements.

NOTE 2. SUBRECIPIENTS

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012, disbursements were made to sub-recipients of the following grant programs:

Program	CFDA	Amount
Community Development Block Grant	14.218	\$ 170,112
Neighborhood Stabilization Program	14.228	15,209
HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program	14.239	110,000
		\$ 295,321

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements	
Type of auditor's report issued	Unqualified
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weaknesses identified?	<u>X</u> yes no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses?	yes _X_ none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes _ <u>X</u> no
Federal Awards	
Internal Control over major programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	yes <u>X</u> no
Significant deficiencies identified not considered	
to be material weaknesses?	yes _X_ none reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unqualified

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS (Continued)

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to	
be reported in accordance with OMB Circular	
A-133, Section 510(a)?	yesX_ no
Identification of major program:	
CFDA Number	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
20.106	Airport Improvement Program
20.207	ARRA Capital Improvement Grant
14.239	HUD-Home Partnership Investment Title II Program
81.042	ARRA/Weatherization
81.128	ARRA EECBG
16.710	ARRA Public Safety Partnership - COPS Hiring Grant
11.307	Economic Adjustment Assistance
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between	
Type A and Type B programs:	\$400,718
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	yesX_no

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

2012 - 1. Management of Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require reporting of all current liabilities whose liquidation is expected to require the use of current assets when the goods have been received or services have been performed.

Condition: The City did not properly address the above criteria as of June 30, 2012 as it relates to accounts payable within the General and Airport Funds, and retainage payable in the Sanitary Sewer Fund.

Context: We addressed this matter with City officials and they were able to determine the amount of accounts payable and accrued expenses that should be recorded in these funds as of June 30, 2012.

Effect: An adjustment to decrease accounts payable in the amount of \$10,639 and decrease expenditures in the same amount was required to be recorded in the General Fund. An adjustment to increase accounts payable in the amount of \$689,213 and increase expenditures in the same amount was required to be recorded in the Airport Fund. An adjustment to increase construction in progress by \$74,047, increase retainage payable by \$12,327, and decrease expenditures in the amount of \$61,720 was required to be recorded in the Sanitary Sewer fund.

Cause: Accounts payable procedures did not capture all unpaid invoices for inclusion as a liability at year end.

Recommendation: We recommend the City strengthen procedures to ensure all accounts payable are recorded at year end.

Views of Responsible Officials and Planned Corrective Action: We concur. We will strengthen procedures to ensure all accounts payable are recorded at year end.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

SECTION III FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

None reported.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

2011 - 1. Management of Accounts Receivable Accounts

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require revenues to be recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period. As a part of these processes, the City should review all revenue transactions to determine reporting in the proper period.

Condition: The City did not properly adjust accounts receivable in the Nonmajor Funds, as of June 30, 2010.

Status: This finding was corrected during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

2011 - 2. Cash Management: Inadequate Controls over Cash Draws of Federal Awards

Federal Program Information: CFDA No. 81.128

Recovery Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (EECBG)

U.S. Department of Energy

Criteria: The Department of Energy requires that state recipients enter into agreements that prescribe specific methods of drawing down Federal funds (funding techniques for selected large programs. The A-102 Common Rule and OMB Circular A-110 (2 CFR part 215) require that non-Federal entities receiving Federal awards (i.e., auditee management) establish and maintain internal control designed to reasonably ensure compliance with Federal laws, regulations, and program compliance requirements. The client's internal controls for cash management of this program include approval required by the City Manager on all drawdown requests prior to submission.

Condition: For the year ended June 30, 2011, there was no evidence of City Manager approval on drawdown requests prior to submission.

Status: This finding was corrected during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

2011 - 3. Reporting: Inadequate Controls Over Financial Reporting

Federal Program Information: CFDA No. 81.128

Recovery Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (EECBG)

U.S. Department of Energy

Criteria: The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement, Part 1, Page 1-6, states: "As a condition of receiving Federal awards, non-Federal entities agree to comply with laws, regulations, and the provisions of contract and grant agreements, and to maintain internal control to provide reasonable assurance of compliance with these requirements."

Condition: For the year ended June 30, 2011, there was no evidence of review or approval of quarterly financial reports submitted to the Department of Energy.

Status: This finding was corrected during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

2011 - 4. Reporting: Financial Reports not Reconciled to Accounting Records

Federal Program Information: CFDA No. 81.128

Recovery Energy Efficiency and Conservation Block Grant Program (EECBG)

U.S. Department of Energy

Criteria: Per the OMB A-133 Compliance Supplement, this award is subject to quarterly performance reporting. Each recipient must report program outlays and program income on a cash or accrual basis, as prescribed by the Federal awarding agency. Recipients may be required to submit performance reports at least annually but not more frequently than quarterly. Federal regulations require that the reported information is accurate and reconciled.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2012

2011 - 4. Reporting: Financial Reports not Reconciled to Accounting Records (Continued)

Condition: For the year ended June 30, 2011, the quarterly information reported to the Department of Energy did not agree to the general ledger, the drawdown requests, or both. In addition, it was identified that these reports are not being reviewed or approved prior to submission, noted as above as Internal Control finding 2011-3, therefore they are not in compliance with Federal requirements to provide complete and accurate financial reports.

Status: This finding was corrected during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

